

ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED  
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

Atlas Estates Limited  
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# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Introduction

Atlas Estates Limited ("Atlas" or the "Company") is a Guernsey incorporated closed-ended investment company investing in real estate in Central and Eastern European countries ("CEE"). Atlas shares were admitted to trading on the Alternative Investment Market, a market operated by the London Stock Exchange plc ("AIM") on 1 March 2006 and on 12 February 2008 the Company was admitted to the Warsaw Stock Exchange (WSE).

The Company and its subsidiary undertakings (the "Group") invest in real estate assets in CEE excluding the former USSR. The Group currently operates in the Polish, Hungarian, Romanian and Bulgarian real estate markets investing in yielding assets and development projects.

The Company's assets are managed by Atlas Management Company Limited ("AMC"), a company whose sole purpose is to manage the Company property portfolio. AMC provides the Company with a management team with vast experience and knowledge of real estate investment and development. In particular AMC can demonstrate a good track record of investment, development and management of property in CEE markets.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Financial Highlights

| Selected Consolidated Financial Items                              | Year ended<br>31 December 2009<br>€'000 | Year ended<br>31 December 2008<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Revenues                                                           | 47,279                                  | 51,875                                  |
| Gross profit                                                       | 15,549                                  | 16,591                                  |
| Decrease in value of investment properties                         | (35,558)                                | (4,495)                                 |
| Loss from operations                                               | (47,132)                                | (3,902)                                 |
| Loss before tax                                                    | (57,023)                                | (40,850)                                |
| Loss for the year                                                  | (49,218)                                | (39,697)                                |
| Loss attributable to equity shareholders                           | (48,677)                                | (39,694)                                |
| Net cash outflow from operating activities                         | (10,424)                                | (29,140)                                |
| Cash flow from investing activities                                | 339                                     | (2,099)                                 |
| Cash flow from financing activities                                | 12,212                                  | 18,823                                  |
| Net decrease in cash                                               | (2,237)                                 | (19,573)                                |
| Non-current assets                                                 | 280,558                                 | 337,053                                 |
| Current assets                                                     | 182,742                                 | 178,981                                 |
| Total assets                                                       | 463,300                                 | 516,034                                 |
| Current liabilities                                                | (231,386)                               | (149,560)                               |
| Non-current liabilities                                            | (118,016)                               | (192,635)                               |
| Total liabilities                                                  | (349,402)                               | (342,195)                               |
| Net assets                                                         | 113,898                                 | 173,839                                 |
| Shareholders' equity attributable to equity holders of the Company | 113,166                                 | 172,566                                 |
| Number of shares outstanding                                       | 46,852,014                              | 46,852,014                              |
| Loss per share basic (eurocents)                                   | (103.9)                                 | (86.6)                                  |
| Basic net asset value per share (€)                                | 2.42                                    | 3.68                                    |
| Adjusted net asset value (€'000) (1)                               | 138,360                                 | 206,981                                 |
| Adjusted net asset value per share (€)                             | 2.95                                    | 4.42                                    |

(1) "Adjusted net asset value" includes valuation gains net of deferred tax on development properties held in inventory and land held under operating leases, but not recognised at fair value in the balance sheet.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Chairman's Statement

Dear shareholders,

I am pleased to announce the consolidated financial results for Atlas Estates Limited and its subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 31 December 2009. Against a backdrop of very challenging conditions in the global markets, the Company has been able to achieve a number of key objectives.

It has been a difficult business environment for the CEE region in 2009, as a direct consequence of the global economic and banking crisis. The majority of the economies in the region have been in recession and are reporting decreases in gross domestic product ("GDP"). As a result there have been large reductions in asset valuations and instability in CEE currencies. In this environment the objectives of the Company remain to retain cash for investment, realise value from disposals, control costs and ensure projects are completed on time and within budgets.

The Company's portfolio is predominantly located in Poland with 75% of gross assets. The Polish economy has been widely reported as the top performer in Europe, achieving 1.5% growth in GDP and improved market conditions in the second half of 2009. The Company has achieved key milestones by focusing on its Warsaw properties, where the Group has completed the construction of the Platinum Towers residential development and received the permit to hand over apartments. It has also completed construction of the second stage of the Capital Art Apartments development with the first stage having been completed in 2008. In the second half of 2009 we have seen more stability in market conditions in Warsaw.

A key area of focus for the implementation of the Company's strategy has been obtaining appropriate extensions and modifications of bank facilities and restructuring of debt facilities. The deterioration in the global credit markets has resulted in curtailed banking liquidity, which has led to reduced lending and few property transactions in the CEE region. In 2009 in this difficult environment the Company has completed the construction of the Platinum Towers and the Capital Art Apartments stage 2 developments having worked closely with two lenders to access the finance.

## Reported Results

The Group has reported a large fall in adjusted net asset value of 33% from €206 million at 31 December 2008 to €138 million at 31 December 2009 and a fall in basic net asset value of 34% from €174 million to €114 million. The fall in adjusted and basic net asset value principally arises from the following material capital movements:

- €35.6 million fall in valuation of investment properties in 2009 as per the external valuations of King Sturge. These decreases in property valuation have arisen across all the markets in which the Company holds investment properties and reflects increasing yields, falling rentals and lower occupancy rates as well as the underlying weakness in each economy.
- €10.8 million fall in valuation of property, plant and equipment in 2009 as per the external valuations of King Sturge. These decreases in property valuation for the hotels of the Group reflect the underlying weakness and uncertainty for the hospitality market in the CEE region as reflected in increasing yields as applied in the valuations.
- €9.9 million for impairment of inventory in 2009 where the cost of inventory is higher than the valuations of King Sturge. These impairments reflect falling development lands and uncertainties in the economies in the CEE region.
- €1.6 million for the loss on sale of joint venture interests in Eastfield Atlas, Slovakia and €5.9 million for the write down of assets held for sale to the net realisable value in Circle Slovakia.

At the operating level the Group has reported an increase in gross profit less administrative expenses at €5.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2009 as compared to €1.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2008. This has arisen principally from a reduction in property manager fees, administrative expenses and property related expenses.

## Financing, Liquidity and Forecasts

The Group has been in discussions with its banks and has refinanced or extended loans on several of its properties. Negotiations are difficult, due to the problems facing international banks and falling asset values. The Group continues to negotiate with lenders in respect of others.

The Group has reported a loss before taxation for the year ended 31 December 2009 and a reduction in net asset value as at 31 December 2009. The Directors consider that although prospects are generally improving, there are challenges in the markets in which the Group operates due to reduced access to bank financing and economic uncertainty. The completion of the sale of the Group's interests in Slovakia, described in more detail below, will significantly improve the

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Group's overall cash position and reduce its borrowings and overheads. The Group has also recently received a loan in Hungary which will provide working capital for operations and the development of the portfolio.

The Group's forecasts and projections have been prepared taking into account the economic environment and its challenges and mitigating factors. These forecasts take into account reasonable assumptions as to possible changes in trading performance, potential sales of properties and the future financing of the Group.

While there will always remain some inherent uncertainty within the aforementioned cash flow forecasts, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, as set out in accounting policies to the consolidated financial statements.

### Investing Policy

The Company actively invests in a portfolio of real estate assets across a range of property types throughout CEE.

The Company targets countries within the CEE which possess attractive investment fundamentals including political and economic stability, strong GDP growth and low inflation. The Company may also make investments in countries which attract increasing foreign direct investment from being part of, or from being expected to join, the EU. The Company shall not invest in states of the former USSR.

The Company makes investments both on its own and, where appropriate, with joint venture partners in residential, industrial, retail, office and leisure properties in order to create an appropriately balanced portfolio of income-generating properties and development projects. There are no set restrictions on either sector or geographical spread of investments within the Company's stated investment region.

The Company may employ leverage to enhance returns on equity although the extent of such leverage will vary on a property by property basis. Wherever possible, the Directors intend to seek financing on non-recourse, asset by asset basis. The Company has no set limit on its overall level of gearing, however it is anticipated that the Company will employ a gearing ratio of up to 75% of the total value of its interest in income-generating properties within its property portfolio.

The Company seeks to provide Shareholders with an attractive overall return through a combination of income and long term appreciation of the Company's assets.

The Board recognises that the current state of the credit markets and general downturn in the CEE economies in which the Company invests have had a negative effect on the overall value of the Group's portfolio, causing a decline in the Company's net asset value per share. In order for the Company to achieve its long term investing policy, the Board's short term investment strategy for 2009 and 2010 is cash focused with new development activity in relation to parts of its portfolio being selectively deferred but with current active projects displaying good sales being progressed on time and on budget and being brought to a conclusion to achieve intended returns. No dividends are expected to be paid in the short term.

### Disposal of interests in Slovakia and new loan in Hungary

Atlas announced on 3 November 2009 that it had signed an agreement for the sale of its entire investment interests throughout Slovakia (the "Slovakia Portfolio"), comprising 3 sites: one in Bratislava and two in Kosice, which were held in a joint venture in which Atlas had a 50 per cent interest. The Group is expected to realise €8 million in net proceeds from the sale of the Slovakia Portfolio. The combined impact of ceasing to consolidate its share of debt in the joint venture and the receipt of the cash consideration will reduce the Group's overall debt by some €20.5 million pending any reinvestment of the cash proceeds. The Board intends to utilise the net proceeds to fund the development of the Group's remaining assets, with particular focus on the assets located in Warsaw, Poland, where the Group has a strong presence and is likely to realise value from development activity within the next two to three years. This contrasts with the projects in Slovakia, which would have required the investment of large amounts of capital with returns arising in the long term.

The completion of the disposal of Atlas interests in Slovakia was to be in two stages. The first stage was completed in November 2009 and proceeds of €853,000 were received. The second stage was due for completion within 70 days of the signing of the contract, when a further €7,147,000 was due to be received. On 18 January the Company announced that due to delays by the purchaser in obtaining a relevant consent from the loan provider to the joint venture, the completion of the sale of investments in Slovakia did not take place by the due date. The parties to the contract still wish

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to proceed with the sale and purchase of the remainder of the portfolio and negotiations are taking place with a view to completing this transaction as soon as practicable.

On 25 January 2010 the Company announced that its Hungarian subsidiary Cap East Kft, which owns the Metropol office building in Budapest, had signed a credit facility for €3.1 million with FHB Kereskedelmi Bank Zft. This loan will be utilised as working capital for operations and to fund the development of its portfolio. This new loan is a significant achievement in very tight credit conditions. It will provide increased liquidity and will enable the business to increase investment in projects, which are realising value.

### **Amendment agreements with Erste Bank to the facility agreements for Millennium, Ligetvaros, Solaris and Voluntari**

As described in detail in the Review of the Property Manager, on 24 February 2010 the Group companies Atlas Estates (Millennium) Sp. z. o.o, Ligetvaros Kft, Atlas Solaris SRL and World Real Estate SRL signed an amendment agreement with Erste Bank. This agreement created a cross collateralisation arrangement between these four companies with respect to the loans provided by Erste Bank. In return for this cross collateralisation the bank agreed to waive any claims for any breaches of covenants which were in existence. A new covenant of interest service coverage has been included, with a priority of payments list, reduced margins on each loan and extension of maturity dates for the two Romanian land loans to 31 December 2012. This agreement provides the Group with major improvements in the loan terms on each of these four assets and overcomes breaches of covenants on three of the loans. As a result of this, loans of €88 million will be reclassified in future reporting periods from current liabilities due within one year to non-current liabilities due in after one year.

### **Net Asset Value (“NAV”) and Adjusted Net Asset Value (“Adjusted NAV”)**

In the twelve months to 31 December 2009, NAV per share, as reported in the consolidated financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), has decreased by 34% to €2.42 per share from €3.68 per share at 31 December 2008. The adjusted NAV per share, which includes valuation gains, net of deferred tax on development properties held in inventory and land held under operating lease, but not recognised at fair value in the balance sheet, has decreased by 33% to €2.95 per share from €4.42 per share at 31 December 2008.

An independent valuation of the entire property portfolio is carried out on a semi-annual basis. At 31 December 2009 this has been undertaken by King Sturge acting as independent experts. This assessed the total movement in value during the financial year and is included in the basis for the Property Manager’s performance assessment and fee calculations.

The change in value of the development land holdings over their book cost reflects the latent value within the project, which is over and above the book cost. These land holdings are valued on a residual value and comparative basis. Profit is taken upon completion of the project and when the risks and rewards of ownership of an apartment or property are transferred to the client.

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A key indicator of performance is the net asset value of the Group. The following table sets out the impact on NAV per share of the revaluation of land assets that cannot be reflected in the reported balance sheet due to accounting standards.

|                                                                                                              | Book cost to<br>Group as<br>shown in the<br>Balance Sheet<br>€'000 | Independent<br>Value at<br>31 December<br>2009<br>€'000 | Movement<br>In value<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Development land assets and land held under operating lease included in total assets at cost to the Group    | 151,059                                                            | 182,489                                                 | 31,430                        |
| Attributable to minority interest partners                                                                   | (1,873)                                                            | (2,190)                                                 | (317)                         |
| <b>Company share of increase in valuation of development land and land held under operating lease</b>        | <b>149,186</b>                                                     | <b>180,299</b>                                          | <b>31,113</b>                 |
| Deferred tax on increase in valuation of development land and land held under operating lease at local rates |                                                                    |                                                         | (5,919)                       |
| Basic net asset value per balance sheet attributable to equity holders of the Company                        |                                                                    |                                                         | 113,166                       |
| <b>Adjusted net asset value</b>                                                                              |                                                                    |                                                         | <b>138,360</b>                |
| Number of ordinary shares in issue at 31 December 2009                                                       |                                                                    |                                                         | 46,852,014                    |
| <b>Adjusted net asset value per share as at 31 December 2009</b>                                             |                                                                    |                                                         | <b>2.95</b>                   |
| Adjusted net asset value per share as at 31 December 2008                                                    |                                                                    |                                                         | 4.42                          |
| Net asset value per share at IPO (after costs)                                                               |                                                                    |                                                         | 4.73                          |

Further analysis of the Company's NAV is contained in the Property Manager's review below.

### Central and Eastern Europe

In many of the markets throughout the CEE region, GDP levels have been in decline. Poland has been one of the most resilient economies in Europe with reported growth in GDP of 1.5%. Romania received €20 billion of IMF financial support and has reported a fall in GDP of 7%. Hungary has also received €15 billion of IMF financial support and reported a fall in GDP of 4% in 2009. The Slovakian economy declined by 5% in terms of GDP in 2009. These weak economic conditions have arisen with a slump in foreign investment and bank finance to the region. As a result, investment and development activity in the real estate market has been in decline.

In the longer term the Company remains committed to its strategy of investment in this region, as we believe that the markets will continue to offer growth rates ahead of those to be offered in the more developed markets in Western Europe. The Company has benefited in previous years from the growth in these markets. It is now experiencing a reversal, but, as the Company operates in a cyclical business, the Directors are taking a longer term strategic view in managing the portfolio. This will allow the Company to benefit from the next positive stage in the property and economic cycle.

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## Risks and uncertainties

The Board and the Property Manager continually assess and monitor the key risks of the business. The principal risks and uncertainties that could have a material impact on the Group's performance are summarised in the Property Manager's Report on pages 20 and 21 below.

## Changes in Nominated Adviser, Non-executive Director and Administrator and Company Secretary

On 17 March 2009 the Company announced that it had appointed Fairfax I.S. PLC as the Company's Nominated Adviser (NOMAD) and Broker. On 29 May 2009 the Company announced the resignation of Dr Helmut Tomanec from the Board of Directors. Dr Tomanec made a great contribution to the Company as a valued Non-executive Director and the Board wish to thank him for his efforts. On 26 November 2009 the Company announced that it had appointed Intertrust Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited as the Company's new Administrator and Company Secretary.

## Prospects

As reported previously, the global economic crisis has had a very significant impact on the economies and prospects in the CEE region. Many economies in the region are experiencing a decline in GDP, as access to funding has become restricted and investment has been put on hold.

There have been improvements in sales demand in recent months in Warsaw, as Poland confirms its position as the most resilient market in Europe. For 2010 and beyond there have been forecasts of stabilisation and recovery for certain markets in the CEE region. The timing and extent of recovery is uncertain and depends upon how the financial crisis in the global markets resolves itself. Therefore the directors and management of Atlas continue to adopt a prudent and measured approach to investment.

Atlas has achieved significant progress with developments in Warsaw and is realising value from cash in-flows as apartments are sold. Bank refinancing and cash proceeds due from the sale of assets will provide the Group with the liquidity to develop further projects. The potential remains for the economies of the CEE region to revert in time to achieve growth rates outperforming those of most Western economies.

**Quentin Spicer**  
**CHAIRMAN**  
**15 March 2010**

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## Review of the Property Manager

In this review we present the financial and operating results for the twelve months ended 31 December 2009. Atlas Management Company Limited ("AMC") is the Property Manager appointed by the Company to oversee the operation and management of Atlas' portfolio and advise on new investment opportunities. At 31 December 2009, the Company held a portfolio of 21 properties comprising 10 investment properties of which eight are income yielding properties and two are held for capital appreciation, two hotels and nine development properties.

As highlighted in the Chairman's Statement on page 6 Atlas signed an agreement for the sale of its entire investment interests throughout Slovakia (the "Slovakia Portfolio"), comprising three sites in Bratislava and Kosice. This will reduce the portfolio of assets by three properties going forward and will end the Company's interests in Slovakia. The Company has disposed of the two properties in Kosice, but awaits bank consent to complete the disposal of its property in Bratislava.

## Markets and Key Properties

### Poland

This is the major market of operation for the Group, with 75% of the portfolio. The Polish economy has proven to be the most resilient in the CEE region with positive GDP growth of 1.5% for 2009. The Polish currency weakened substantially in the first half of 2009 in response to the economic uncertainty in the CEE region and recovered in the second half of the year. The forecasts for 2010 and 2011 are relatively positive in comparison to other markets. It is seen by many commentators as the growth market in Europe. Its capital, Warsaw, is forecast to be the key driver of growth due to its high employment levels and need for labour. The Group's major operations are in Warsaw with over half of the assets of the Group.

### Hilton Hotel, Warsaw

The Hilton Hotel in the Wola district of Warsaw is the Group's most prestigious asset. The CEE region and the hotel market across Europe have been adversely impacted by the global economic downturn. Despite this difficult market occupancy rates for 2009 were at 64% compared to 65% in 2008. Hilton management have been able to overcome the decline in the market through competitive pricing and developing a customer base beyond the business sector in the local Polish market. Management have undertaken measures to mitigate the threats of the market and potential lower occupancy rates, through tight cost controls, overhead and headcount reductions. As a result operating margins have increased in the hotel operation to 33% in 2009 compared to 30% in 2008.

The Company also lets areas of the property to Holmes Place health club, Olympic, the casino operator, and a number of smaller retailers. There have been no significant changes to report in these leases.

### Platinum Towers

The Platinum Towers development, located adjacent to the Hilton, was completed in the third quarter in line with budget and according to schedule. A permit to commence the hand over of apartments was obtained and this process has started. There has been sales recognition in quarter 4 2009 for 26 apartments, with the majority of sales to be recognised in 2010. The completion of this development in the most adverse market and credit conditions is a significant achievement for the Group. In Warsaw many developers have had to put developments on hold due to restricted finance. The twin tower development provides 396 apartments and a retail and piazza area on the ground and first floors. This development alongside the Hilton Hotel will provide a unique development in Warsaw. It is planned to build an office tower in the future, which will enhance the attractiveness of this site.

Pre-sales of 31 apartments were concluded in 2009. In total, pre-completion apartment sales are at 358 (apartments sold subject to completion). This development has been successfully completed with the support of Raiffeisen Bank and close cooperation between AMC management and the general contractor.

### Capital Art Apartments

The Capital Art Apartments development in Warsaw is a significant development in the Wola district of Warsaw close to the city centre. It is a three stage development which will release 739 apartments with parking and amenities, including retail facilities. This project is being developed in three stages. Construction of the first stage was completed in the fourth quarter of 2008. The construction of the second stage was completed in 2009, meeting budgeted timelines and cost.

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For stage 1 the sale of 99 apartments were recognised as income for the first time in 2008. In 2009, a further 107 sales of apartments have been recognised as income. Revenue recognised in 2009 was €12.4 million and for the fourth quarter of 2008 was €13.0 million. The Company has sold to date 218 out of 219 apartments in stage 1.

For stage 2 apartment pre sales have reached 202 out of 300 apartments available. The majority of apartments will be recognised as revenue on completion in 2010. Stage 3 construction is planned to commence at the end of 2010.

### **Millennium Plaza**

The Company owns this retail and office complex situated in Warsaw city centre, a landmark tower with 28 floors. Trading conditions have been difficult in 2009, with the loss of tenants and falling rents as the retail and office markets have been under pressure. Occupancy levels have been maintained at 63% with replacement tenants offsetting leavers from the building. In second half of 2009 and in early 2010 the Company has secured new tenants for both the retail and office areas, which will increase occupancy levels.

### **Other properties in Poland**

The Group's portfolio also contains valuable land assets in Warsaw, for which it has acquired or is in the process of acquiring zoning and permits for further development. There are two properties in Warsaw known as Zielono and Cybernetyki, which the Company would like to develop, subject to access to appropriate finance. Both properties have the zoning and permits. The land on the Wola site alongside the Hilton and the Platinum Towers office development has received approvals to extend the proposed office building to 40 floors. This is a significant milestone in the development options for this site.

The Group has two properties in Gdansk. The Sadowa office building has had no significant changes in occupancy and remains close to fully let. The Kokoszki land has had no significant development this year.

### **Hungary**

In Hungary, the Group portfolio comprises seven properties, all of which are located in Budapest. Five are income producing assets, including the Ikarus Business Park. It is anticipated that some of these properties may be redeveloped in the future. GDP for the Hungarian economy is reported as having declined by 4% in 2009 and it has suffered adversely from the global credit crisis and lack of liquidity available for development projects. As a result, Atlas has stopped development activity and, on its income yielding assets, has experienced client losses and pricing pressures.

The weak economy has adversely affected rentals at the Ikarus Business Park with a loss of tenants and downward pressure on rental levels. These clients have included suppliers to the automotive industry. The Group continues to actively market the vacant space in its properties in difficult market conditions. Cost control measures have been undertaken. The Atrium Homes development property is a two-stage development. The construction of stage 1 has been delayed due to current economic conditions. There have been no other significant changes in the other properties, with tenancy levels being maintained in line with prior year levels.

### **Romania**

The Group's portfolio contains three properties in Romania, including the Golden Tulip Hotel and two significant land banks. The Romanian economy has declined this year by 7% and IMF funding has been provided to support it. Forecasters are uncertain if IMF financing conditions will be met. As a result, property values have taken a dramatic fall in 2009. In difficult trading conditions, occupancy rates at the Golden Tulip have fallen to 57% in 2009 compared to 64% in 2008. The Group has undertaken cost control measures to mitigate the current loss of business at the hotel operation.

### **Bulgaria**

The Group holds one rental property in Sofia. This office building has had no significant changes in tenancies during the period. GDP has declined by 6% in 2009 and expectations are that the downturn will continue and that IMF funding support will be required.

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## Financial Review

### Portfolio valuation and valuation methods

An independent valuation of the entire property portfolio is carried out on a semi-annual basis by independent valuation experts. Independent valuations may also be performed when a new property is acquired. The most recent valuation was performed at 31 December 2009 by independent real estate advisors, King Sturge.

The properties in Slovakia were independently valued at 30 June 2009 by Colliers International. These valuations were used to determine the provision for the loss on disposal and the asset held for sale. No independent valuation was undertaken at 31 December 2009 on the Slovakian properties as a disposal price was agreed with a third party purchaser, which was used in the accounting for the asset held for sale to write the value down to net realisable value.

The gross market value of the property assets within the Company's portfolio, including valuation gains on development properties held in inventory and land held under lease but not recognised at fair value in the balance sheet, and including minority interest, was €473 million as at 31 December 2009. This compares to the valuation at 31 December 2008 of €558 million.

### Loans

As at 31 December 2009, the Company's share of bank debt associated with the portfolio of the Group was €260 million (31 December 2008: €248 million). Loans and valuations may be analysed as follows for those periods in which valuations were undertaken:

|                                           | <b>Loans<br/>2009</b> | <b>Valuation<br/>2009</b> | <b>Loan to<br/>Value<br/>Ratio 2009</b> | <b>Loans<br/>2008</b> | <b>Valuation<br/>2008</b> | <b>Loan to<br/>Value<br/>Ratio 2008</b> |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
|                                           | <b>€'000</b>          | <b>€'000</b>              |                                         | <b>€'000</b>          | <b>€'000</b>              |                                         |
| Investment property                       | 117,234               | 159,182                   | 73.7%                                   | 116,325               | 196,745                   | 59.1%                                   |
| Hotels                                    | 66,727                | 104,050                   | 64.1%                                   | 67,648                | 116,580                   | 58.0%                                   |
| Development property<br>in construction   | 43,015                | 118,140                   | 36.4%                                   | 30,969                | 109,614                   | 28.3%                                   |
| Other development<br>property             | 20,774                | 38,649                    | 53.7%                                   | 32,743                | 92,390                    | 35.4%                                   |
|                                           | <b>247,750</b>        | <b>420,021</b>            | <b>59.0%</b>                            | <b>247,685</b>        | <b>515,329</b>            | <b>48.1%</b>                            |
| Liabilities disclosed as<br>held for sale | 12,240                | 21,855                    | 56.0%                                   | -                     | -                         | -                                       |
| <b>Total</b>                              | <b>259,990</b>        | <b>441,876</b>            | <b>58.8%</b>                            | <b>247,685</b>        | <b>515,329</b>            | <b>48.1%</b>                            |

The valuations in the table above differ from the values included in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2009 due to the treatment under IFRS of land held under operating leases and development property.

Loans maturing within one year are €156.0 million at 31 December 2009 (excluding those classified as held for sale) compared to €95.7 million at 31 December 2008. The change has arisen from the maturing of debts and from the reclassification of four loans with breaches at 31 December 2009. Two of these loans, totalling €67.1 million in 2009, were in breach at 31 December 2008 and were also classified as bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand at 31 December 2008. The other two breaches at 31 December 2009 relate to the non payment of interest on loans, for loans totalling €25.4 million. Also included within loans repayable on demand for 2009 (due within one year for 2008) is an amount of €9.0 million (2008: €8.4 million) and negotiations are on going with the bank on refinancing terms. The banks have been made aware of all these breaches and have not asked for repayment of the loans. Three of these loans are included in a recent cross collateralisation agreement with Erste Bank, which is detailed in the debt financing section below. Under this agreement the breaches under the three loans have been waived. However as the loans were

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in breach at 31 December 2009, the Company's reporting date, the loans have been classified as repayable on demand in the balance sheet as at 31 December 2009.

Cash and cash equivalents was €13.1 million at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008: €15.3 million). The gearing ratio is 218%, based upon net debt as a percentage of equity attributable to shareholders and is 69% based upon net debt as a percentage of total capital (net debt plus equity attributable to equity holders). The ratios were 135% and 57% respectively as at 31 December 2008.

### Debt financing

During 2009 the Group's predominant focus has been on maintaining regular dialogue with its lending banks, assessing performance of the properties relative to covenant testing ratios. The Group has its principal facilities with Erste Bank, Investkredit Bank and Raiffeisen Bank. The financial covenants within the Group's secured debt facilities fall into two main categories: annual Loan to Value ("LTV") tests and interest (and debt) service cover ratios ("ISCR" and "DSCR") based on audited financial statements for each company. Management continue to have detailed discussions with its senior debt providers. The current status of each of these facilities with the banks is set out below and in note 24 to the financial statements.

#### Erste Bank facilities

The Group has four facilities with Erste Bank.

1. €65 million facility secured on the Millennium Plaza Building in Warsaw, Poland with a maturity date of 2016;
2. €4 million facility secured on the Ligetvaros Centre in Budapest, Hungary with a maturity date of 2021;
3. €12.5 million facility secured on the Voluntari land plot in Bucharest, Romania with a maturity date of December 2012 (prior to cross-collateralisation agreement: December 2010);
4. €12.9 million facility secured on the Solaris land in Bucharest, Romania with a maturity date of December 2012 (prior to cross-collateralisation agreement: June 2010).

The covenants were breached on three of the above loans (Millennium, Voluntari and Solaris) and as a result the Group entered into discussions with Erste to remedy these breaches. The solution proposed and agreed in February 2010 was to have a cross-collateralisation agreement with Erste Bank on all four loans. The terms of this amendment agreement to the four facilities included a bank waiver with respect to all previous breaches of covenants or default events under the facilities. New terms have been agreed, including a priority of payments schedule, reduced margins for each loan and new maturity dates. A new ISCR covenant is to be measured across the combination of all four assets. A new LTV covenant comes into effect from 1 January 2013. This is a significant step forward for the Group as this agreement overcomes the breaches of covenant and events of default on three properties and facilities.

#### Investkredit Bank facilities

The Group has had in operation five facilities with Investkredit Bank in 2009:

1. Polish Zloty 78 million facility for the construction of the Capital Art Apartments project stages 1 and 2 in Warsaw, Poland, with a maturity date of December 2010;
2. €65 million facility secured on the Hilton Hotel in Warsaw, Poland with a maturity date of 2015;
3. Polish Zloty 13 million facility secured on the Zielono land plot in Warsaw, Poland, with a maturity date of June 2010
4. €5.9 million facility secured on Atlas House office building in Sofia, Bulgaria, with a maturity date of 2017;
5. €25 million facility secured on the Vajnory land plot in Bratislava, Slovakia with a maturity date of March 2010.

The construction facility was extended from Polish Zloty 45 million for stage 1 to Polish Zloty 78 million for the construction of stage 2 of the Capital Art Apartments development. The Zielono land loan matured in February 2009 and was successfully extended to December 2009 and then onto June 2010. The LTV covenant was breached on Atlas House, Sofia and the loan reclassified as a current liability. Discussions have been ongoing with the bank, the debt has been serviced and the bank have not requested repayment of the loan. The Vajnory land loan which matured in March 2009 was successfully extended for 12 months to March 2010. Bank consent under this loan agreement is required for the completion of the disposal of Atlas interests in Slovakia, as set out in the Chairman's Statement. There were no material changes to the facility for Hilton.

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## Raiffeisen Bank facilities

The Group has two facilities with Raiffeisen Bank:

1. Polish Zloty 174 million facility for the construction of the Platinum Towers residential twin towers project in Warsaw, Poland with a maturity date of June 2010;
2. Polish Zloty 35 million facility secured on the Kokoszki land plot in Gdansk, Poland which matured in September 2009 and for which the terms of a formal extension are still awaiting signature from the Company and the bank.

The construction facility has been critical in the successful completion of the building work on the two towers and retail and piazza area for the Platinum Towers project. Discussions have been ongoing to secure an extension of the land loan for the Kokoszki plot in Gdansk. Terms are agreed in principal and the Company is awaiting final signature.

There are 6 other facilities secured on 6 different properties. Discussions have been ongoing with each of the banks for these loans to secure extensions and agree new terms. Key changes in the terms of these facilities are set out below:

The new €3.1 million 8 year facility with FHB Bank in Hungary for the Metropol Building, Budapest, Hungary was announced in January 2010 and as significant new financing is highlighted in the Chairman's Statement.

With respect to the €14.9 million loan on the Ikarus Industrial Park in Budapest, Hungary with MKB Bank, a two year deferral of principal repayment was agreed, subject to the final approval, with the bank in February 2010, due to the difficult trading conditions being experienced at this industrial park in Budapest, Hungary.

On the €3.6 million loan secured on the Golden Tulip Hotel in Bucharest, Romania a moratorium on principal repayments due to difficult trading conditions for the hotel, was agreed, subject to the final approval, with Alpha Bank in 2010.

Discussions are in progress to extend the €6 million facility secured on the Volan site in Budapest, Hungary with Volksbank, which matured in February 2010. A signed agreement is expected in the coming months to extend the loan under new terms.

The Polish Zloty 14 million land loan secured on the Cybernetki land plot in Warsaw, Poland was extended in January 2009 for 12 months under new terms. This land loan has been extended for a further 5 months in January 2010 until June 2010.

There were no material changes to the facility for Sadowa.

Summary of loans by bank at 31 December 2009 gross of joint venture share and adjusted for effects of the cross-collateralisation agreement:

| Company                          | Country  | Loan Currency | Local Currency Loan Balance Local '000 | € Loan Balance €'000 | Years to Maturity | Basis of interest |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b><u>InvestKredit</u></b>       |          |               |                                        |                      |                   |                   |
| HGC                              | Poland   | Euro          | 63,861                                 | <b>63,861</b>        | 6                 | 3mth EURIBOR      |
| Zielono                          | Poland   | Pln           | 13,000                                 | <b>3,164</b>         | <1                | 3mth WIBOR        |
| Capital Art Apartments           | Poland   | Pln           | 52,896                                 | <b>12,876</b>        | <1                | 3mth WIBOR        |
| Immobul                          | Bulgaria | Euro          | 5,648                                  | <b>5,648</b>         | 8                 | 3mth EURIBOR      |
| <b><u>Total InvestKredit</u></b> |          |               |                                        | <b>85,549</b>        |                   |                   |
| <b><u>Erste Bank</u></b>         |          |               |                                        |                      |                   |                   |
| Millenium                        | Poland   | Euro          | 61,657                                 | <b>61,657</b>        | 7                 | 3mth EURIBOR      |
| Ligetvaros                       | Hungary  | Euro          | 3,925                                  | <b>3,925</b>         | 12                | 3mth EURIBOR      |
| Voluntari                        | Romania  | Euro          | 12,445                                 | <b>12,445</b>        | 2                 | 3mth EURIBOR      |
| Solaris                          | Romania  | Euro          | 12,966                                 | <b>12,966</b>        | 2                 | 3mth EURIBOR      |
| <b><u>Total Erste Bank</u></b>   |          |               |                                        | <b>90,993</b>        |                   |                   |

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| Company                                                 | Country          | Loan<br>Currency | Local<br>Currency<br>Loan<br>Balance<br>Local '000 | € Loan<br>Balance €'000       | Years to<br>Maturity | Basis of interest        |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| <b><u>Raiffeisen</u></b><br>Platinum Towers<br>Kokoszki | Poland<br>Poland | Pln<br>Pln       | 124,188<br>37,053                                  | <b>30,229</b><br><b>9,019</b> | <1<br><1             | 1mth WIBOR<br>1mth WIBOR |
| <b><u>Total Raiffeisen</u></b>                          |                  |                  |                                                    | <b>39,249</b>                 |                      |                          |
| <b><u>ING Bank</u></b><br>Sadowa                        | Poland           | Euro             | 6,797                                              | <b>6,797</b>                  | 11                   | 1mth EURIBOR             |
| <b><u>Bank BPH</u></b><br>Cybernetyki                   | Poland           | Pln              | 13,847                                             | <b>3,371</b>                  | <1                   | 1mth WIBOR               |
| <b><u>MKB Bank</u></b><br>Ikarus                        | Hungary          | Euro             | 14,928                                             | <b>14,928</b>                 | 7                    | Fixed                    |
| <b><u>Volksbank</u></b><br>Volan                        | Hungary          | Euro             | 5,978                                              | <b>5,978</b>                  | <1                   | 3mth EURIBOR             |
| <b><u>FHB Kereskedelmi<br/>Bank</u></b><br>Metropol     | Hungary          | Euro             | 3,100                                              | <b>3,100</b>                  | 8                    | 3mth EURIBOR             |
| <b><u>Alpha Bank</u></b><br>Golden Tulip                | Romania          | Euro             | 3,591                                              | <b>3,591</b>                  | 7                    | 3mth LIBOR               |
| <b><u>Slovakia –<br/>InvestKredit</u></b><br>Vajnory    | Slovakia         | Euro             | 24,479                                             | <b>24,479</b>                 | <1                   | 3mth EURIBOR             |

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## Review of the operational performance and key items on the Income Statement

The financial analysis of the income statement set out below reflects the monitoring of operational performance by segment as used by management.

|                                                  | Property<br>Rental<br>€ millions | Development<br>Properties<br>€ millions | Hotel<br>Operations<br>€ millions | Other<br>€ millions | Year ended<br>31 December<br>2009<br>€ millions | Year ended<br>31 December<br>2008<br>€ millions |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Revenue                                          | 13.3                             | 17.4                                    | 16.6                              | -                   | <b>47.3</b>                                     | 51.9                                            |
| Cost of operations                               | (5.2)                            | (16.3)                                  | (10.2)                            | -                   | <b>(31.7)</b>                                   | (35.3)                                          |
| <b>Gross profit</b>                              | 8.1                              | 1.1                                     | 6.4                               | -                   | <b>15.6</b>                                     | 16.6                                            |
| Administrative expenses                          | (0.9)                            | (1.3)                                   | (2.9)                             | (5.3)               | <b>(10.4)</b>                                   | (15.4)                                          |
| <b>Gross profit less administrative expenses</b> | 7.2                              | (0.2)                                   | 3.5                               | (5.3)               | <b>5.2</b>                                      | 1.2                                             |
| Gross profit %                                   | 61%                              | 6%                                      | 38%                               | n/a                 | <b>33%</b>                                      | 32%                                             |
| Gross profit less administrative expenses %      | 54%                              | (1%)                                    | 21%                               | n/a                 | <b>11%</b>                                      | 2%                                              |

### Revenue

As the Company maintains a diversified portfolio of real estate investments, seasonality or cyclicity of yielded income or results is also highly diversified. The available portfolio of assets for lease, the systematic execution and sale of residential projects and the geographical reach of the Company's portfolio has, to a significant extent, resulted in stable levels of income being earned.

### Development Properties

|                                           | 2009<br>€ millions | 2008<br>€ millions | Change year<br>on year<br>2009 v 2008<br>€ millions | Translation<br>foreign<br>exchange effect<br>€ millions | Operational<br>change<br>2009 v 2008<br>€ millions |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Revenue                                   | 17.4               | 13.0               | <b>4.4</b>                                          | (2.4)                                                   | 6.8                                                |
| Cost of operations                        | (16.3)             | (12.7)             | <b>(3.6)</b>                                        | 2.4                                                     | (6.0)                                              |
| Gross profit                              | 1.1                | 0.3                | <b>0.8</b>                                          | -                                                       | 0.8                                                |
| Administrative expenses                   | (1.3)              | (1.9)              | <b>0.6</b>                                          | 0.3                                                     | 0.3                                                |
| Gross profit less administrative expenses | (0.2)              | (1.6)              | <b>1.4</b>                                          | 0.3                                                     | 1.1                                                |

Sales are only recognised when apartments have been handed over to new owners with the full price of the apartment received by the Group as a result. As a result the economic risks and rewards were transferred to the new owner and in accordance with the Group's accounting policy the revenue and associated costs of these apartment sales are recognised in the income statement.

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## Apartment sales in developments in Warsaw

|                                 | Capital Art Apartments<br>stage 1 | Capital Art Apartments<br>stage 2 | Platinum Towers |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Total apartments for sale       | 219                               | 300                               | 396             |
| Pre sales of apartments to date | 218                               | 202                               | 358             |
| Sales completions in 2008       | 99                                | -                                 | -               |
| Sales completions in 2009       | 107                               | -                                 | 26              |
| Sales of apartments in 2010     | 3                                 | -                                 | 132             |
| Total sales completions         | 209                               | -                                 | 158             |
| Pre sales in 2009               | 21                                | 95                                | 31              |
| Pre sales in 2010               | -                                 | 10                                | -               |

The Group has signed preliminary contracts to deliver 778 apartments with a total value of €131.6 million at its Platinum Towers and Capital Art Apartments projects in Warsaw.

On stage 1 at Capital Art Apartments, for the year ended 31 December 2009, revenue of €12.4 million and gross profit of €0.4 million (2008: €13.0 million and €2.2 million respectively) have been recognised on the sales of 107 apartments.

For Platinum Towers, for the year ended 31 December 2009, of the 396 available apartments completed sales were represented by 26 apartments. This resulted in sales of €4.9 million and a gross profit of €0.7 million being recognised in the income statement.

## Property Rental

|                                              | 2009<br>€ millions | 2008<br>€ millions | Change year<br>on year<br>2009 v 2008<br>€ millions | Translation<br>foreign<br>exchange effect<br>€ millions | Operational<br>change<br>2009 v 2008<br>€ millions |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Revenue                                      | 13.3               | 17.1               | (3.8)                                               | (2.4)                                                   | (1.4)                                              |
| Cost of operations                           | (5.2)              | (7.0)              | 1.8                                                 | 1.0                                                     | 0.8                                                |
| Gross profit                                 | 8.1                | 10.1               | (2.0)                                               | (1.4)                                                   | (0.6)                                              |
| Administrative expenses                      | (0.9)              | (1.3)              | 0.4                                                 | 1.1                                                     | 1.5                                                |
| Gross profit less<br>administrative expenses | 7.2                | 8.8                | (1.6)                                               | (2.5)                                                   | (0.9)                                              |

The revenue of the Group has been affected principally by the loss of tenants and falling rental levels at its two largest properties the Millennium Plaza and Ikarus Industrial Park. A key objective in 2010 is to replace lost tenants in these buildings.

## Hotel operations

|                                              | 2009<br>€ millions | 2008<br>€ millions | Change year<br>on year<br>2009 v 2008<br>€ millions | Translation<br>foreign<br>exchange effect<br>€ millions | Operational<br>change<br>2009 v 2008<br>€ millions |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Revenue                                      | 16.6               | 21.4               | (4.8)                                               | (3.9)                                                   | (0.9)                                              |
| Cost of operations                           | (10.2)             | (15.0)             | 4.8                                                 | 2.7                                                     | 2.1                                                |
| Gross profit                                 | 6.4                | 6.4                | -                                                   | (1.2)                                                   | 1.2                                                |
| Administrative expenses                      | (2.9)              | (2.5)              | (0.4)                                               | 0.5                                                     | (0.9)                                              |
| Gross profit less<br>administrative expenses | 3.5                | 3.9                | 0.4                                                 | (0.7)                                                   | 0.3                                                |

This decrease highlights the effect of the global economic crisis on business travel and conferencing. Management in response to these difficult trading conditions have mitigated the revenue shortfall by reducing overheads and costs and improved controls.

The Hilton in Warsaw has seen occupancy rates recover in the second half of 2009 through marketing efforts, such that the occupancy level in the hotel was 64% for 2009 compared to 65% in 2008. The hotel's revenues are enhanced by income from the conferencing and banqueting facilities, together with the high quality Holmes Place fitness centre and the casino. The hotel is regarded as an ideal venue for corporate events in Central and Eastern Europe, with

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competitive room rates being offered in comparison to other countries in the region. For example, the hotel hosted the Financial Times' Central & Eastern European Property Conference, which attracted more than 1,000 delegates.

2009 was a very difficult year for the hotel industry in Bucharest with 5 star hotels cutting room rates to 4 star levels to attract customers. As a result occupancy rates at the Golden Tulip Hotel in Bucharest, Romania for the year ended 31 December 2009 have fallen in difficult trading conditions to 57% in 2009 compared to 65% in 2008.

### Cost of operations

Cost of operations was €31.7 million in the year ended 31 December 2009, of which €16.2 million relates to the cost of construction of the apartments sold during the year. Cost of operations for 2008 was €35.3 million, of which costs relating to apartment sales were €10.7 million. The resultant decline of €9.1 million in costs not relating to apartment sales between 2008 and 2009 includes the effect of depreciating currencies in the region of €4.3 million. The underlying cost of operations has decreased by €4.8 million, reflecting cost savings implemented by management.

### Administrative expenses

A key focus of the management has been overhead costs and a number of cost reduction measures have been undertaken. As a result we can report that administrative expenses were €10.4 million compared to €15.4 million in 2008. This decline of €5.0 million includes the effect of depreciating currencies in the region of €1.0 million. The underlying administrative expenses have decreased by €4.0 million, reflecting extensive cost savings implemented by management and the effect of reduced management fees.

### Valuation movement

The Group has reported a loss on valuation of investment properties of €35.6 million for 2009 (2008: €4.5 million loss on valuation) in the consolidated income statement. This decrease reflects the economic crisis and fall in valuations in properties in the CEE region. There is also included in reserves decreases on revaluation of properties reported as property, plant and equipment in the consolidated balance sheet of €10.9 million (2008: uplift on valuation of €11.1 million).

### Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and expenses are items that do not directly relate to the day-to-day activities of the Group. Such items include: income and expenses for items that are recharged to contractors and other suppliers at cost, and other such items. The following are also included in other operating expenses:

### Impairment of inventory

Provisions for impairment of inventory of €9.9 million (2008: €0.8 million) have been reported in the consolidated income statement. These provisions arise on potential loss of value on sales contracts for apartment sales and parking spaces and due to the fair value less costs of sale of assets being less than the carrying value of inventory. These losses are due to the weakness in the CEE region markets for development property activity.

### Write down to net realisable value of assets held for sale

A provision of €5.9 million has been made to show assets held for sale at their net realisable value (Circle, Slovakia) for loss expected to be incurred on the finalisation of the sale of the Company's interests in Circle Slovakia. This is the second stage in the Company's disposal of its interests in Slovakia.

### Loss on sale of joint venture interests

The loss on sale of joint venture interests of €1.6 million arises from the completion of the first stage of the disposal of the Company's interests in Slovakia. Proceeds of €0.9 million were received in November 2009.

### Finance income and costs

The income statement includes finance costs of €10.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2009, compared with €16.2 million in 2008, reflecting the effect of the reduced EURIBOR and other underlying inter-bank lending rates.

### Foreign exchange

There have been significant fluctuations in exchange rates in the underlying currencies in the countries in which the Group operates and owns assets. A summary of exchange rates by country for average and closing rates against the reporting currency as applied in the financial statements are set out below.

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|                      | Polish Zloty | Hungarian Forint | Romanian Lei | Slovakian Crown | Bulgarian Lev |
|----------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| <b>Closing rates</b> |              |                  |              |                 |               |
| 31 December 2009     | 4.1082       | 270.84           | 4.2282       | n/a             | 1.95583       |
| 31 December 2008     | 4.1724       | 264.78           | 3.9852       | 30.126          | 1.95583       |
| % Change             | (1.5%)       | 2.3%             | 6.1%         | n/a             | 0%            |
| <b>Average rates</b> |              |                  |              |                 |               |
| Year 2009            | 4.3273       | 280.58           | 4.2373       | n/a             | 1.95583       |
| Year 2008            | 3.5166       | 251.25           | 3.6827       | 31.291          | 1.95583       |
| % Change             | 23.1%        | 11.7%            | 15.1%        | n/a             | 0%            |

The above highlights the effect of the global financial crisis spread on currencies in the CEE region and how the currencies changed over the year. Slovakia entered the Eurozone in January 2009 and Bulgarian Lev is pegged to the Euro at an exchange rate of 1.95583 Lev to Euro.

Other than as detailed above, there were no factors or events that significantly impacted the year ended 31 December 2009.

### Net Asset Value

The Group's property assets are categorised into three classes, when accounted for in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. The recognition of changes in value from each category is subject to different treatment as follows:

- Yielding assets let to paying tenants – classed as investment properties with valuation movements being recognised in the Income Statement;
- Property, plant and equipment operated by the Group to produce income, such as the Hilton hotel or land held for development of yielding assets (PPE) – revaluation movements are taken directly to reserves, net of deferred tax; and
- Property developments, including the land on which they will be built – held as inventory with no increase in value recognised in the financial statements.

The Company sets out below the key measures relating to Net Asset Value (NAV) per share. This includes the NAV per share per the financial statements and the adjusted NAV per share as defined at IPO and previously disclosed by the Company.

|                                     | NAV<br>2009<br>€ millions | NAV per share<br>2009<br>€ | NAV<br>2008<br>€ millions | NAV per share<br>2008<br>€ |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Basic NAV</b>                    | 113.2                     | <b>2.42</b>                | 172.6                     | <b>3.68</b>                |
| Development land valuation increase | 31.1                      | -                          | 42.4                      | -                          |
| Deferred tax                        | (5.9)                     | -                          | (8.0)                     | -                          |
| <b>Adjusted NAV</b>                 | 138.4                     | <b>2.95</b>                | 207.0                     | <b>4.42</b>                |

Notes:

The number of shares in issue as at 31 December 2009 and 2008 is 46,852,014.

Included in the income statement is a loss of €35.6 million (2008: €4.5 million) arising from the revaluation of the Group's investment properties. The total revaluation reserve of €6.9 million (2008: €15.6 million) represents the revaluation of the Hilton Hotel and the Golden Tulip Hotel.

The Property Manager's basic and performance fees are determined by the adjusted NAV. For the twelve months to 31 December 2009 the combined fee payable to AMC was €4.1 million (€5.7 million to 31 December 2008).

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## Ongoing activities

The Company's property portfolio is constantly reviewed to ensure it remains in line with its stated strategy of creating a balanced portfolio that will provide future capital growth over the longer term, the potential to add value through active and innovative asset management programmes and the ability to deliver strong development margins.

## **Financial management, operational management and material risks**

The management team continuously monitors the territories in which the Company is invested, analysing the economics of the region and the key measures of the sectors in which it operates to ensure that it maintains its strategy and does not become over-exposed to, or reliant on, any one particular area. At the same time, it evaluates the risks and rewards associated with a particular country, or sector, in order to maximise return on investment and therefore the return it can deliver to shareholders.

A key management objective is controlling and reducing construction costs and schedules at its development projects, particularly in the light of global variations in commodity prices and the increase of labour costs in the region. Another key strategy that it continues to progress is the refinancing of the portfolio, the securing of construction loans and the evaluation of various fund raising opportunities.

The Company has completed four years as a quoted company and is a dual-listed entity in Warsaw and London. In continuing to fulfil its obligations to its shareholders and the markets, together with maintaining its policy of maximum disclosure and timely reporting, it is continually improving and developing its financial management and operational infrastructure and capability. Finance teams are operating in each of its major territories, with support across all countries provided by an experienced group finance team. Experienced operational teams are in place in each country, where there is significant activity, otherwise a central operational team and investment committee monitor and control investments and major operational matters. As such, the management team continually reviews its operating structures to optimise the efficiency and effectiveness of its network, which is particularly important given the current environment.

We continue to enhance our internal control and reporting procedures and IT systems in order to generate appropriate, timely management information for the ongoing assessment of the Group's performance. There is in operation a financial reporting system which provides the Group with the required reporting framework, financial management and internal control.

## **Global economic conditions**

The Board and AMC closely monitor the effects that the current global economic conditions have on the business and have and will continue to take steps to mitigate, as far as possible, any adverse impact that may result for the business. The main financial risks that have affected the Company in 2009 are the effect of the global liquidity crisis on the Company's ability to access capital and to realise value from property disposals amid weakening in the economies in the CEE region.

Among the demonstrations of the economic uncertainty are the variations in exchange rates of countries in the region, together with a reduction in demand for new apartments in Poland and Hungary, where we have projects under construction and transactions are taking longer to reach completion. AMC has been advising the Board on a regular basis with respect to financial performance and the effect of external factors on the business.

## **Financing and liquidity**

Management has experienced a change in the approach and requirements of lenders for financing in the CEE region which has been reflected in the covenants that are applied to facilities, such as a reduction of loan to value ratio, increasing margins and an increase in levels of required pre-sales on development projects. Negotiation and completion of financing agreements is also taking longer than previously experienced. Although recent news regarding the willingness of banks in the CEE region to finance projects has been negative, AMC's management team, through its strong relationship management and connections, has been able to secure financing opportunities in the region. However, the management team see this as a potential risk to the ongoing development of the Company and as a result are devoting significant resource to the management of banking relationships and the monitoring of risk in this area.

Despite the difficult conditions in the financial markets the Company has been able to refinance part of its portfolio and secured loans for the construction phase of its development projects. Cash is managed both at local and head office levels, ensuring that rent collection is prompt, surplus cash is suitably invested or distributed to other parts of the Group, as necessary, and balances are held in the appropriate currency. The allocation of capital and investment decisions are reviewed and approved by local operational management, the executive team, the central finance and operational

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teams, by the investment committee of AMC and, finally, by Atlas' Board. This approach provides the Company with a rigorous risk management framework. Where possible, the Company will use debt facilities to finance its projects, which the Company will look to secure at appropriate times and when available, depending on the nature of the asset – yielding or development.

As at 31 December 2009, the Company's share of bank debt associated with the portfolio was €260 million, with cash and cash equivalents of €13.1 million. The gearing ratio is 218%, based upon net debt as a percentage of equity attributable to shareholders and is 69% based upon net debt as a percentage of total capital (net debt plus equity attributable to equity holders). The ratios were 135% and 57% respectively as at 31 December 2008. Where possible, we refinance properties where valuations have increased, thereby releasing equity for further investment.

### Currency and foreign exchange

Foreign exchange and interest rate exposures are continually monitored. Foreign exchange risk is largely managed at a local level by matching the currency in which income and expenses are transacted and also the currencies of the underlying assets and liabilities.

Most of the income from the Company's investment properties is denominated in Euros and our policy is to arrange debt to fund these assets in the same currency. Where possible, the Company looks to match the currency of the flow of income and outgoings. Some expenses are still incurred in local currency and these are planned for in advance. Development of residential projects has created receipts largely denominated in local currencies and funding facilities are arranged accordingly. "Free cash" available for distribution within the Company is identified and appropriate translation mechanisms put in place.

### Conclusions

AMC's key strategic objective is the maximisation of value for the Company's shareholders, which it continues to work towards. Its teams are very experienced in the active management of investment and development property and provide the Company with a great deal of valuable local market knowledge and expertise. Good progress has been made with the construction of two key development projects in Warsaw, Platinum Towers and Capital Art Apartments and pre-sales and sales completion activity has been very successful, underpinning our confidence in the medium and long term market prospects.

The Company's key objectives in the current economic climate remain the minimisation of financial risks, optimising cash retention and operational effectiveness and enhancing the Group's liquidity, which will enable it to progress its portfolio of developments. The Company has a portfolio of strong underlying assets and a development pipeline that we believe will enable us to continue to meet the ongoing demand for the quality and specification of the space that Atlas delivers. In turn, we believe that this will position us to preserve and, over the longer term, create value that we aim to deliver to the shareholders, once stability and more certain economic conditions return to the markets, both within our target territories and across the global economy as a whole.

**Nahman Tsabar**  
**Chief Executive Officer**  
Atlas Management Company Limited  
15 March 2010

**Michael Williamson**  
**Chief Financial Officer**  
Atlas Management Company Limited

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Property Portfolio Information

| Location/Property         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Company's ownership |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Poland</b>             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                     |
| Hilton Hotel              | First Hilton Hotel in Poland – a hotel with 314 luxury rooms, large conferencing facilities, 4,500 sqm Holmes Place health club and spa and casino and retail outlets. Location close to the central business district in Wola area of Warsaw.                                                         | 100%                |
| Platinum Towers           | 396 apartments in two towers; the residential development has been completed in quarter 3 2009 with two residential towers, a piazza and commercial area on the ground and first floors. Location close to the central business district in Wola area of Warsaw.                                       | 100%                |
| Platinum Towers - offices | Land with zoning for an office scheme of class A office space planned over 40 floors                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 100%                |
| Capital Art Apartments    | 739 apartment three stage development with Stage 1 completed in 4th quarter 2008 with 218 out of 219 apartments pre sold. Stage 2 with the construction of 300 apartments completed in 2009. Stage 3 construction will follow. Location close to the central business district in Wola area of Warsaw. | 100%                |
| Zielono                   | Land with zoning and building permit for 265 apartments. Construction will commence with appropriate financing. Location in a residential area of Warsaw.                                                                                                                                              | 76%                 |
| Millennium Tower          | 32,700 square metres of modern accommodation in the central business district of Warsaw with 6,100 sqm of retail and 26,600 sqm of office space.                                                                                                                                                       | 100%                |
| Cybernetyki project       | 3,100 square metre plot of land zoned for 11,000 square metres and with building permit for residential development. Construction will commence with appropriate financing. Location in Mokotow district close to the central business district of Warsaw.                                             | 50%                 |
| Sadowa project            | 6,550 square metre office building close to the city centre of Gdansk.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 100%                |
| Kokoszki, Gdansk          | 430,000 square metre plot in Gdansk with zoning for construction of 130,000 square metres of mixed use development, situated on the outskirts of Gdansk.                                                                                                                                               | 100%                |
| <b>Hungary</b>            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                     |
| Ikarus Business Park      | 283,000 square metre plot with 110,000 square metres of built business space and 70,000 of currently lettable, located in the 16 <sup>th</sup> district, a suburban area of Budapest                                                                                                                   | 100%                |
| Metropol Office Centre    | 7,600 square metre office building in the 13 <sup>th</sup> district of central Budapest.                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 100%                |
| Atrium Homes              | Two phase development of 22,000 sqm of 456 apartments with 235 apartments in phase 1 with building permits, located in the 13 <sup>th</sup> district in central Budapest.                                                                                                                              | 100%                |
| Ligetvaros Centre         | 6,300 square metres of office/retail space with rights to build extra 6,400 square metres, located in the 7 <sup>th</sup> district, a central district in Budapest.                                                                                                                                    | 100%                |
| Varosliget Centre         | 12,000 square metre plot in the 7 <sup>th</sup> district in central Budapest, with zoning for a mixed use development of 31,000 gross square metres.                                                                                                                                                   | 100%                |
| Moszkva Square            | 1,000 square metres of office and retail space in the Buda district of the city.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 100%                |
| Volan Project             | 20,640 square metre plot, zoning for 89,000 square metre mixed use scheme in a central district of Budapest.                                                                                                                                                                                           | 50%                 |

## ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

### Romania

|                    |                                                                                                                                          |      |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Voluntari          | 99,116 square metres of land in three adjacent plots at the pre-zoning stage, in the north eastern suburbs of the city, known as Pipera. | 100% |
| Solaris Project    | 32,000 square metres plot for re-zoning to mixed-use development in a central district of Bucharest                                      | 100% |
| Golden Tulip Hotel | 83 room hotel in the city centre of Bucharest                                                                                            | 100% |

### Bulgaria

|                 |                                                                                                            |      |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| The Atlas House | Office building in Sofia's city centre with 3,472 square metres of lettable area spread over eight floors. | 100% |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Directors - Atlas Estates Limited

**Quentin Spicer**  
Chairman  
Non-executive Director

Mr Spicer, an English Solicitor and resident of Guernsey, was head of the Property Department of Wedlake Bell in London before becoming Senior Partner of the Guernsey office in 1996. He is Chairman of a number of companies including IRP Property Investments Limited (previously ISIS Property Trust 2 Limited) and RAB Special Situations Company Limited. Mr Spicer is also a non-executive director of a number of property investment funds and is a member of the Institute of Directors.

**Mike Stockwell**  
Non-executive Director  
Chairman of Audit Committee

Mr Stockwell is a pension investment consultant for Kodak Limited responsible for asset allocation and investment manager appointments. He is a trustee and a member of the investment board of Kodak Limited's United Kingdom pension plan (asset size £1.1 billion). Mr Stockwell has over 30 years experience in the pension investment area, including fifteen years as manager of one of the UK's top 100 pension funds. Previously, Mr Stockwell was European pensions investment director for a large US multi-national with assets of over \$2.5 billion in some fifteen European countries.

**Shelagh Mason**  
Non-executive Director

Mrs Mason is an English property solicitor with over 25 years experience in commercial property. She currently practises as Mason & Co in Guernsey specialising in English commercial property. Her last position in the United Kingdom was as a senior partner of Edge & Ellison (now part of Hammonds). For two years until 2001 she was Chief Executive of Long Port Properties Limited, a property development company active throughout the United Kingdom and the Channel Islands. Mrs Mason is a member of the Board of Directors of Standard Life Investment Property Income Trust, a property fund listed on both the London Stock Exchange and the Channel Islands Stock Exchanges and is a non-executive director of PFB Data Centre Fund and of G.Res 1 Limited, a residential property investment company, New River Retail Limited which is AIM listed and other property investment companies. She is an immediate past Chair of the Guernsey Branch of the Institute of Directors and a member of the Chamber of Commerce and the Guernsey International Legal Association.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Directors<sup>1</sup> and Senior Management - Property Manager, Atlas Management Company Limited

**Rafael Berber**  
Chairman of AMC  
Investment Committee  
member  
Non-executive Director

Mr Berber is a founding partner of RP Capital a London-based investment group founded in July 2004 and specialising in emerging markets. Prior to founding RP Capital, Mr Berber was formerly Vice Chairman of Global Capital Markets & Financing, Global Head of Equity Linked Products, and Global Head of Equity Trading and the Strategic Risk Group at Merrill Lynch. Mr Berber also led the development of Merrill Lynch's European emerging markets business. Mr Berber holds an MBA in Finance from New York University and a Bachelors Degree in Economics from Tel Aviv University.

**Ron Izaki**  
Director  
Chairman of Investment  
Committee  
Non-executive Director

Mr Izaki is the Chief Executive Officer and primary shareholder of the Izaki Group which was founded in 1948 and is now one of the leading real estate development firms in Israel. He has been involved in the development of thousands of apartments and millions of square feet of commercial and retail space in the USA, Israel and Western Europe. Mr Izaki is also a director of Brack RE, an international owner, developer and manager of real estate. He has a Bachelors Degree in civil engineering from the Israel Institute of Technology.

**Nahman Tsabar**  
Director  
Chief Executive Officer

Prior to joining AMC, Mr. Tsabar was the CEO of OCIF Investment and Development Limited from 2007. Before joining OCIF, Mr. Tsabar was President and CEO of Tahal Group, part of the Kardan Group, which is a leader in Build-Own-Transfer/Build-Own-Operate ("BOT/BOO") projects across a number of emerging markets, including Romania, Serbia, Poland, Russia, Turkey, India and China. Prior to this, he was CEO of Solel Boneh Development and Roads Limited, the largest contracting firm based in the Middle East and active worldwide, with 500 staff. From 1998 to 2000, Mr. Tsabar was Vice President of Ashtrom International Limited, an international construction company, where he was responsible for the company's operations in Jamaica, Turkey, Eastern Europe and the CIS. Prior to 1998, Mr. Tsabar spent 20 years in aviation construction.

**Michael Williamson**  
Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Williamson is a Chartered Accountant and holds a BSc (Econ) in Economics from the University of Wales. He has held divisional Finance Director positions in the pharmaceutical companies GlaxoSmithKline and Sanofi-Aventis. He was Group Finance Director with the FTSE listed group MFI Plc and has held CFO positions with other listed companies.

**Steven Senter**  
Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Senter is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA) and has many years experience in managing worldwide financing systems, working for leading international companies, like: Tahal Group – the international infrastructure company, part of Kardan Group, where he acted as CFO and temporarily as CEO; prior to working at Tahal, Mr Senter was connected with Leadcom Cala – a member of Elgadcom Group, leading telecommunications company, where he directed the company as the CFO in all the Latin American subsidiaries (Mexico, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Colombia, Ecuador, Brazil, Peru, Argentina, Chile, Uruguay and Bolivia). He also participated in development of 2 start-up companies of JVP Holdings and before that was involved in Ashtrom International as financial manager – a Real Estates Developer in Central and Eastern Europe, Central America, Cyprus, Turkey and Jamaica. Mr Senter holds BA in Accounting from Hebrew University of Jerusalem and BA in Economics and Business Administration from Ben-Gurion University.

## Registered office

Atlas Estates Box 119  
Martello Court  
Admiral Park  
St Peter Port  
Guernsey GY1 3HB

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<sup>1</sup> On 17 November 2009, D. Saradhi Rajan resigned his position as a director of AMC.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Advisors

### Administrator, Custodian, Company Secretary

Intertrust Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited  
Martello Court  
Admiral Park  
St Peter Port  
Guernsey GY1 3HB

### Property Manager

Atlas Management Company Limited  
Martello Court  
Admiral Park  
St Peter Port  
Guernsey GY1 3HB

### Nominated Advisor and Broker

Fairfax I.S. PLC  
46 Berkeley Square  
London  
W1J 5AT

### Financial Advisor in Poland

UniCredit CA IB Polska Sp. z o.o.  
Emilii Plater 53  
Warsaw  
Poland

### Auditors

BDO LLP  
55 Baker Street  
London  
W1U 7EU

### Guernsey Advocates to the Company

Ozannes  
PO Box 186,  
1 Le Marchant Street  
St Peter Port  
Guernsey GY1 4HP

### Solicitors to the Company as to English Law

Nabarro LLP  
Lacon House  
Theobald's Road  
London  
WC1X 8RW

### Registrar

Computershare Investor Services (Channel Islands)  
Limited  
Ordnance House  
31 Pier Road  
St. Helier  
Jersey JE4 8PW

### Solicitors to the Company as to Polish Law

Weil, Gotshal & Manges - Pawel Rymarz Sp k.  
Ul. Emilii Plater 53  
00-113 Warsaw  
Poland

### Public Relations in Poland

NBS Public Relations Sp. z o.o.  
Ul. Kopernika 17  
00-359 Warsaw  
Poland

### Property Valuer

King Sturge  
Deloitte House  
Al Jana Pawla II 19  
00-854 Warsaw  
Poland

### Property Valuer

Colliers International (Sk), s.r.o  
Sturova 4  
Bratislava  
Slovak Republic  
811 02

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Directors' Report

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the twelve months ended 31 December 2009.

## Results and dividends

The results for the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 40 and show a loss after tax attributable to equity shareholders of €48.7 million (2008: loss after tax of €39.7 million).

The Company has not declared a dividend for 2009 (2008: €nil).

## Activities and review of business

The Company was admitted to the AIM market of the London Stock Exchange and commenced trading on 1 March 2006. In February 2008, the Company completed a listing on the Warsaw Stock Exchange. The Company is domiciled in Guernsey as a closed-ended investment company under Guernsey Law.

The principal activity of the Company and the Group is property investment and development throughout Central and Eastern Europe, together with the management of its properties. The development of the Group's business and future prospects, including a description of material risk factors and threats and information on the degree of the Group's exposure to such risks or threats, is considered in the Chairman's Statement on pages 5 to 9 and the Review of the Property Manager on pages 10 to 21.

On each of 1 January 2009 and 1 February 2009, the Group acquired an additional 5% of the share capital of its Kokoszki joint venture, Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o. (formerly Atlas Estates CF Plus 1 Sp. z o.o.) for a total cash consideration of PLN 300,000 (€68,483). At 31 December 2009, the Group's holding in Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o. was 100%.

On 2 November 2009 the Company entered into an agreement to sell its entire portfolio held in Slovakia for a cash price of €8.0 million. Details of the disposal are presented in Notes 20 and 31.

No other significant changes in the Company's organisational structure occurred in the year ended 31 December 2009.

A list of the operating subsidiaries of the Company subject to consolidation is included within note 36 of the financial statements of this report, on pages 87 to 88.

## Investing Policy

The Company actively invests in a portfolio of real estate assets across a range of property types throughout CEE.

The Company targets countries within the CEE which possess attractive investment fundamentals including political and economic stability, strong GDP growth and low inflation. The Company may also make investments in countries which attract increasing foreign direct investment from being part of, or from being expected to join, the EU. The Company shall not invest in states of the former USSR.

The Company makes investments both on its own and, where appropriate, with joint venture partners in residential, industrial, retail, office and leisure properties in order to create an appropriately balanced portfolio of income-generating properties and development projects. There are no set restrictions on either sector or geographical spread of investments within the Company's stated investment region.

The Company may employ leverage to enhance returns on equity although the extent of such leverage will vary on a property by property basis. Wherever possible, the Directors intend to seek financing on non-recourse, asset by asset basis. The Company has no set limit on its overall level of gearing, however it is anticipated that the Company will employ a gearing ratio of up to 75 % of the total value of its interest in income-generating properties within its property portfolio.

The Company seeks to provide Shareholders with an attractive overall return through a combination of income and long term appreciation of the Company's assets.

The Board recognises that the current state of the credit markets and general downturn in the CEE economies in which the Company invests have had a negative effect on the overall value of the Group's portfolio, causing a decline in the Company's net asset value per share. In order for the Company to achieve its long term investing policy, the Board's short term investment strategy for 2009 and 2010 is cash focussed with new development activity in relation to parts of its portfolio being selectively deferred but with current active projects displaying good sales being progressed on time

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

and on budget and being brought to a conclusion to achieve intended returns. No dividends are expected to be paid in the short term.

## Diversification

In order to hedge against risks, the Group intends to maintain a diversified portfolio of real estate investments. The diversification will have three aspects: firstly, the Group intends to diversify its geographical reach by investing in various countries in the CEE region; secondly, the Group intends to diversify the type of investment (e.g. residential development, office, commercial, etc.); and thirdly, the Group intends to stagger the development phases of its various projects (e.g. the purchase of land, the design phase, the construction phase, the marketing and sale process) in order to maintain stable levels of income earned.

As at 31 December 2009, the Company had investment assets in Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Hungary and Bulgaria, but the Company intends to use its experiences in other dynamically developing markets. This strategy will allow the Group to further geographically diversify its operations and achieve an appropriate scale of its operations. The Group also intends to continue its strategy of investing in non-capital cities in the countries in which it operates.

## Key performance Indicators

Key performance indicators vary between the different areas of the Group's business.

The success of developing and selling residential apartments will be measured in terms of the price achieved for each apartment, the profit margin earned over construction cost and as a proportion of sales and the overall rate of return from a development. Information on sales is detailed in the Review of the Property Manager on pages 10 to 21. All apartments to date have been sold at prices in excess of the initial budget.

For yielding assets the measure of the yield of an asset relative to its cost to the Group is of key importance. Also the overall valuation of the portfolio will drive the value to the Company and ultimately the Company's share price. Details of total return targets and increases in net asset value per share are included within the Chairman's Statement and Review of the Property Manager.

The key financial risk policies are stated within the financial sections of this report on pages 56 to 59.

## Going concern

As described in the Chairman's Statement and in the Review of the Property Manager, the economic environment has been challenging and the Group has reported a loss from operations for the year ended 31 December 2009 and a significant fall in net asset value as at 31 December 2009. The directors consider that the outlook presents ongoing challenges in terms of the markets in which the Group operates, the effect of fluctuating exchange rates in the functional currencies of the Group and the availability of bank financing for the Group.

As at 31 December 2009 the Group held land and building assets with a market value of €442 million, compared to external debt of €260 million. Subject to the time lag in realising the value in these assets in order to generate cash, this loan to value ratio gives a strong indication of the Group's ability to generate sufficient cash in order to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Any land and building assets and associated debts which are ring-fenced in unique, specific, corporate vehicles, which are subject to any repossession by the bank on default of loan terms would clear the outstanding debt and not result in additional finance liabilities for the Company or for the Group. There are also unencumbered assets which could potentially be leveraged to raise additional finance.

For the first time the Group has entered into a cross collateralisation agreement on four of its loans with one bank. This has been necessary due to technical covenant breaches. As a result of the amendment agreement the bank has agreed to a waiver of all prior covenant breaches and improved terms and conditions for the Group.

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, the directors have reclassified four loans totaling €92.4 million within the financial statements from non current liabilities to current liabilities as bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand, where covenant breaches or defaults on these loans arose. The banks are aware of the technical breaches and defaults and have not asked for repayment of the loans. Two of these loans, totalling €67.1 million in 2009, were in breach at 31 December 2008 and were classified as bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand at 31 December 2008. The defaults on the other two loans result from non payment of interest. In addition there is one loan that is repayable on demand in the amount of €9.0 million (2008: €8.4 million due within one year). Negotiations are ongoing with the bank on refinancing terms. Loans maturing within one year total €156.0 million (excluding loans associated with assets held for sale) at 31 December 2009 compared to €95.7 million at 31 December 2008. €25.4 million of the €60.3 million increase from 31 December 2008 relates to the two defaults discussed above. The remaining increase of €34.9 million has resulted from the natural maturing of the Group's debt. Discussions are currently in progress with the banks in relation to repayment of certain of these loans.

## ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

In assessing the going concern basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, the directors have taken into account the status of current negotiations on loans. These are disclosed in note 24 as part of the bank loans note. The Company has also continued to provide funds to service interest and capital repayments on these loans on behalf of its subsidiary companies

The Directors have also taken into account the disposal of the Group's interests in Slovakia as announced on 3 November 2009. This is discussed in notes 20 and 31 as part of the assets held for sale and the disposals note. On completion of this transaction, the combined impact of ceasing to consolidate its share of debt in the joint venture and the receipt of the cash consideration will reduce the Group's overall debt by some €20.5 million pending any reinvestment of the cash proceeds.

The Group's forecasts and projections have been prepared taking into account the economic environment and its challenges and the mitigating factors referred to above. These forecasts take into account reasonably possible changes in trading performance, potential sales of properties and the future financing of the Group. They show that the Group will have sufficient facilities for its ongoing operations.

While there will always remain some inherent uncertainty within the aforementioned cash flow forecasts, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if the going concern basis of preparation were to become no longer appropriate.

### Substantial shareholdings

As of 12 March 2010, the Board was aware of the following direct or indirect interest in 3% or more of the Company's ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares). All shares have equal voting rights.

| <b>Table 1 – Significant Shareholders</b> | <b>Number of Shares held</b> | <b>Percentage of Issued Share Capital</b> |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Livermore Investments Limited             | 10,170,367                   | 21.71                                     |
| Lockerfield Limited                       | 6,730,623                    | 14.37                                     |
| Forest Nominees Limited (1)               | 6,536,925                    | 13.95                                     |
| Capital Venture Worldwide Group Limited   | 6,385,000                    | 13.63                                     |
| RP Capital Group                          | 5,560,572                    | 11.87                                     |
| Finiman Limited                           | 4,097,509                    | 8.75                                      |
| APG Investments                           | 1,600,000                    | 3.42                                      |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                              |                              | <b>87.70</b>                              |

(1) Mr Ron Izaki is the ultimate beneficial owner of 6,461,425 of the shares, representing 13.79% of the issued share capital of the Company.

### Purchase of own shares

By a resolution passed on 24 June 2009, shareholders granted the Directors the authority to purchase a maximum of 14.99% of the Company's own shares. These may be purchased at a minimum of €0.01 per share and a maximum of no more than 5% above the average mid-market price as derived from the Daily Official List for the five business days preceding the purchase. This authority was not exercised during 2009.

### Directors and Directors' share interests

The non-executive Directors who served during the year are detailed in Table 2 below. No Director had any direct interest in the share capital of the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year or the preceding year. Mr Spicer acquired a beneficial interest in 14,785 shares in the Company in 2007.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

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**Table 2 – Non-executive Directors**

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|                           |                                                   |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Mr Quentin Spicer         | Appointed 9 February 2006                         |
| Mr Michael John Stockwell | Appointed 3 February 2006                         |
| Mrs Shelagh Mason         | Appointed 3 February 2006                         |
| Dr Helmut Tomanec         | Appointed 3 February 2006<br>Resigned 28 May 2009 |

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Biographical details for all Directors are set out on page 24.

The Directors retire by rotation and Mrs Shelagh Mason, being so entitled and willing, offers herself for re-election.

The Board is of the view that non-executive appointments for a fixed term would be inappropriate for each of the non-executive Directors due the nature of the management of the Company. The Articles of the Company do provide for the retirement by rotation of a third of the Board each year.

The Remuneration Report contains details of Directors' remuneration, terms of their appointment and those of the Property Manager and is set out on pages 35 to 37. No other Director had, during the accounting year or in the period to 15 March 2010, any material beneficial interest in any significant contract in the Group's business.

## **Directors' Responsibilities**

Guernsey company law requires that Directors prepare financial statements for each financial period. These must give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at the end of the financial period and of the results of the Group for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Ensure the financial statements comply with IFRS as adopted by the EU; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are maintained, which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Group, and that the financial statements comply with Guernsey Law. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the detection and prevention of fraud and other irregularities.

## **Company website**

To provide a portal for investor information and in accordance with the requirements of AIM and WSE, the Company maintains a website accessed at [www.atlasestates.com](http://www.atlasestates.com).

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the website. There is, however, some uncertainty regarding the legal requirements of the website as information published on the internet is accessible in many countries with different legal requirements relating to the preparation and dissemination of financial statements. The work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

## **Auditors**

The Directors confirm that as at 15 March 2010:

- So far as they are aware, there is no relevant information (that is, information needed by the Group's auditors, in connection with preparing their report) of which the Group's auditors are unaware;
- The Directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditors are aware of that information; and
- The auditing firm (qualified auditor of financial statements) who audited the consolidated annual financial statements has been selected in compliance with the provisions of the law and that this firm and the qualified auditors who performed the audit met the conditions to issue an impartial and independent opinion on the audited consolidated annual financial statements in accordance with the applicable provisions of national law.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for 2009 were audited by BDO LLP on the basis of a contract concluded on 9 December 2009. The consolidated financial statements of the Group for 2008 were audited by BDO LLP on the basis of a contract concluded on 5 December 2008.

The total fees specified in the contract with the audit company, payable or paid for an audit and review of the financial statements and for other services are presented below:

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

**Table 3 – Audit Company – fees**

|                                                                    | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Audit of individual and consolidated annual financial statements   | 315           | 328           |
| Review of interim individual and consolidated financial statements | 95            | 101           |
| Tax services                                                       | 11            | 90            |
| <b>Total</b>                                                       | <b>421</b>    | <b>519</b>    |

A resolution concerning the re-appointment of BDO LLP as auditors and their remuneration will be submitted to the Annual General Meeting.

## Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting will be held on 16 June 2010.

## Information about court proceedings

As of 12 March 2010, the Company was not aware of any proceedings instigated before a court, a competent arbitration body or a public administration authority concerning liabilities or receivables of the Company, or its subsidiaries, whose joint value constitutes at least 10% the Company's equity capital.

## Significant Agreements

In addition to the Property Management Agreement detailed in the Remuneration Report, the Group had the following significant agreements.

### *Agreement of 23 June 2008, between Capital Art Apartments and Eiffage Budownictwo MITEK S.A. as amended*

Under the above agreement, Eiffage Budownictwo MITEK S.A. agreed to carry out construction works, as the general contractor, with regard to the second stage of the Capital Art Apartments Project. The value of the agreement was agreed as equivalent to a lump sum of the amount of PLN 40,680,931 plus VAT (€9.9 million plus VAT) for part of the works, increased by a sum based on a costs plus fee (fee equal to 8%) formula for the remaining works within the general contractor works. The maximum value of the contract was agreed by the Parties at 78,000,000 PLN plus VAT (€19.0 million plus VAT). The works were completed in December 2009.

### *Agreement of 4 September 2007, between Platinum Towers and HOCHTIEF Polska Sp. z o.o.*

Under the above agreement, HOCHTIEF Polska Sp. z o.o. agreed to carry out construction works with regard to the Platinum Towers Project. The value of the agreement is PLN 179,655,000. The works were completed in September 2009.

Details of the bank financing agreements are disclosed as required in note 24 to the financial statements.

## Related party transactions

Related party transactions are stated within note 32 of the financial statements of this report, on pages 85 to 86.

## Credit and loan facilities, guarantees and sureties

### *Metropol financing*

On 25 January 2010 the Company announced that its Hungarian subsidiary Cap East Kft, which owns the Metropol office building in Budapest, had signed a credit facility for €3.1 million with FHB Kereskedelmi Bank Zft. This loan will be utilised as working capital for operations and to fund the development of its portfolio.

### *Erste cross collateralisation agreement*

On 24 February 2010 the Atlas Group companies Atlas Estates (Millennium) Sp. z o.o., Ligetvaros Kft, Atlas Solaris SRL and World Real Estate SRL signed an amendment agreement with Erste Bank. This agreement created a cross collateralisation arrangement between these 4 companies with respect to the loans provided by Erste Bank. In return for this cross collateralisation the bank agreed to waive any claims for any breaches of covenants which were in existence. A new covenant of interest service coverage has been included, with a priority of payments list, reduced margins on each loan and extension of maturity dates for the two Romanian land loans to 31 December 2012.

### *Atlas Investments B.V.*

An understanding was given to Investkredit Bank AG by Atlas Investments B.V. that invested money would not be withdrawn without prior approval of Investkredit Bank AG and to cover all costs not covered by the current sale proceeds or by the loan granted to the company Capital Art Apartments Sp. z o.o.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Corporate governance review

The Group aspires to apply the highest possible standards of corporate governance in all areas of its business. The Board and, where delegated, the Property Manager use a comprehensive system of controls, checks and reporting requirements that they consider provide the capability to maintain these standards. The systems mentioned are being designed to meet the requirements of the Company and its business and to assess and manage the opportunities and risks that may arise. Whilst the Board is mindful of the guidance of the Combined Code, its systems will be suitable for a Company of its size, the small number of Directors that form the Board and the external management function provided by the Property Manager. In accordance with the WSE Rules, the Board resolved in January 2008, to the extent practicable, to also comply with the majority of the corporate governance rules defined in the Code of Best Practices for WSE Listed Companies. However, the Company's compliance with certain principles is limited by the differences between Guernsey and Polish legal systems, procedures and accepted practices.

### **Structure and membership of the Company's Board**

The Board of Directors comprises the non-executive Chairman and two further non-executive Directors. In May 2009 Dr. Helmut Tomanec resigned as a non-executive Director. There is a clear separation of the role of the Chairman and the Property Manager, governed by the Property Management Agreement that was entered into on 24 February 2006. The Board did not find it necessary to appoint a Senior Independent Director. The Board identifies all of its non-executive Directors as being independent of the Company based on their level of involvement with the founder shareholders prior to the formation of the Group and their involvement in the day to day management of the Group on an ongoing basis. They provide strategic management and act as the final Investment Committee for all investment/divestment decisions. The executive and day to day management is provided by the Property Manager whose role and responsibilities are clearly defined in the Property Management Agreement.

The Board meets formally at least four times a year and regular contact is made between the Board and the Property Manager in the intervening periods. The Directors meet periodically without the Property Manager present and on occasion without the presence of the Chairman.

A formal schedule of matters reserved specifically for the Board's decision is approved and reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Board. Such matters include, but are not limited to:

- developing Group strategy and monitoring the progress towards objectives set for management;
- reviewing the Company's capital, operating and management structures;
- setting the system of internal and financial controls and accounting policies;
- communicating the aims and objectives of the Company to shareholders; and
- ensuring that the Group has effective risk management procedures in operation at all times.

A formal schedule of matters reserved for the Board of the Property Manager is also approved and reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Board.

All members of the Board have access to the advice and services of the Company's Administrator and full and timely access to all relevant information in an appropriate form and of sufficient quality to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities. Guidance is provided to Directors on obtaining independent professional advice when necessary and the Company maintains a comprehensive directors' and officers' liability insurance policy.

Appointments to the Board are subject to a formal process of selection involving the Board as a whole. The Directors are appointed for indefinite terms and a third of the Board retire by rotation each year. Directors' terms of appointment provide for prior approval of the Board for the acceptance of any outside appointments. In the event of a request for approval the Director in question is asked to confirm and demonstrate that they can continue to commit sufficient time to the fulfilment of their duties.

### **Board committees**

The Audit Committee comprises the whole of the Board and is chaired by Mr Stockwell. It meets at least three times a year to review the interim and year end financial statements prior to their submission to the Board and to review the appointment of the independent auditors and the scope, performance and remuneration of services provided by them. Procedures are in place for the approval of non-audit services provided by the Company's auditors. The auditors will not be awarded non-audit work unless the Company is satisfied, through enquiry, that the provision of such services would not prejudice the independence and objectivity of the auditor.

The entire Board also forms the Investment Committee in order to appraise and approve or reject investment proposals made by the Property Manager. The Investment Committee meets as and when required.

## ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

The Company has not formed a separate Remuneration or Nominations Committee as the Property Management Agreement provides for the remuneration of the Manager and the Board as a whole considers any further appointments.

**Table 4 - Attendance at meetings**

|                                    | <b>Board</b> | <b>Committee meetings<br/>Audit</b> |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>No. of meetings in the year</b> | <b>16</b>    | <b>5</b>                            |
| Mr Quentin Spicer                  | 14           | 3                                   |
| Mr Michael John Stockwell          | 13           | 5                                   |
| Mrs Shelagh Mason                  | 13           | 3                                   |
| Dr Helmut Tomanec                  | 7            | 2                                   |

No Investment Committee meetings were held in the year because all discussions and decisions related to investment proposals were made during the Board meetings.

### Property Manager

The Property Manager has also undertaken to maintain the highest standards of corporate governance in line with the direction set by the Board. Where delegated, the Property Manager has continued to put in place a comprehensive system of controls, checks and reporting requirements that they feel provides the ability to maintain these standards.

The Property Manager has a board ("PM board") comprising of a non-executive Chairman and one non-executive director. It meets formally at least four times a year and more regularly when required to do so to review its requirements under the terms of the Property Management Agreement. A formal schedule of matters reserved for the decision of the PM board, derived from the role and responsibilities set out in the Agreement has been approved and is reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The Property Manager has appointed an Investment Committee comprising two of its non-executive directors to review and approve those investment and divestment opportunities that are presented to the Company for its approval and completion. The PM board collectively approves the appointment of senior management within the Property Manager, details of which are then reported to the Company.

### Internal control

The Directors assume overall responsibility for the Group's system of internal control designed to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets and for reviewing its effectiveness. The system is regularly reviewed by the Board and accords with the Internal Control Guidance for Directors on the Combined Code. The controls are designed to identify and manage risks faced by the Group and not to totally eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives. To this end internal controls provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The implementation and operation of such systems has been delegated to the Property Manager and the processes are communicated regularly to all of their staff who are made aware of the areas for which they are responsible. Such systems include strategic planning, the appointment of appropriately qualified staff, regular reporting and monitoring of performance and effective control over capital expenditure and investment.

The Group's key internal controls are centred on a system of comprehensive reporting on all of its business activities. The Property Manager meets on a monthly basis to review the control systems and to assess the performance and position of the Group. A separate risk management process is operated that engages the Directors and senior management of the Company and Property Manager that is aimed at identifying areas of risk faced by the Group and assessing the likely impact on operating activities. Significant risks that are identified by this process are communicated to the Board with recommendations for actions to mitigate them. The Group uses independent agents to undertake any specialist analysis, investigation or action that is needed. The Board reports to shareholders at least annually that they have carried out a review of the system for internal controls.

Internal financial controls centre on a clearly defined set of control procedures and a comprehensive monthly and quarterly reporting structure. Detailed revenue, cash flow and capital forecasts are prepared for each asset and updated regularly throughout the year and reviewed by the Property Manager and the Board. The Property Manager agreement sets out clearly defined guidelines for all asset transactions. These require the approval of the Investment Committee of the Property Manager and then of the Board within defined levels of authority and de-minimis thresholds.

The Property Manager undertakes responsibility for the management of the Group's property portfolio, delegating this responsibility to appropriately qualified independent parties where it is deemed necessary. Terms of engagement for such appointments include the requirement for regular reports in an agreed form.

## **ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED**

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control. A review of these processes is conducted on a regular basis and any significant issues raised by this review are communicated to the Board for their consideration.

In accordance with the procedures outlined in this report, the Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control for the year ended 31 December 2009. The review took account of material developments that have taken place since the year end and considered the need for an internal audit function. The Board resolved that due to the size of the Company an internal audit function would be inappropriate but will review this need on an annual basis.

### **Shareholder relations**

The Board encourages active communication with all of the Company's shareholders. The Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer of the Property Manager are the main points of contact for shareholders and they endeavour to respond to enquiries on a timely basis either verbally or in writing. Provision is made on the Company's website for enquiries to be made of Directors.

As part of the communication process a series of meetings is held between the Property Manager and significant shareholders throughout the year. Directors are invited to attend these meetings and are available should shareholders request their attendance. All shareholders have at least twenty working days notice of the Annual General Meeting, at which all Directors and committee chairmen are introduced and available for questions.

Throughout the year meetings are held with the Company's brokers and other corporate advisors to feed back information that they have gathered concerning shareholder opinion. Topics raised at other meetings are communicated to the Board and discussed at subsequent Board meetings.

The non-executive directors have direct face-to-face contact with shareholders and are also regularly updated on major shareholder meetings and analysts or broker briefings.

The rights of the shareholders are subject to Guernsey Law and the Articles of Association of the Company.

The rules governing the change in the articles of the Company are subject to Guernsey Law and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.

### **Performance evaluation**

The Property Manager agreement provides for a formal process of performance evaluation that is based on the collective performance of the Manager rather than on an individual's performance. These performance criteria are based on financial measures over the life of the Property Management Agreement. In addition, procedures are in place to review the approach and resources applied by the Property Manager and its performance throughout the year.

Procedures are also in place that enables the Board to appraise the performance of and level of fees paid to the Administrator and the Company's professional advisors.

Details of those Directors seeking re-election at the Company's Annual General Meeting can be found on page 30.

**Quentin Spicer**  
Chairman  
15 March 2010

**Shelagh Mason**  
Director

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Remuneration Report

The Directors present their report on their remuneration and that of the Property Manager (the 'Report') that has been prepared in a manner consistent with commonly accepted practice.

The Report is to be approved at the Annual General Meeting of the Company at which the financial statements will be approved and a resolution to this effect will be proposed at the Meeting.

### Non-executive Directors

All non-executive Directors have specific terms of appointment that include their membership of the Audit Committee and the fee payable to them for their services. Their remuneration is determined by the Board in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. Such fees are reviewed annually with regard to a Director's performance and those fees paid to non-executive directors of similar companies.

Non-executive Directors do not participate in the Warrant Instrument.

Details of the terms of appointment for those who served as non-executive Directors during the year are:

| Table 5 – Non-executive Directors' service contracts |                 |                      |               |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|
|                                                      | Contract Date   | Term                 | Notice Period |
| Mr Quentin Spicer                                    | 9 February 2006 | Indefinite           | 90 days       |
| Mr Michael John Stockwell                            | 3 February 2006 | Indefinite           | 90 days       |
| Mrs Shelagh Mason                                    | 3 February 2006 | Indefinite           | 90 days       |
| Dr Helmut Tomanec                                    | 3 February 2006 | Resigned 28 May 2009 | n/a           |

### Property Manager

On signing the Property Management Agreement, the Company looked to structure a remuneration package that combined a basic fee element with performance related rewards that motivate the Property Manager and align their interests with the performance and growth of the business and the long term enhancement of shareholder value.

#### Basic fee

In consideration of the services to be provided by AMC, AMC will receive an annual management fee of 2 per cent. of the previous year's closing adjusted NAV (less any un-invested net proceeds of the IPO or any subsequent equity capital raising).

In addition, AMC is entitled to be reimbursed by the Company for all costs and expenses incurred by it in the performance of its obligations under the Property Management Agreement (not including its own internal operating costs).

#### Performance fee

In addition, AMC will receive a performance fee payable if the Total Shareholder Return in any year exceeds 12 per cent (adjusted to make up for any prior years where the Total Shareholder Return was negative – the "Hurdle Rate"). Once this threshold is exceeded, AMC is entitled to receive a fee equal to 25 per cent of the amount by which the Total Shareholder Return for the relevant financial period exceeds the Hurdle Rate for such period multiplied by the previous year's closing adjusted NAV after the deduction of any dividends declared or to be declared but not yet paid in respect of that period.

One third of any performance fee payable to AMC under the agreement may, at the option of the Company be paid in the form of new Ordinary Shares issued to AMC at a price equal to the average closing price of the Company's shares for the 45 days prior to the date of issue of such shares. This option may not be exercised where it would trigger an obligation to make a mandatory offer for the Company pursuant to the City Code.

#### AMC performance fee payment

AMC's performance fee in respect of the financial years ended 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 was €nil.

### Term and Termination

The Property Management Agreement is to run for an initial seven year term from 24 February 2006 and may be terminated thereafter on 12 months' notice by either party. The agreement may be terminated at any time for reasons of material breach by either party not remedied within a 90 day period (21 days if the breach relates to non-payment of sums due to the Property Manager) or on the insolvency of either party. The Company may also terminate the Agreement in the event that any of the AMC Shareholders sells (other than to certain categories of intra-group permitted transferees) more than 49 per cent. of their respective shareholdings in AMC as at the date of Admission or in the event that the AMC Shareholders (or their permitted transferees) between them cease to own collectively at least 75 per cent

## ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

of the issued share capital of AMC. The Company also has the right to terminate the agreement in the event that it becomes tax resident in the United Kingdom for any reason. Upon termination of this Agreement, the Manager shall be entitled to receive all fees and other moneys accrued to it (and unpaid) and a performance fee.

### Share schemes

On 23 February 2006 the Company executed and adopted a Warrant Instrument providing for the issue of warrants over 5,114,153 ordinary shares. Following the exercise of the Greenshoe on 15 March 2006, an additional Warrant Instrument was executed and adopted to provide for the issue of warrants over a further 373,965 ordinary shares. The Warrants are exercisable during the period commencing 1 March 2007 and expiring on the earlier of: (i) 28 February 2013; or, (ii) upon an offeror becoming entitled to acquire the entire issued share capital of the Company.

The exercise price of each of the Warrants is £3.41 (£3.85 as at 31 December 2009). The exercise price and number of Ordinary Shares relating to such Warrants will be subject to adjustment in respect of dilution events, including the payment by the Company of cash or special dividends, any amalgamation, reorganisation, reclassification, consolidation, merger or sale of all or substantially all of the Group's assets and other dilutive events. The Warrants are freely transferable.

The total amounts for Directors' remuneration were as follows:

| <b>Table 6 – Directors' emoluments – representing fees only</b> |  | <b>2009</b>    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--|----------------|
|                                                                 |  | €              |
| <b>Non-executive Directors</b>                                  |  |                |
| Mr Quentin Spicer                                               |  | 63,866         |
| Mr Michael John Stockwell                                       |  | 47,059         |
| Mrs Shelagh Mason                                               |  | 52,661         |
| Dr Helmut Tomanec                                               |  | 23,529         |
| <b>Total</b>                                                    |  | <b>187,115</b> |

| <b>Table 7 – Warrants issued</b> |                |                    |                       |                      |                         |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
|                                  | <b>Granted</b> | <b>Transferred</b> | <b>At 31 Dec 2009</b> | <b>Date of grant</b> | <b>Date Exercisable</b> |
| Rafael Berber                    | 306,849        | -                  | 306,849               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 306,849        | -                  | 306,849               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
| Roni Izaki                       | 306,849        | -                  | 306,849               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 306,849        | -                  | 306,849               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
| Dori Dankner                     | 306,849        | -                  | 306,849               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 306,849        | -                  | 306,849               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
| Gadi Dankner                     | 306,849        | -                  | 306,849               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 306,849        | -                  | 306,849               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
| D Saradhi Rajan                  | 208,063        | -                  | 208,063               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 208,063        | -                  | 208,063               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 22,438         | -                  | 22,438                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
| Lou Silver                       | 98,786         | -                  | 98,786                | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 98,786         | -                  | 98,786                | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
| Atlas                            | 511,416        | -                  | 511,416               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
| Management                       | 511,416        | -                  | 511,416               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
| Company                          | 511,416        | -                  | 511,416               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2009            |
| Limited                          | 511,415        | -                  | 511,415               | 24 Feb 2006          | 1 March 2010            |
|                                  | 37,396         | -                  | 37,396                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2007            |
|                                  | 37,396         | -                  | 37,396                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2008            |
|                                  | 37,396         | -                  | 37,396                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2009            |
|                                  | 37,397         | -                  | 37,397                | 20 Mar 2006          | 1 March 2010            |

## **ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED**

The warrants have been issued at nil cost to the recipients with an exercise price of £3.41 per share. These warrants are exercisable at any time during the period commencing on admission to trading on AIM (1 March 2006) and ending on the seventh anniversary of such admission. There are no performance criteria for execution and execution can be undertaken on or after the date of exercise as detailed above or immediately upon a Change of Control of the Company. None of the terms and conditions of the warrants has been varied in the period.

No Directors have been issued warrants over the shares in any other Group company.

During the year to 31 December 2009, the market price of the ordinary shares ranged between £0.30 and £0.98 on AIM and PLN 1.85 and PLN 4.76 on WSE.

### **Approval**

The Board approved the Remuneration Report without amendment. This report was approved by the Board of Directors on 15 March 2010 and signed on its behalf by:

**Quentin Spicer**  
**Director**  
**15 March 2010**

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## Declaration of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of Atlas Estates Limited hereby declare that, to the best of their knowledge, the consolidated annual financial statements and report and the comparable information have been prepared in accordance with the rules of the London Stock Exchange for companies trading securities on the Alternative Investment Market, with the rules of the Warsaw Stock Exchange, and with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and IFRIC interpretations as adopted by the European Union and therefore comply with Article 4 of the EU IAS Regulation. The consolidated annual financial statements and report give a true, fair and clear view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and net result of the Group.

The annual report includes a fair review of the development of the business and important events impacting it, as well as a description of the principal risks and uncertainties of the business.

**Quentin Spicer**  
Chairman

**Michael Stockwell**  
Director

**Shelagh Mason**  
Director

15 March 2010

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## **Independent Auditor's Report to the shareholders of Atlas Estates Limited**

We have audited the group financial statements of Atlas Estates Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated cash flow statement, and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

We have reported separately on the company financial statements of Atlas Estates Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009.

### **Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors**

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and group financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and whether the information given in the directors' report is consistent with those financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records or if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We read other information contained in the consolidated financial statements and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the consolidated financial statements. This other information comprises the Financial Highlights, Chairman's Statement, Review of the Property Manager, Property Portfolio Information, Directors' Report, Remuneration Report and the Declaration of the Board of Directors. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

### **Basis of audit opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion:

- the group financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, of the state of the group's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008; and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

*BDO LLP*

*Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors*

*London*

15 March 2010

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2009

|                                                     | 2009<br>€'000   | 2008<br>€'000   | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|
| <b>Revenues</b>                                     | 47,279          | 51,875          | 3     |
| Cost of operations                                  | (31,730)        | (35,284)        | 4.1   |
| <b>Gross profit</b>                                 | <b>15,549</b>   | <b>16,591</b>   |       |
| <i>Property manager fee</i>                         | <i>(4,140)</i>  | <i>(5,719)</i>  |       |
| <i>Central administrative expenses</i>              | <i>(1,337)</i>  | <i>(4,436)</i>  |       |
| <i>Property related expenses</i>                    | <i>(4,872)</i>  | <i>(5,251)</i>  |       |
| Administrative expenses                             | (10,349)        | (15,406)        | 4.2   |
| Decrease in value of investment properties          | (35,558)        | (4,495)         | 16    |
| Other operating income                              | 1,023           | 1,164           | 5     |
| Other operating expense                             | (17,797)        | (1,974)         | 6     |
| Impairment charge in relation to goodwill           | -               | (469)           | 11    |
| Negative goodwill realised on acquisitions          | -               | 687             | 11    |
| <b>Loss from operations</b>                         | <b>(47,132)</b> | <b>(3,902)</b>  |       |
| Finance income                                      | 586             | 1,379           | 7     |
| Finance costs                                       | (10,607)        | (16,153)        | 7     |
| Other gains and (losses) – foreign exchange         | 130             | (22,174)        | 7     |
| <b>Loss before taxation</b>                         | <b>(57,023)</b> | <b>(40,850)</b> |       |
| Tax credit                                          | 7,805           | 1,153           | 8     |
| <b>Loss for the year</b>                            | <b>(49,218)</b> | <b>(39,697)</b> |       |
| <b>Attributable to:</b>                             |                 |                 |       |
| Equity shareholders of the Company                  | (48,677)        | (39,694)        |       |
| Minority interests                                  | (541)           | (3)             |       |
|                                                     | <b>(49,218)</b> | <b>(39,697)</b> |       |
| Loss per €0.01 ordinary share – basic (eurocents)   | (103.9)         | (86.6)          | 10    |
| Loss per €0.01 ordinary share – diluted (eurocents) | (103.9)         | (86.6)          | 10    |

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The notes on pages 46 to 88 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2009

|                                                               | 2009<br>€'000   | 2008<br>€'000   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>LOSS FOR THE PERIOD</b>                                    | <b>(49,218)</b> | <b>(39,697)</b> |
| <b>Other comprehensive income:</b>                            |                 |                 |
| Revaluation of buildings within property, plant and equipment | (10,852)        | 11,052          |
| Deferred tax on revaluation of buildings                      | 2,213           | (3,621)         |
| Exchange adjustments                                          | (2,108)         | (17,929)        |
| Deferred tax on exchange adjustments                          | (5)             | 1,009           |
| Other comprehensive income for the period (net of tax)        | (10,752)        | (9,489)         |
| <b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD</b>              | <b>(59,970)</b> | <b>(49,186)</b> |
| <b>Total comprehensive income attributable to:</b>            |                 |                 |
| Equity shareholders of the parent Company                     | (59,429)        | (49,183)        |
| Non-controlling interests                                     | (541)           | (3)             |
|                                                               | <b>(59,970)</b> | <b>(49,186)</b> |

The notes on pages 46 to 88 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2009

|                                                                              | 2009<br>€'000    | 2008<br>€'000    | Notes     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                                                |                  |                  |           |
| <b>Non-current assets</b>                                                    |                  |                  |           |
| Intangible assets                                                            | 227              | 610              | 13        |
| Land under operating lease - prepayments                                     | 13,166           | 16,445           | 14        |
| Property, plant and equipment                                                | 95,525           | 108,035          | 15        |
| Investment property                                                          | 161,027          | 198,677          | 16        |
| Other loans receivable                                                       | 2,380            | 7,928            | 19        |
| Deferred tax asset                                                           | 8,233            | 5,358            | 26        |
|                                                                              | <b>280,558</b>   | <b>337,053</b>   |           |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                                        |                  |                  |           |
| Inventories                                                                  | 138,720          | 155,855          | 18        |
| Trade and other receivables                                                  | 4,380            | 7,838            | 19        |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                    | 13,051           | 15,288           | 21        |
|                                                                              | <b>156,151</b>   | <b>178,981</b>   |           |
| <b>Non current assets classified as held for sale</b>                        | <b>26,591</b>    | <b>-</b>         | <b>20</b> |
|                                                                              | <b>182,742</b>   | <b>178,981</b>   |           |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>                                                          | <b>463,300</b>   | <b>516,034</b>   |           |
| <b>Current liabilities</b>                                                   |                  |                  |           |
| Trade and other payables                                                     | (55,543)         | (53,402)         | 23        |
| Bank loans                                                                   | (156,031)        | (95,702)         | 24        |
| Derivative financial instruments                                             | (368)            | (456)            | 25        |
|                                                                              | <b>(211,942)</b> | <b>(149,560)</b> |           |
| <b>Liabilities directly associated with non current assets held for sale</b> | <b>(19,444)</b>  | <b>-</b>         | <b>20</b> |
|                                                                              | <b>(231,386)</b> | <b>(149,560)</b> |           |
| <b>Non-current liabilities</b>                                               |                  |                  |           |
| Other payables                                                               | (5,308)          | (10,104)         | 23        |
| Bank loans                                                                   | (91,719)         | (151,983)        | 24        |
| Derivative financial instruments                                             | (1,257)          | (1,427)          | 25        |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                                     | (19,732)         | (29,121)         | 26        |
|                                                                              | <b>(118,016)</b> | <b>(192,635)</b> |           |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>                                                     | <b>(349,402)</b> | <b>(342,195)</b> |           |
| <b>NET ASSETS</b>                                                            | <b>113,898</b>   | <b>173,839</b>   |           |

The notes on pages 46 to 88 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2009

|                                                             | 2009<br>€'000  | 2008<br>€'000  | Notes |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| <b>EQUITY</b>                                               |                |                |       |
| Share capital account                                       | 6,268          | 6,268          | 27    |
| Revaluation reserve                                         | 6,936          | 15,575         | 29    |
| Other distributable reserve                                 | 194,817        | 194,817        | 29    |
| Translation reserve                                         | (6,795)        | (4,682)        | 29    |
| Accumulated loss                                            | (88,060)       | (39,412)       |       |
| <b>Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company</b> | <b>113,166</b> | <b>172,566</b> |       |
| <b>Minority Interests</b>                                   | <b>732</b>     | <b>1,273</b>   | 30    |
| <b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>                                         | <b>113,898</b> | <b>173,839</b> |       |
| Basic net asset value per share                             | €2.42          | €3.68          |       |

The notes on pages 46 to 88 form part of these consolidated financial statements. The financial statements on pages 40 to 88 were approved by the Board of Directors on 15 March 2010 and signed on its behalf by:

**Quentin Spicer**  
Chairman

**Shelagh Mason**  
Director

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2009

|                                                  | Share capital<br>account<br>€'000 | Other<br>reserves<br>€'000 | Accumulated<br>loss<br>€'000 | Total<br>€'000  | Minority<br>interest<br>€'000 | Total equity<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>As at 1 January 2008</b>                      | <b>484</b>                        | <b>224,524</b>             | <b>(1,631)</b>               | <b>223,377</b>  | <b>739</b>                    | <b>224,116</b>        |
| Total comprehensive income for the year          | -                                 | (11,311)                   | (37,872)                     | <b>(49,183)</b> | (3)                           | <b>(49,186)</b>       |
| Minority interest acquired in the year (note 30) | -                                 | -                          | -                            | -               | 537                           | <b>537</b>            |
| Shares issued in the year (note 27)              | 5,784                             | -                          | -                            | <b>5,784</b>    | -                             | <b>5,784</b>          |
| Share based payments (note 28)                   | -                                 | -                          | 91                           | <b>91</b>       | -                             | <b>91</b>             |
| Dividends paid (note 9)                          | -                                 | (7,503)                    | -                            | <b>(7,503)</b>  | -                             | <b>(7,503)</b>        |
| <b>As at 31 December 2008</b>                    | <b>6,268</b>                      | <b>205,710</b>             | <b>(39,412)</b>              | <b>172,566</b>  | <b>1,273</b>                  | <b>173,839</b>        |
| Total comprehensive income for the year          | -                                 | (10,752)                   | (48,677)                     | <b>(59,429)</b> | (541)                         | <b>(59,970)</b>       |
| Share based payments (note 28)                   | -                                 | -                          | 29                           | <b>29</b>       | -                             | <b>29</b>             |
| <b>As at 31 December 2009</b>                    | <b>6,268</b>                      | <b>194,958</b>             | <b>(88,060)</b>              | <b>113,166</b>  | <b>732</b>                    | <b>113,898</b>        |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Year ended 31 December 2009

|                                                                          | Note      | 2009<br>€'000   | 2008<br>€'000   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>Cash inflow/ (outflow) generated from operations</b>                  | <b>22</b> | <b>2,446</b>    | <b>(13,052)</b> |
| Interest received                                                        |           | 148             | 517             |
| Interest paid                                                            |           | (12,227)        | (16,114)        |
| Tax paid                                                                 |           | (791)           | (491)           |
| <b>Net cash outflow from operating activities</b>                        |           | <b>(10,424)</b> | <b>(29,140)</b> |
| <b>Investing activities</b>                                              |           |                 |                 |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries – net of cash acquired                       |           | -               | 58              |
| Disposal of subsidiary interest – net of cash disposed                   |           | 792             | -               |
| Purchase of investment property                                          |           | (268)           | (835)           |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment                                |           | (233)           | (1,460)         |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment                  |           | 69              | 156             |
| Purchase of intangible assets – software                                 |           | (21)            | (18)            |
| <b>Net cash from/ (used in) investing activities</b>                     |           | <b>339</b>      | <b>(2,099)</b>  |
| <b>Financing activities</b>                                              |           |                 |                 |
| Dividends paid                                                           |           | -               | (6,256)         |
| New bank loans raised                                                    |           | 27,972          | 41,899          |
| Repayments of bank loans                                                 |           | (18,214)        | (16,796)        |
| New loans granted to JV partners                                         |           | (259)           | (746)           |
| New loans received from minority investors                               |           | 2,713           | 722             |
| <b>Net cash from financing activities</b>                                |           | <b>12,212</b>   | <b>18,823</b>   |
| <b>Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents in the year</b> |           | <b>2,127</b>    | <b>(12,416)</b> |
| Effect of foreign exchange rates                                         |           | (4,364)         | (7,157)         |
| <b>Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents in the year</b>             |           | <b>(2,237)</b>  | <b>(19,573)</b> |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>            |           | <b>15,288</b>   | <b>34,861</b>   |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year</b>                   |           | <b>13,051</b>   | <b>15,288</b>   |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>                                         |           |                 |                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                | <b>21</b> | 13,265          | 15,288          |
| Cash and cash equivalents held for sale                                  | <b>20</b> | (214)           | -               |
| Bank overdrafts                                                          |           | -               | -               |
|                                                                          | <b>21</b> | <b>13,051</b>   | <b>15,288</b>   |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Year ended 31 December 2009

### *Basis of preparation*

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Guernsey law and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and IFRIC interpretations adopted by the European Union and therefore comply with Article 4 of the EU IAS Regulation. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and on a historical cost basis as amended by the revaluation of land and buildings and investment property, and financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost. The principal accounting policies are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

As described in the Chairman's Statement and in the Review of the Property Manager, the economic environment has been challenging and the Group has reported a loss from operations for the year ended 31 December 2009 and a significant fall in net asset value as at 31 December 2009. The directors consider that the outlook presents ongoing challenges in terms of the markets in which the Group operates, the effect of fluctuating exchange rates in the functional currencies of the Group and the availability of bank financing for the Group.

As at 31 December 2009 the Group held land and building assets with a market value of €442 million, compared to external debt of €260 million. Subject to the time lag in realising the value in these assets in order to generate cash, this loan to value ratio gives a strong indication of the Group's ability to generate sufficient cash in order to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Any land and building assets and associated debts which are ring-fenced in unique, specific, corporate vehicles, which are subject to any repossession by the bank on default of loan terms would clear the outstanding debt and not result in additional finance liabilities for the Company or for the Group. There are also unencumbered assets which could potentially be leveraged to raise additional finance.

For the first time the Group has entered into a cross collateralisation agreement on four of its loans with one bank. This has been necessary due to technical covenant breaches. As a result of the amendment agreement the bank has agreed to a waiver of all prior covenant breaches and improved terms and conditions for the Group.

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, the directors have reclassified four loans totaling €92.4 million within the financial statements from non current liabilities to current liabilities as bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand, where covenant breaches or defaults on these loans arose. The banks are aware of the technical breaches and defaults and have not asked for repayment of the loans. Two of these loans, totalling €67.1 million in 2009, were in breach at 31 December 2008 and were classified as bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand at 31 December 2008. The defaults on the other two loans result from non payment of interest. In addition there is one loan that is repayable on demand in the amount of €9.0 million (2008: €8.4 million due within one year). Negotiations are ongoing with the bank on refinancing terms. Loans maturing within one year total €156.0 million (excluding loans associated with assets held for sale) at 31 December 2009 compared to €95.7 million at 31 December 2008. €25.4 million of the €60.3 million increase from 31 December 2008 relates to the two defaults discussed above. The remaining increase of €34.9 million has resulted from the natural maturing of the Group's debt. Discussions are currently in progress with the banks in relation to repayment of certain of these loans.

In assessing the going concern basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, the directors have taken into account the status of current negotiations on loans. These are disclosed in note 24 as part of the bank loans note. The Company has also continued to provide funds to service interest and capital repayments on these loans on behalf of its subsidiary companies

The Directors have also taken into account the disposal of the Group's interests in Slovakia as announced on 3 November 2009. This is discussed in notes 20 and 31 as part of the assets held for sale note and the disposals note. On completion of this transaction, the combined impact of ceasing to consolidate its share of debt in the joint venture and the receipt of the cash consideration will reduce the Group's overall debt by some €20.5 million pending any reinvestment of the cash proceeds.

The Group's forecasts and projections have been prepared taking into account the economic environment and its challenges and the mitigating factors referred to above. These forecasts take into account reasonably possible changes in trading performance, potential sales of properties and the future financing of the Group. They show that the Group will have sufficient facilities for its ongoing operations.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### *Basis of preparation (continued)*

While there will always remain some inherent uncertainty within the aforementioned cash flow forecasts, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if the going concern basis of preparation were to become no longer appropriate.

### *Basis of consolidation*

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries up to 31 December 2009. Subsidiaries are those entities that are controlled by the Company. Control is achieved where the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries and joint ventures acquired or disposed of during the year are included from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by the Group.

The interest of minority shareholders is stated at the minority's proportion of the book value of the assets and any liabilities recognised. Any losses incurred in subsequent periods applicable to the minority interest in excess of the minority interest are allocated against the interests of the parent.

The Group reports its interests in joint ventures using proportionate consolidation. The Group's share of the assets, liabilities, income, expenses and cash flows of jointly controlled entities are combined with the equivalent items in the consolidated financial statements on a line-by-line basis.

The consolidated financial information is prepared in Euro and presented in thousands of Euro ("€'000").

### *Segmental reporting*

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the steering committee that makes strategic decisions.

### *Revenue recognition*

Revenue comprises:

- (i) rental income, service charge and other recoveries from tenants and the supply of utilities to tenants of the Group's investment and trading properties;
- (ii) sale of hotel rooms, food and beverages; and
- (iii) proceeds of the sale of residential apartments developed by the Group.

Rental income includes income from managed operations such as car parks. Service charges and other recoveries include income in relation to service charges and directly recoverable expenditure and any related chargeable management fees.

Rental income is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term. Service charges and management fees are recognised as the related costs are incurred and charged. Changes to rental income that arise from reviews to open market rental values or increases that are indexed linked on a periodic basis are recognised from the date on which the adjustment became due. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the net consideration for the use of the property. Lease incentives are allocated evenly over the life of the lease. Rental income and services charges are stated net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### *Revenue recognition (continued)*

Revenue from the sale of hotel rooms, food and beverages is recognised when the service or product is delivered and is stated net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of housing units is recognised when the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer and provided that the Company has no further substantial acts to complete under the contract.

Other revenues, including the sale of utilities and other management fee income, are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of VAT and other sales related taxes. These revenues are recognised as the related costs are incurred.

### *Share based payments*

The cost of granting warrants to the Property Manager, its directors and employees is recognised through the income statement. A corresponding entry is made to equity. The Group has used the Black-Scholes option valuation model and the resulting value is amortised through the income statement over the vesting period of the warrants.

### *Foreign currencies*

The individual financial statements of each Group company are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each Group company are expressed in Euro, which are the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

Transactions in foreign currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value, which are denominated in foreign currencies, are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not re-translated.

Gains and losses arising on the settlement of monetary items and on the re-translation of monetary items are included in the income statement for the year. Those that arise on the re-translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in the income statement for the year except for differences arising on the re-translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. For such non-monetary items any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised directly in equity.

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of the Group's overseas operations (none of which has the currency of hyperinflationary economy) are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated using the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's translation reserve. Such translation differences are recognised as income or as expenses in the period in which the operation is disposed.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and are translated at the closing rate.

### *Leases*

Where the Group is the lessee:

Operating leases – leases held by the Group where substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are retained by another party, the lessor, are deemed to be operating leases. All payments made under such leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease.

Finance leases – are leases where the Group holds substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Such leases are capitalised at commencement of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the property and the present

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### *Leases (continued)*

value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges in order that a constant rate may be achieved on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations are included in current and non-current liabilities, net of finance charges. Finance charges are charged to the income statement over the term of the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the outstanding balance. Investment properties acquired under finance leases are carried at their fair value.

Long term lease contracts for land – the Group is the lessee in long-term land lease contracts, which do not result in the transfer of legal title to the land to the Group, and which are classified as operating leases.

The expenditure relating to the purchase of rights from such contracts is initially recognised in the balance sheet at fair value of the payments made and subsequently at amortised cost. They are classified in the balance sheet as land held under operating lease – prepayments.

Where the land held under operating lease is part of an investment property, the operating lease contract for the land is treated as a finance lease in accordance with IAS 40. As a result, at the time the Group enters into the contract, the fair value of future payments under the lease contract is calculated and recognised as a liability. Following the initial recognition, in subsequent accounting periods, the total value of investment property (including the land element) is revalued to fair value and the difference is included in the income statement.

The long-term land lease contracts which are separately disclosed in the balance sheet (i.e. do not qualify as investment property) are charged to the income statement over the lease term and are subject to impairment charges if required.

Where the Group is the lessor:

Operating leases – properties that are let to tenants under operating leases are classed as investment properties in the balance sheet.

### *Borrowing costs*

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets, that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets until they are substantially ready for use or sale.

Interest-bearing bank loans and overdrafts are initially recorded at fair value, net of direct issue costs, and are then subsequently measured at amortised cost with interest being calculated using the effective interest rate method. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the year in which they are incurred.

### *Financial assets*

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

#### *(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. As at 31 December 2009 and 2008, no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were held by the Group.

#### *(b) Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are classified as 'trade and other receivables', 'other loan receivables' or 'loans receivable from minority investors' in the balance sheet (note 19). Cash and cash equivalents (note 21) are

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### *Financial assets (continued)*

classified as loans and receivables. Cash and cash equivalents are a separate position in the balance sheet.

#### *(c) Available-for-sale financial assets*

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. As at 31 December 2009 and 2008, no available-for-sale financial assets were held by the Group.

### *Financial liabilities*

#### *(a) Fair value through profit and loss*

This category comprises only out-of-the-money derivatives. They are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The Group does not hold or issue derivative instruments for speculative purposes, but for hedging purposes. Other than these derivative financial instruments, the Group does not have any liabilities held for trading nor has it designated any financial liabilities as being at fair value through profit and loss.

### *Fair value measurement hierarchy*

IFRS 7 requires certain disclosures which require the classification of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- (a) Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- (b) Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2)
- (c) Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (Level 3)

### *Intangible assets*

Intangibles represent computer software used in the Group's operations. Computer software is amortised over its useful economic life of five years.

### *Property, plant and equipment*

Land (except land under operating lease contracts) and buildings held for use in the supply of hotel services are stated in the balance sheet at their revalued amounts, being fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent impairment losses. Revaluations are performed on a semi-annual basis.

Any revaluation increase arising on such assets is credited to the revaluation reserve, except if it reverses a previous reduction in value for the same property that was previously recognised as an expense. In this instance the revaluation increase is credited to the income statement to the extent that the previous reduction in value was charged. A decrease in the valuation of land and buildings is charged as an expense to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held on the property revaluation reserve relating to a previous increase in the revaluation of that asset.

Depreciation on revalued properties is charged to income statement. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued property, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the property revaluation reserve is transferred directly to retained earnings.

Machinery, office equipment, computers and motor vehicles are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any recognised impairment loss.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful economic lives, using the straight-line method, on the following bases:

|                     |               |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Buildings           | Over 50 years |
| Plant and equipment | 3 to 10 years |
| Motor vehicles      | 5 years       |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### ***Property, plant and equipment (continued)***

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income statement.

### ***Goodwill***

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. On acquisition, the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of a subsidiary are measured at their fair values at the date of acquisition. Any excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill. Any discount received is credited to the income statement in the period of acquisition. Goodwill is not amortised but is reviewed for impairment at each balance sheet date. The Group's policy on impairment is set out below.

### ***Impairment***

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-monetary assets, other than investment property, are reviewed at each reporting date. If any indication of impairment of the value of these assets exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is assessed. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable value of an asset is assessed by obtaining an independent assessment of its market value less any costs that would be incurred to realise its value.

### ***Non-current assets held for sale***

Non-current assets are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated as the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell if their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

### ***Investment property***

Investment properties are those that are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both. Such properties are initially stated at cost, including any related transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at their fair value based on a professional valuation made at each semi annual reporting date.

At each reporting date the difference between the carrying amount of an investment property and its fair value at that date is included in the income statement as a valuation gain or loss.

### ***Other loans receivable***

Other loans receivable are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost method. The carrying amounts of other loans receivable are reviewed at each reporting date. If any indication of impairment of the value of these assets exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is assessed. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

An impairment of other loans receivable is recognised when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### ***Inventories of housing units***

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour costs, interest costs of financing the development and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price, less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing and selling the inventories.

### ***Trade receivables***

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) is considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement within administrative expenses. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against administrative expenses in the income statement.

### ***Cash and cash equivalents***

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash balances, deposits held at banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within bank loans in current liabilities on the balance sheet. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and which form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

### ***Restricted cash: bank deposits and customer deposits***

Restricted bank deposits consist of deposits in banks that the Group pledged to secure banking facilities for the Group and to which the Group does not have access; and customer deposits to which the Group does have access but which for best practice are treated as restricted. These are included in cash and cash equivalents.

### ***Financial liabilities and equity***

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. As at 31 December 2009 and 2008, the Group had interest rate swaps categorised as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

### ***Bank borrowings***

Interest bearing bank loans and overdrafts are initially recorded at fair value, net of direct issue costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans are recorded at amortised cost with interest being calculated using the effective interest rate method. Finance charges, including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs, are accounted for on an accruals basis in the income statement using the effective interest rate method and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise.

### ***Trade payables***

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### *Equity instruments*

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of any direct issue costs.

### *Treasury shares*

The costs of purchasing Treasury shares are shown as a deduction against equity. The purchase of own shares does not lead to a gain or loss being recognised in the income statement.

### *Taxation*

With effect from 1 January 2008, Guernsey's corporate tax regime has changed. From that date the exempt company and international business regimes have been abolished as a consequence of which the Company is treated as resident for tax purposes subject to 0% tax. These changes do not adversely affect the tax efficiency of the AEL group corporate structure.

Current tax arises in jurisdictions other than Guernsey. It is based on taxable profit for the year and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it is adjusted for items of income or expense that are taxable or tax deductible in other years (temporary differences) and items that are never taxable or deductible (permanent differences). Temporary differences principally arise from using different balance sheet values for assets and liabilities than their respective tax base values. Deferred tax is generally provided in respect of all these taxable temporary differences at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the future reversal of the underlying temporary differences can be deducted.

Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences arise from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets shall reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not netted off against each other unless they relate to taxes levied by the same authority and arise in the same taxable entity or in different taxable entities that intend to recover the tax assets / settle the liabilities simultaneously on a net basis.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also charged or credited to equity.

### *Dividends*

Final dividend payments in respect of a financial year are recognised as a liability in the year in which the dividend payment is approved by the Company's shareholders.

Interim dividends paid are recognised in the year in which the payment is made.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### *Changes to accounting policies since the last period*

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments applied for the first time from 1 January 2009, have had an effect on the financial statements:

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: A revised presentation

As a result of the application of the Amendment the Group have elected to present two separate statements, an income statement and a statement of comprehensive income; previously it presented an income statement only. The Amendment does not change the recognition or measurement of transactions and balances in the financial statements.

IFRS 8 Operating Segments

This standard contains requirements for the disclosure of information about an entity's operating segments and also about the entity's products and services, the geographical areas in which it operates, and its major customers. The standard is concerned only with disclosure and replaces IAS 14 – Segment reporting.

The following standards and interpretations, issued by the IASB or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), are also effective for the first time in the current financial year and have been adopted by the Group with no significant impact on its consolidated results or financial position.

IFRIC13 – Customer Loyalty Programmes (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008). IFRIC 13 has been endorsed for use in the EU.

IAS23 (Amendment) – Borrowing costs (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009). IAS23 has been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRS2 (amendment) - 'Share-based payment: vesting conditions and cancellations' effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009). This amendment has been endorsed for use in the EU.

Amendments to IAS32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and IAS1 Presentation of Financial Statements – Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations arising on Liquidation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009). These amendments have been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRIC15 – Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009). IFRIC15 has been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRIC16 – Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009). IFRIC16 has been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRS1 First Time Adoption of IFRS and IAS27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (amended) (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009). This amendment has been endorsed for use in the EU.

IAS39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and IFRS7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures (amended) (effective for periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008). This amendment has been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRS7 (amended) 'Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009). This amendment has been endorsed for use in the EU.

In addition, the IASB2008 annual improvements project includes minor amendments to various accounting standards which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### *Changes to accounting policies since the last period (continued)*

The following standards and interpretations issued by the IASB or IFRIC have not been adopted by the Group as these were not effective for the year 2009. The Group is currently assessing the impact these standards and interpretations will have on the presentation of its consolidated results in future periods.

IFRS3 (revised) – Business combinations (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009). IFRS3 (revised) has been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRIC17, 'Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009). This IFRIC has been endorsed for use in the EU.

Amendment to IAS39 'Reclassification of Financial Assets: Effective Date and Transition' (effective for accounting periods starting on or after 1 July 2009). This amendment has been endorsed for use in the EU.

Amendment to IAS39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement: Eligible Hedged Items' (effective for accounting periods starting on or after 1 July 2009). This amendment has been endorsed for use in the EU.

Amendments to IFRIC9 and IAS39 'Embedded Derivatives' (effective for accounting periods starting on or after 1 July 2009). This amendment has been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRIC18, 'Transfers of Assets from Customers' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009). This interpretation has been endorsed for use in the EU.

Revised IAS24 'Related Party Disclosures' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011). This revision has not yet been endorsed for use in the EU. This revision will only impact disclosure and have no effect on the net assets or result of the Group.

Amendment to IAS32 'Classification of Rights Issues' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010). This amendment has been endorsed for use in the EU.

Amendment to IFRS1 'Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010). This amendment has not yet been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRIC19, 'Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010). This interpretation has not yet been endorsed for use in the EU.

Amendment to IFRIC14, 'Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011). This amendment has not yet been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRS9 'Financial Instruments' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013). This standard has not yet been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRS2 (Amended) 'Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010). This amendment has not yet been endorsed for use in the EU.

IFRS1 (amended) 'Limited exemption from Comparative IFRS7 Disclosures for first time adopters' (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010). This amendment has not yet been endorsed for use in the EU.

The IASB2009 annual improvement project includes further minor amendments to various accounting standards and is effective from various dates from 1 January 2010 onwards, but has not yet been endorsed for use in the EU.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. Financial risk management

#### 1.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, price risk and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The financial risks relate to the following financial instruments: trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and borrowings. The accounting policy with respect to these financial instruments is described above.

Risk management is carried out by the Property Manager under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Property Manager identifies and evaluates financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board approves written principles for overall risk management, and is overseeing the development of policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk and interest-rate risk. The Property Manager may call upon the services of a retained risk management consultant in order to assist with its risk assessment tasks.

Reports on risk management are produced periodically on an entity and territory level to the key management personnel of the Group.

#### *(a) Market risk*

##### *(i) Foreign exchange risk*

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the Euro, Polish Zloty, Hungarian Forint, and Romanian Lei. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised monetary assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. Slovakia entered the Eurozone on 1 January 2009 and Bulgarian Lev is pegged to the Euro as a fixed rate of 1.95583.

The results for the year 2009 have been impacted by the effects of the depreciating currencies in the Central and Eastern European markets. For the Company's investments in Poland, its major market, the Polish Zloty has appreciated by 1.5% from the 31 December 2008 rate of exchange to 31 December 2009 rate of exchange. This has been offset by the fall in value of Hungarian Forint and Romanian Lei by 2.3% and 6.1% respectively for the same period. The movements in value of the functional currencies has resulted in foreign exchange gains of €0.1 million in the income statement (2008: loss of €22.2 million) and €2.1 million loss (2008: loss of €17.9 million) in reserves for the year ended 31 December 2009. Of the gain in the income statement, €0.7 million gain (2008: loss of €24.5 million) is unrealised. It has arisen on monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, for example bank loans, which are translated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date.

In the year covered by these consolidated financial statements the Group has not entered into any currency hedging transactions. Foreign exchange risk is monitored and the cost benefits of any potential currency hedging transactions are reviewed to determine their effectiveness for the Group.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The tables below summarise the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at 31 December 2009.

The Group's financial assets and liabilities at carrying amounts are included in the table, categorised by the currency at their carrying amount.

| <b>2009:</b>                                | <b>€<br/>'000</b> | <b>PLN<br/>'000</b> | <b>HUF<br/>'000</b> | <b>SKK<br/>'000</b> | <b>RON<br/>'000</b> | <b>Other<br/>'000</b> | <b>Total<br/>'000</b> |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Trade and other receivables                 | 362               | 2,846               | 680                 | N/A                 | 541                 | 51                    | 4,480                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents                   | 7,172             | 4,734               | 1,148               | N/A                 | 13                  | 198                   | 13,265                |
| Other loans receivable                      | 6,641             | 19                  | -                   | N/A                 | -                   | -                     | 6,660                 |
| <b>Total financial assets</b>               | <b>14,175</b>     | <b>7,599</b>        | <b>1,828</b>        | <b>N/A</b>          | <b>554</b>          | <b>249</b>            | <b>24,405</b>         |
| Trade and other payables                    | (13,606)          | (52,122)            | (1,279)             | N/A                 | (178)               | (92)                  | (67,277)              |
| Borrowings, including finance leases        | (203,042)         | (56,934)            | -                   | N/A                 | -                   | (14)                  | (259,990)             |
| Derivative financial instruments            | -                 | (182)               | (1,443)             | N/A                 | -                   | -                     | (1,625)               |
| <b>Total financial liabilities</b>          | <b>(216,648)</b>  | <b>(109,238)</b>    | <b>(2,722)</b>      | <b>N/A</b>          | <b>(178)</b>        | <b>(107)</b>          | <b>(328,893)</b>      |
| <b>Net financial (liabilities) / assets</b> | <b>(202,473)</b>  | <b>(101,639)</b>    | <b>(894)</b>        | <b>N/A</b>          | <b>376</b>          | <b>139</b>            | <b>(304,491)</b>      |

  

| <b>2008:</b>                                | <b>€<br/>'000</b> | <b>PLN<br/>'000</b> | <b>HUF<br/>'000</b> | <b>SKK<br/>'000</b> | <b>RON<br/>'000</b> | <b>Other<br/>'000</b> | <b>Total<br/>'000</b> |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Trade and other receivables                 | 571               | 5,390               | 1,168               | 88                  | 435                 | 186                   | 7,838                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents                   | 9,096             | 4,867               | 975                 | 157                 | 51                  | 142                   | 15,288                |
| Other loans receivable                      | 6,453             | 1,457               | -                   | 17                  | 1                   | -                     | 7,928                 |
| <b>Total financial assets</b>               | <b>16,120</b>     | <b>11,714</b>       | <b>2,143</b>        | <b>262</b>          | <b>487</b>          | <b>328</b>            | <b>31,054</b>         |
| Trade and other payables                    | (7,281)           | (53,607)            | (1,554)             | (460)               | (402)               | (202)                 | (63,506)              |
| Borrowings, including finance leases        | (203,440)         | (44,219)            | -                   | -                   | -                   | (26)                  | (247,685)             |
| Derivative financial instruments            | -                 | (417)               | (1,466)             | -                   | -                   | -                     | (1,883)               |
| <b>Total financial liabilities</b>          | <b>(210,721)</b>  | <b>(98,243)</b>     | <b>(3,020)</b>      | <b>(460)</b>        | <b>(402)</b>        | <b>(228)</b>          | <b>(313,074)</b>      |
| <b>Net financial (liabilities) / assets</b> | <b>(194,601)</b>  | <b>(86,529)</b>     | <b>(877)</b>        | <b>(198)</b>        | <b>85</b>           | <b>100</b>            | <b>(282,020)</b>      |

The sensitivity analyses below are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice this is unlikely to occur and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated – for example, change in interest rate and change in foreign currency rates. The Group manages foreign currency risk on an overall basis. The sensitivity analysis prepared by management for foreign currency risk illustrates how changes in the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

If the euro weakened/ strengthened by 10% against the Polish Zloty with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been €1.2 million higher/ lower (2008: post-tax loss for the year would have been €2.5 million higher / lower).

If the euro weakened/ strengthened by 10% against the Hungarian Forint with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been €0.9 million lower/ higher (2008 post-tax loss for the year would have been €0.9 million lower / higher).

If the euro weakened/ strengthened by 10% against the Romanian Lei with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been €1.8 million lower/ higher (2008: post-tax loss for the year would have been €0.6 million lower / higher).

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Slovakia entered the Eurozone in January 2009 and the Bulgarian Lev is pegged to the Euro at a fixed rate of exchange of 1.95583.

### (ii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to property price and property rentals risk. The Group is not exposed to the market risk with respect to financial instruments as it does not hold any equity securities.

### (iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets denoted in currencies other than euro, its income and operating cash flows from such assets are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings (note 24). Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Group's cash flow and fair value interest rate risk is periodically monitored by the Property Manager. The Property Manager analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis. It takes on exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. Interest costs may increase as a result of such changes. They may reduce or create losses in the event that unexpected movements arise. Various scenarios are considered including refinancing, renewal of existing positions, alternative financing and hedging. The scenarios are reviewed on a periodic basis to verify that the maximum loss potential is within the limit given by management. During the years ended 31 December 2009 and 2008, the Group had two interest rate swap agreements to mitigate the cash flow and interest rate risk related to some of its borrowings.

Trade and other receivables and payables are interest-free and have settlement dates within one year.

The sensitivity analyses below are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated – for example, change in interest rate and change in market values.

An increase/ decrease in 100 basis points in interest yields would result in a decrease/ increase in the post-tax loss for the year of €1.7 million (2008: decrease/ increase in the post-tax loss for the year of €1.6 million).

The Group has only one derivative financial liability, being an interest rate swap which falls into level 2 for fair value measurement.

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents as well as credit exposures with respect to rental customers, including outstanding receivables (note 19). Credit risk is managed on a local and group basis and structures the levels of credit risk it accepts by placing limits on its exposure to a single counterparty, or groups of counterparty, and to geographical and industry segments. Such risks are subject to an annual and more frequent review. The Group has policies in place to ensure that where possible rental contracts are made with customers with an appropriate credit history. Cash transactions are limited to high-credit-quality financial institutions. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. The maximum credit risk exposure in relation to financial assets, being cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables is the carrying value of those assets for the year, namely €17.7 million (2008: €23.1 million).

A significant amount of cash is held with the following banks which have the following rating as at 31 December 2009 and 2008:

| Bank            | Rating | 2009<br>€'000 | Rating | 2008<br>€'000 |
|-----------------|--------|---------------|--------|---------------|
| Bank Pekao S.A. | A-1    | 6,639         | A-1    | 5,243         |
| MeesPierson     | A      | 3,788         | -      | -             |
| BNP Paribas     |        | -             | AA     | 4,353         |
| ING Bank N.V.   | A+     | 156           | AA     | 1,956         |
|                 |        | <u>10,583</u> |        | <u>11,552</u> |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Given the above, as well as the short-term nature of those investments, the credit risk associated with cash and cash equivalents is estimated as low.

### *(c) Liquidity risk*

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Property Manager aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping cash and committed credit lines available.

The Group's liquidity position is monitored on a weekly basis by management and is reviewed quarterly by the Board of Directors. A summary table with the maturity of financial assets and liabilities presented below is used by key management personnel to manage liquidity risks and is derived from managerial reports at entity level.

|                                                       | 2009<br>€'000    | 2008<br>€'000    |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Financial assets – current</b>                     |                  |                  |
| Trade receivables – maturity within one year          | 4,480            | 7,838            |
| Cash and cash equivalents – maturity within one year  | 13,265           | 15,288           |
|                                                       | <b>17,745</b>    | <b>23,126</b>    |
| <b>Financial liabilities – non-current borrowings</b> |                  |                  |
| Between 1 and 2 years                                 | (5,293)          | (52,624)         |
| Between 2 and 5 years                                 | (12,338)         | (22,920)         |
| Over 5 years                                          | (74,088)         | (76,439)         |
|                                                       | <b>(91,719)</b>  | <b>(151,983)</b> |
| <b>Financial liabilities – current</b>                |                  |                  |
| Borrowings                                            | (168,271)        | (95,702)         |
| Trade and other payables – maturity within one year   | (55,613)         | (53,402)         |
|                                                       | <b>(223,884)</b> | <b>(149,104)</b> |

Included in trade and other payables are deposits received from customers from the pre-sale of apartments in development. These amount to €40.1 million (2008: €34.7 million) and will be released to the income statement upon completion of the development.

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, the directors have reclassified four loans totaling €92.4 million within the financial statements from non current liabilities to current liabilities as bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand, where covenant breaches or defaults on these loans arose. The banks are aware of the technical breaches and defaults and have not asked for repayment of the loans. Two of these loans, totalling €67.1 million in 2009, were in breach at 31 December 2008 and were classified as bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand at 31 December 2008. The defaults on the other two loans result from non payment of interest. In addition there is one loan that is repayable on demand in the amount of €9.0 million (2008: €8.4 million due within one year). Negotiations are ongoing with the bank on refinancing terms. Loans maturing within one year total €156.0 million (excluding loans associated with assets held for sale) at 31 December 2009 compared to €95.7 million at 31 December 2008. €25.4 million of the €60.3 million increase from 31 December 2008 relates to the two defaults discussed above. The remaining increase of €34.9 million has resulted from the natural maturing of the Group's debt. Discussions are currently in progress with the banks in relation to repayment of certain of these loans.

The Directors have also taken into account the disposal of the Group's interests in Slovakia as announced on 3 November 2009. This is discussed in notes 20 and 31 as part of the assets held for sale and the disposals note. On completion of this transaction, the combined impact of ceasing to consolidate its share of debt in the joint venture and the receipt of the cash consideration will reduce the Group's overall debt by some €20.5 million pending any reinvestment of the cash proceeds.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total bank borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as equity, as shown in the consolidated balance sheet, plus net debt.

The Group's longer term strategy is to maintain a gearing ratio below 75%. The gearing ratio as at 31 December 2009 was as follows.

|                                                            | 2009<br>€'000    | 2008<br>€'000    |
|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total bank borrowings                                      | (259,990)        | (247,685)        |
| Less: cash and cash equivalents                            | 13,265           | 15,288           |
| Net debt                                                   | (246,725)        | (232,397)        |
| Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company | (113,166)        | (172,566)        |
| <b>Total capital</b>                                       | <b>(359,891)</b> | <b>(404,963)</b> |
| <b>Gearing ratio</b>                                       | <b>68.6%</b>     | <b>57.4%</b>     |

### 2. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience as adjusted for current market conditions and other factors.

#### 2.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Management makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

##### *(a) Estimate of fair value of investment properties*

The Property Manager engages the services of King Sturge to assist in its assessment of the fair values of investment properties and of property, plant and equipment. All investment property and property, plant and equipment is re-valued on a semi-annual basis by appropriately qualified, independent valuers. The valuations are prepared in accordance with generally accepted international valuation methods and procedures. Any assumptions made by the valuer are reviewed by the Board and the Property Manager for their reasonableness.

##### *(b) Inventory*

The Group's main activities are the development and sale of residential apartments. The process of obtaining zoning and permits may in itself take some time. This period is then added to by the time taken to construct the apartments. Throughout this time the purchase cost of the land and the construction costs are recorded within inventory. The Group continually reviews the net realisable value of its development properties against the cumulative costs that are held on its balance sheet within inventory.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

To enable this review, management have appointed an appropriately qualified engineer to monitor and control the costs of construction. The costs that have been incurred and are projected to be incurred are benchmarked against those available in the market to ensure that best value is received. A strict tendering process is adhered to when procuring construction services and the costs are controlled locally on a monthly basis. From the year ended 31 December 2009 the Group changed its valuers from Cushman & Wakefield and Colliers International to King Sturge to undertake an independent assessment of the net realisable value of its developments on a semi-annual basis.

#### *(c) Income taxes*

The Group is subject to income taxes in different jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are some transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

### 2.2 Critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies

#### *Distinction between investment properties and owner-occupied properties*

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. In making its judgment, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by an entity. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to property but also to other assets used in the production or supply process.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the supply of goods or services. If these portions can be sold separately, or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgment is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The Group considers each property separately in making its judgment.

## 3. Segmental information

### 3.1 Business segments

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the strategic steering committee that are used to make strategic decisions.

For management purposes, the Group is currently organised into three operating divisions – the ownership and management of investment property, the development and sale of residential property and the ownership and operation of hotels.

The strategic steering committee assesses the performance of the operating segments based on an income statement. This measurement basis includes the effects of non – recurring expenditure from the operating segments such as restructuring costs, legal expenses and goodwill impairments when the impairment is the result of an isolated, non – recurring event. The measure also includes the effects of equity – settled share – based payments. Interest income and expenditure are also allocated to segments, as this type of activity is directly related to each property within each sector.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. Segmental information (continued)

The segment information provided to the strategic steering committee for the reportable segments for the year ended 31 December 2009 is as follows:

| Year ended 31 December 2009                                            | Property<br>rental<br>€'000 | Residential<br>sales<br>€'000 | Hotel<br>operations<br>€'000 | Other<br>€'000 | 2009<br>€'000   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Revenues                                                               | 13,253                      | 17,358                        | 16,599                       | 69             | 47,279          |
| Cost of operations                                                     | (5,209)                     | (16,274)                      | (10,220)                     | (27)           | (31,730)        |
| <b>Gross profit</b>                                                    | <b>8,044</b>                | <b>1,084</b>                  | <b>6,379</b>                 | <b>42</b>      | <b>15,549</b>   |
| Administrative expenses                                                | (842)                       | (1,337)                       | (2,942)                      | (5,228)        | (10,349)        |
| <b>Gross profit less<br/>administrative expenses</b>                   | <b>7,202</b>                | <b>(253)</b>                  | <b>3,437</b>                 | <b>(5,186)</b> | <b>5,200</b>    |
| Other operating income                                                 | 195                         | 15                            | 165                          | 648            | 1,023           |
| Other operating expenses                                               | (102)                       | (76)                          | (75)                         | (138)          | (391)           |
| Write down of assets held for<br>sale to net realisable value          | -                           | (5,930)                       | -                            | -              | (5,930)         |
| Decrease in value of investment<br>properties                          | (35,558)                    | -                             | -                            | -              | (35,558)        |
| Impairment of inventory                                                | -                           | (9,890)                       | -                            | -              | (9,890)         |
| Loss on sale of joint venture<br>interests                             | (1,586)                     | -                             | -                            | -              | (1,586)         |
| <b>(Loss) / profit from operations</b>                                 | <b>(29,849)</b>             | <b>(16,134)</b>               | <b>3,527</b>                 | <b>(4,676)</b> | <b>(47,132)</b> |
| Finance income                                                         | 71                          | 309                           | 11                           | 195            | 586             |
| Finance cost                                                           | (6,118)                     | (1,850)                       | (2,625)                      | (14)           | (10,607)        |
| Finance costs - other gains and<br>(losses) – foreign exchange         | (124)                       | (538)                         | 776                          | 16             | 130             |
| <b>Segment result before tax</b>                                       | <b>(36,020)</b>             | <b>(18,213)</b>               | <b>1,689</b>                 | <b>(4,479)</b> | <b>(57,023)</b> |
| Tax credit                                                             |                             |                               |                              |                | 7,805           |
| <b>Loss for the period as<br/>reported in the income<br/>statement</b> |                             |                               |                              |                | <b>(49,218)</b> |

| Year ended 31 December 2009           | Property<br>rental<br>€'000 | Residential<br>sales<br>€'000 | Hotel<br>operations<br>€'000 | Other<br>€'000 | 2009<br>€'000    |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| <b>Reportable segment assets</b>      | <b>167,070</b>              | <b>172,691</b>                | <b>110,603</b>               | <b>-</b>       | <b>450,364</b>   |
| Unallocated assets                    |                             |                               |                              |                | 12,936           |
| <b>Total assets</b>                   |                             |                               |                              |                | <b>463,300</b>   |
| <b>Reportable segment liabilities</b> | <b>(130,038)</b>            | <b>(137,956)</b>              | <b>(79,093)</b>              | <b>-</b>       | <b>(347,087)</b> |
| Unallocated liabilities               |                             |                               |                              |                | (2,315)          |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>              |                             |                               |                              |                | <b>(349,402)</b> |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. Segmental information (continued)

| Year ended 31 December 2009 | Property<br>rental<br>€'000 | Residential<br>sales<br>€'000 | Hotel<br>operations<br>€'000 | Other<br>€'000 | 2009<br>€'000 |                                          |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------------------------|
|                             |                             |                               |                              |                |               | Reportable<br>segments<br>Total<br>Group |
| <b>Other segment items</b>  |                             |                               |                              |                |               |                                          |
| Capital expenditure         | 302                         | 126                           | 79                           | 17             | 524           | 524                                      |
| Depreciation                | 55                          | 184                           | 2,309                        | 31             | 2,579         | 2,579                                    |
| Amortisation                | 8                           | 2                             | 35                           | 11             | 56            | 56                                       |

  

| Year ended 31 December 2008                                        | Property<br>rental<br>€'000 | Residential<br>sales<br>€'000 | Hotel<br>operations<br>€'000 | Other<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| Revenues                                                           | 17,041                      | 13,014                        | 21,435                       | 385            | 51,875        |  |
| Cost of operations                                                 | (7,025)                     | (12,640)                      | (14,982)                     | (637)          | (35,284)      |  |
| <b>Gross profit / (loss)</b>                                       | 10,016                      | 374                           | 6,453                        | (252)          | 16,591        |  |
| Administrative expenses                                            | (1,320)                     | (1,870)                       | (2,485)                      | (9,731)        | (15,406)      |  |
| <b>Gross profit / (loss)<br/>administrative expenses</b>           | 8,696                       | (1,496)                       | 3,968                        | (9,983)        | 1,185         |  |
| Other operating income                                             | 282                         | 346                           | 127                          | 409            | 1,164         |  |
| Other operating expenses                                           | (134)                       | (279)                         | (781)                        | (780)          | (1,974)       |  |
| Decrease in value of investment<br>properties                      | (4,495)                     | -                             | -                            | -              | (4,495)       |  |
| Goodwill write off                                                 | (469)                       | 687                           | -                            | -              | 218           |  |
| <b>Loss from operations</b>                                        | 3,880                       | (742)                         | 3,314                        | (10,354)       | (3,902)       |  |
| Finance income                                                     | 248                         | 657                           | 34                           | 440            | 1,379         |  |
| Finance cost                                                       | (9,513)                     | (2,172)                       | (4,347)                      | (121)          | (16,153)      |  |
| Finance costs - other gains and<br>(losses) – foreign exchange     | (13,520)                    | 2,778                         | (12,088)                     | 656            | (22,174)      |  |
| <b>Segment result before tax</b>                                   | (18,905)                    | 521                           | (13,087)                     | (9,379)        | (40,850)      |  |
| Tax credit                                                         |                             |                               |                              |                | 1,153         |  |
| <b>Loss for the period as reported<br/>in the income statement</b> |                             |                               |                              |                | (39,697)      |  |

  

| Year ended 31 December 2008           | Property<br>rental<br>€'000 | Residential<br>sales<br>€'000 | Hotel<br>operations<br>€'000 | Other<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| <b>Reportable segment assets</b>      | 208,880                     | 169,822                       | 121,935                      | -              | 500,637       |  |
| Unallocated assets                    |                             |                               |                              |                | 15,397        |  |
| <b>Total assets</b>                   |                             |                               |                              |                | 516,034       |  |
| <b>Reportable segment liabilities</b> | (133,505)                   | (122,329)                     | (82,984)                     | -              | (338,818)     |  |
| Unallocated liabilities               |                             |                               |                              |                | (3,377)       |  |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>              |                             |                               |                              |                | (342,195)     |  |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. Segmental information (continued)

| Year ended 31 December 2008 | Property<br>rental<br>€'000 | Residential<br>sales<br>€'000 | Hotel<br>operations<br>€'000 | Other<br>€'000 | 2009<br>€'000          |                |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|
|                             |                             |                               |                              |                | Reportable<br>segments | Total<br>Group |
| Capital expenditure         | 1,015                       | 177                           | 519                          | 506            | 2,217                  | 2,217          |
| Depreciation                | 70                          | 467                           | 2,016                        | 371            | 2,924                  | 2,924          |
| Amortisation                | 31                          | 4                             | 43                           | 69             | 147                    | 147            |

There are immaterial sales between the business segments.

Unallocated costs represent corporate expenses. Segment assets include investment property, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories, debtors and operating cash.

Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and financing liabilities.

Unallocated assets represent cash balances, receivables and other assets held by the Company and those of selected sub-holding companies, and deferred tax assets.

Unallocated liabilities include accrued costs and deferred taxation liabilities within the Company and selected sub-holding companies as at the balance sheet date. Unallocated liabilities also include borrowings, as these are non-operating activities.

The Group manages its business segments on a region wide basis. The operations in the reporting periods were based in five main countries within the Group's region of focus with mainly cash balances being held by the parent company. The five principal territories were:

- Poland,
- Hungary,
- Bulgaria,
- Romania, and
- Slovakia (portfolio partly sold on 2 November 2009)

| Year ended 31<br>December 2009 | Revenue<br>€'000 | Non current<br>assets<br>€'000 | Capital<br>expenditure<br>€'000 | Depreciation<br>€'000 | Amortisation<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Poland                         | 40,247           | 206,025                        | 235                             | 2,250                 | 50                    |
| Hungary                        | 4,867            | 42,594                         | 172                             | 35                    | 5                     |
| Slovakia                       | 15               | 143                            | 113                             | 15                    | -                     |
| Bulgaria                       | 764              | 5,834                          | 2                               | 10                    | -                     |
| Romania                        | 1,386            | 22,836                         | 2                               | 254                   | 1                     |
|                                | <b>47,279</b>    | <b>277,432</b>                 | <b>411</b>                      | <b>2,564</b>          | <b>56</b>             |
| Unallocated                    |                  | 7,549                          |                                 | 15                    | -                     |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>47,279</b>    | <b>284,981</b>                 | <b>524</b>                      | <b>2,579</b>          | <b>56</b>             |

| Year ended 31<br>December 2008 | Revenue<br>€'000 | Non-current<br>assets<br>€'000 | Capital<br>expenditure<br>€'000 | Depreciation<br>€'000 | Amortisation<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Poland                         | 42,153           | 229,729                        | 1,117                           | 2,251                 | 147                   |
| Hungary                        | 6,863            | 52,089                         | 794                             | 50                    | -                     |
| Slovakia                       | 5                | 2,643                          | 156                             | 16                    | -                     |
| Bulgaria                       | 739              | 6,689                          | 51                              | 7                     | -                     |
| Romania                        | 2,115            | 38,907                         | 65                              | 249                   | -                     |
|                                | <b>51,870</b>    | <b>330,057</b>                 | <b>2,183</b>                    | <b>2,573</b>          | <b>147</b>            |
| Unallocated                    | -                | 6,996                          | 35                              | 351                   | -                     |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>51,875</b>    | <b>337,053</b>                 | <b>2,218</b>                    | <b>2,924</b>          | <b>147</b>            |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 4. Analysis of expenditure

#### 4.1 Cost of operations

|                                              | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Costs of sale of residential property        | 15,138        | 10,053        |
| Utilities, services rendered and other costs | 8,480         | 12,972        |
| Legal and professional expenses              | 1,141         | 1,653         |
| Staff costs                                  | 4,869         | 6,541         |
| Sales and direct advertising costs           | 1,207         | 2,799         |
| Depreciation and amortisation                | 895           | 1,266         |
| <b>Cost of operations</b>                    | <b>31,730</b> | <b>35,284</b> |

#### 4.2 Administrative expenses

|                                                                                                              | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Audit and tax services                                                                                       |               |               |
| - Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Company and its consolidated financial statements | 295           | 308           |
| Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the other services:                                                  |               |               |
| - Audit of subsidiaries of the Company pursuant to legislation                                               | 20            | 20            |
| - Non audit services – interim reviews                                                                       | 95            | 101           |
| - Non audit services – taxation services                                                                     | 11            | 90            |
| Other professional services                                                                                  | 364           | 201           |
| Incentive and management fee                                                                                 | 4,140         | 5,719         |
| Other professional fees                                                                                      | 961           | 3,592         |
| Utilities, services rendered and other costs                                                                 | 1,269         | 1,425         |
| Share based payments (note 28)                                                                               | 29            | 91            |
| Staff costs                                                                                                  | 1,346         | 1,466         |
| Depreciation and amortisation                                                                                | 1,740         | 1,805         |
| Other administrative expenses                                                                                | 79            | 588           |
| <b>Administrative expenses</b>                                                                               | <b>10,349</b> | <b>15,406</b> |

|                                  | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Atlas Estates Limited            | 4,217         | 6,719         |
| Subsidiaries and other companies | 6,132         | 8,687         |
| <b>Administrative expenses</b>   | <b>10,349</b> | <b>15,406</b> |

#### 4.3 Employee benefit expenses

|                                  | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Wages and salaries               | 5,911         | 7,816         |
| Social security costs            | 650           | 948           |
| Pension costs                    | -             | 42            |
| <b>Employee benefit expenses</b> | <b>6,561</b>  | <b>8,806</b>  |

|                                    |            |            |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| <b>Average number of employees</b> | <b>340</b> | <b>332</b> |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 5. Other operating income

|                                                | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Income from recharged expenses                 | 82            | 198           |
| Income from penalty charges, interest and fees | 78            | 172           |
| Other operating income                         | 863           | 794           |
| <b>Other operating income</b>                  | <b>1,023</b>  | <b>1,164</b>  |

### 6. Other operating expenses

|                                                            | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Costs of WSE IPO                                           | -             | 349           |
| Costs of recharged expenses                                | -             | 505           |
| Penalty charges, interest and fees                         | 112           | 130           |
| Other operating expenses                                   | 279           | 990           |
| Loss on sale of joint venture interests                    | 1,586         | -             |
| Write down of assets held for sale to net realisable value | 5,930         | -             |
| Impairment of inventory                                    | 9,890         | -             |
| <b>Other operating expenses</b>                            | <b>17,797</b> | <b>1,974</b>  |

### 7. Finance income and finance costs – net

|                                                        | 2009<br>€'000   | 2008<br>€'000   |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Interest payable on bank borrowings                    | (9,752)         | (13,107)        |
| Interest payable on other loans                        | (113)           | (167)           |
| Loss on interest rate derivative                       | (10)            | (2,040)         |
| Other similar charges                                  | (732)           | (839)           |
| <b>Finance costs</b>                                   | <b>(10,607)</b> | <b>(16,153)</b> |
| <b>Finance income – interest income</b>                | <b>586</b>      | <b>1,379</b>    |
| <b>Finance costs, excluding foreign exchange – net</b> | <b>(10,021)</b> | <b>(14,774)</b> |
| Unrealised foreign exchange gains                      | 857             | 5,034           |
| Unrealised foreign exchange losses                     | (172)           | (29,489)        |
| Realised foreign exchange gains                        | 558             | 3,290           |
| Realised foreign exchange losses                       | (1,113)         | (1,009)         |
| <b>Other gains and (losses) – foreign exchange</b>     | <b>130</b>      | <b>(22,174)</b> |
| <b>Finance costs, including foreign exchange – net</b> | <b>(9,891)</b>  | <b>(36,948)</b> |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 8. Tax credit

|                                        | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b>Continuing operations</b>           |               |               |
| Current tax expense                    |               |               |
| Current tax on profits for the year    | (501)         | (686)         |
| Adjustment in respect of prior periods | (302)         | (61)          |
| Total current tax                      | (803)         | (747)         |
| Deferred tax                           | 8,608         | 1,900         |
| <b>Tax credit for the year</b>         | <b>7,805</b>  | <b>1,153</b>  |

### Tax on items charged to equity

|                                                       | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000  |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Deferred tax on revaluations surplus                  | 2,213         | (3,621)        |
| Deferred tax on exchange movements offset in reserves | (5)           | 1,009          |
|                                                       | <b>2,208</b>  | <b>(2,612)</b> |

Taxation has been calculated by applying the standard corporate tax rates ruling in each operating territory. The difference between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rates of corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:

|                                                                  | 2009<br>€'000   | 2008<br>€'000   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>Loss before tax</b>                                           | <b>(57,023)</b> | <b>(40,850)</b> |
| Tax on loss at average country rate – 19% (2008: 19%)            | <b>10,834</b>   | 7,762           |
| Factors affecting charge:                                        |                 |                 |
| Permanent differences                                            | (3,263)         | (2,262)         |
| Utilisation of brought forward tax losses                        | 23              | -               |
| Deferred tax not recognised on losses before tax in current year | (1,503)         | (990)           |
| Adjustments in respect of prior years                            | (302)           | (61)            |
| Write down of a deferred tax asset                               | -               | (4,494)         |
| Benefits arising from previously unrecognised deferred tax asset | 2,016           | -               |
| Differences in local tax rates                                   | -               | 1,198           |
| <b>Tax credit for year</b>                                       | <b>7,805</b>    | <b>1,153</b>    |

There is an unrecognised gross deferred tax asset in relation to losses of €5.7 million (2008 €5.7 million).

### 9. Dividends

|                                                                   | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Interim paid                                                      | -             | -             |
| Second interim paid for 2007 – 16.68 eurocents per ordinary share | -             | 7,503         |
|                                                                   | <b>-</b>      | <b>7,503</b>  |

There were no dividends declared or paid in the year ended 31 December 2009.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 10. Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

For diluted loss per share, the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue is adjusted to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The difference in the number of ordinary shares between the basic and diluted earnings per share reflects the impact were the outstanding share warrants to be exercised.

Reconciliations of the loss and weighted average number of shares used in the calculations are set out below:

| <b>Year ended 31 December 2009</b>                      | <b>(Loss)</b> | <b>Weighted average number of shares</b> | <b>Per share amount</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>Continuing operations</b>                            | <b>€'000</b>  |                                          | <b>Eurocents</b>        |
| <b>Basic (LPS)</b>                                      |               |                                          |                         |
| Loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company | (48,677)      | 46,852,014                               | (103.9)                 |
| <b>Effect of dilutive securities</b>                    | -             | -                                        | -                       |
| Share warrants                                          |               |                                          |                         |
| <b>Diluted (LPS)</b>                                    |               |                                          |                         |
| Adjusted loss                                           | (48,677)      | 46,852,014                               | (103.9)                 |
| <b>Year ended 31 December 2008</b>                      | <b>(Loss)</b> | <b>Weighted average number of shares</b> | <b>Per share amount</b> |
| <b>Continuing operations</b>                            | <b>€'000</b>  |                                          | <b>Eurocents</b>        |
| <b>Basic (LPS)</b>                                      |               |                                          |                         |
| Loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company | (39,694)      | 45,848,392                               | (86.6)                  |
| <b>Effect of dilutive securities</b>                    | -             | -                                        | -                       |
| Share warrants                                          |               |                                          |                         |
| <b>Diluted (LPS)</b>                                    |               |                                          |                         |
| Adjusted loss                                           | (39,694)      | 45,848,392                               | (86.6)                  |

The outstanding share warrants exercise price exceeds current market value; therefore the warrants are not dilutive. As a result, diluted loss per share equals basic loss per share.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 11. Goodwill

|                                                                                 | 2009<br>€'000  | 2008<br>€'000  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                                                                     |                |                |
| At beginning of year                                                            | 1,550          | 1,768          |
| Adjustments to fair value of considerations paid in prior periods (see note 31) | -              | (398)          |
| Acquisitions through business combinations (see note 31)                        | -              | 180            |
| <b>At end of year</b>                                                           | <b>1,550</b>   | <b>1,550</b>   |
| <b>Aggregate impairment</b>                                                     |                |                |
| At beginning of year                                                            | (1,550)        | (1,768)        |
| Impairment charge in relation to acquired goodwill (see note 31)                | -              | (469)          |
| Negative goodwill realised on acquisitions (see note 31)                        | -              | 687            |
| <b>At end of year</b>                                                           | <b>(1,550)</b> | <b>(1,550)</b> |
| <b>Net book amount at end of year</b>                                           | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       |

The underlying assets and liabilities of the Group relate to its property assets and development projects. Such assets and liabilities were independently valued as at their acquisition date.

### 12. Joint ventures

As detailed in note 36, the group has a 50% interest in several jointly controlled entities, which have been accounted for by proportional consolidation. The following amounts have been recognised in the Group's balance sheet relating to these joint ventures:

|                         | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Non-current assets      | 339           | 2,689         |
| Current assets          | 30,611        | 36,063        |
| Current liabilities     | (17,014)      | (12,403)      |
| Non-current liabilities | (9,999)       | (12,725)      |
| <b>Net assets</b>       | <b>3,937</b>  | <b>13,624</b> |
| Income                  | 21            | 5             |
| Expenses                | (787)         | (690)         |
| <b>Loss after tax</b>   | <b>(766)</b>  | <b>(685)</b>  |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 13. Intangible assets

|                                           | Computer<br>software<br>€'000 | Other<br>€'000 | Total<br>€'000 |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                               |                               |                |                |
| At 1 January 2008                         | 634                           | 478            | 1,112          |
| Additions                                 | 16                            | 1              | 17             |
| Disposals                                 | (99)                          | -              | (99)           |
| Exchange adjustments                      | (88)                          | (68)           | (156)          |
| <b>At 31 December 2008</b>                | <b>463</b>                    | <b>411</b>     | <b>874</b>     |
| Additions                                 | 23                            | -              | 23             |
| Transfer                                  | -                             | (416)          | (416)          |
| Disposals                                 | (1)                           | -              | (1)            |
| Exchange adjustments                      | 7                             | 5              | 12             |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                | <b>492</b>                    | <b>-</b>       | <b>492</b>     |
| <b>Accumulated amortisation</b>           |                               |                |                |
| At 1 January 2008                         | (135)                         | (35)           | (170)          |
| Charge for the year                       | (119)                         | (31)           | (150)          |
| Disposal                                  | 10                            | -              | 10             |
| Exchange adjustments                      | 36                            | 10             | 46             |
| <b>At 31 December 2008</b>                | <b>(208)</b>                  | <b>(56)</b>    | <b>(264)</b>   |
| Transfer                                  | -                             | 57             | 57             |
| Charge for the year                       | (52)                          | -              | (52)           |
| Exchange adjustments                      | (5)                           | (1)            | (6)            |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                | <b>(265)</b>                  | <b>-</b>       | <b>(265)</b>   |
| <b>Net book value at 31 December 2009</b> | <b>227</b>                    | <b>-</b>       | <b>227</b>     |
| Net book value at 31 December 2008        | 255                           | 355            | 610            |
| Net book value at 31 December 2007        | 499                           | 443            | 942            |

### 14. Land under operating lease - prepayments

Land under operating lease - prepayments of €18.5 million arose under business combinations during 2006. During the year ended 31 December 2009 amortisation of €0.2 million (2008: €0.3 million) was charged to the income statement as well as exchange adjustments of €0.3 million (2008: €2.2 million) were credited to other reserves. In addition, following a review of land used for the development of Platinum Towers, the land held under operating lease in the amount of €3.3 million was transferred to Platinum Towers and included within inventory. The net book value of land held under operating lease – prepayments at 31 December 2009 is €13.2 million (2008: €16.4 million).

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 15. Property, plant and equipment

|                                           | Buildings<br>€'000 | Plant and<br>equipment<br>€'000 | Motor<br>vehicles<br>€'000 | Total<br>€'000 |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Cost or valuation</b>                  |                    |                                 |                            |                |
| At 1 January 2008                         | 113,985            | 3,036                           | 257                        | 117,278        |
| Transfer between categories               | (6,900)            | 6,881                           | 19                         | -              |
| Additions at cost                         | 590                | 751                             | 119                        | 1,460          |
| Exchange adjustments                      | (15,442)           | (418)                           | (19)                       | (15,879)       |
| Disposals                                 | (79)               | (12)                            | (73)                       | (164)          |
| Revaluation                               | 10,906             | -                               | -                          | 10,906         |
| <b>At 31 December 2008</b>                | <b>103,060</b>     | <b>10,238</b>                   | <b>303</b>                 | <b>113,601</b> |
| Transfer                                  | -                  | (62)                            | -                          | (62)           |
| Additions at cost                         | 49                 | 160                             | 24                         | 233            |
| Exchange adjustments                      | 692                | 329                             | 16                         | 1,037          |
| Disposals                                 | -                  | (40)                            | (127)                      | (167)          |
| Revaluation                               | (10,852)           | -                               | -                          | (10,852)       |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                | <b>92,949</b>      | <b>10,625</b>                   | <b>216</b>                 | <b>103,790</b> |
| <b>Accumulated depreciation</b>           |                    |                                 |                            |                |
| At 1 January 2008                         | (2,967)            | (795)                           | (47)                       | (3,809)        |
| Charge for the year                       | (1,571)            | (971)                           | (84)                       | (2,626)        |
| Exchange adjustments                      | 589                | 249                             | 11                         | 849            |
| Disposals                                 | -                  | -                               | 20                         | 20             |
| <b>At 31 December 2008</b>                | <b>(3,949)</b>     | <b>(1,517)</b>                  | <b>(100)</b>               | <b>(5,566)</b> |
| Charge for the year                       | (1,546)            | (787)                           | (68)                       | (2,401)        |
| Transfer                                  | -                  | 5                               | -                          | 5              |
| Exchange adjustments                      | (116)              | (255)                           | (21)                       | (392)          |
| Disposals                                 | -                  | 18                              | 71                         | 89             |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                | <b>(5,611)</b>     | <b>(2,536)</b>                  | <b>(118)</b>               | <b>(8,265)</b> |
| <b>Net book value at 31 December 2009</b> | <b>87,338</b>      | <b>8,089</b>                    | <b>98</b>                  | <b>95,525</b>  |
| Net book value at 31 December 2008        | 99,111             | 8,721                           | 203                        | 108,035        |
| Net book value at 31 December 2007        | 111,018            | 2,241                           | 210                        | 113,469        |

Buildings were valued as at 31 December 2009 by qualified professional valuers working for the company of King Sturge, Chartered Surveyors, acting in the capacity of External Valuers. All such valuers are Chartered Surveyors, being members of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors ("RICS"). All properties were valued on the basis of Market Value and the valuations were carried out in accordance with the RICS Appraisal and Valuation Standards. For all properties, valuations were based on current prices in an active market. The resulting revaluation adjustments, net of applicable deferred taxes, have been taken to the revaluation reserve in shareholders equity (note 29).

The Group has pledged property, plant and equipment of €93.2 million (31 December 2008: €105.9 million) to secure certain banking facilities granted to subsidiaries. Borrowings for the value of €66.7 million (31 December 2008: €67.6 million) are secured on these investment properties (note 24).

If buildings were stated on the historical cost basis, the amounts would be as follows:

|                          | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Cost at 1 January        | 85,888        | 85,266        |
| Accumulated depreciation | (5,271)       | (3,701)       |
| <b>At 31 December</b>    | <b>80,617</b> | <b>81,565</b> |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 16. Investment property

|                                                         | 2009<br>€'000  | 2008<br>€'000  |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| At beginning of the year                                | 198,677        | 217,040        |
| Acquisitions through business combinations<br>(note 31) | -              | 9,540          |
| Disposals (note 31)                                     | (2,725)        | -              |
| Transfers from other asset categories                   | 2,229          | -              |
| Capitalised subsequent expenditure                      | 268            | 835            |
| Exchange movements                                      | (1,862)        | (24,243)       |
| PV of annual perpetual usufruct fees                    | (2)            | -              |
| Fair value losses                                       | (35,558)       | (4,495)        |
| <b>Total</b>                                            | <b>161,027</b> | <b>198,677</b> |

The fair value of the Group's investment property at 31 December 2009 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at that date by King Sturge. The valuation, which conforms to International Valuation Standards, was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

The Group has pledged investment property of €152.8 million (2008: €176.9 million) to secure certain banking facilities granted to subsidiaries. Borrowings for the value of €117.2 million (2008: €116.3 million) are secured on these investment properties (note 24).

The property rental income earned by the Group from its investment property, all of which is leased out under operating leases, amounted to €13.3 million (2008: €17.1 million). Direct operating expenses, including repairs and maintenance, arising from investment property that generated rental income amounted to €5.2 million (2008 – €7.0 million). Direct operating expenses, including repairs and maintenance, arising from investment property that did not generate rental income during the year amounted to €0.8 million (2008 – €1.3 million).

### 17. Operating lease receivables – where the Group is a lessor

The Group leases its investment property under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The leases have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights.

The future aggregate minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases as at 31 December 2009 are as follows:

|                                               | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| No later than one year                        | 9,712         | 8,959         |
| Later than one year and no later than 5 years | 15,789        | 18,292        |
| Later than 5 years                            | 2,516         | 3,668         |
| <b>Total</b>                                  | <b>28,017</b> | <b>30,919</b> |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 18. Inventories

|                                                                               | 2009<br>€'000  | 2008<br>€'000  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Land held for development                                                     | 63,055         | 81,469         |
| Construction expenditures                                                     | 30,465         | 63,559         |
| Completed properties                                                          | 67,055         | 10,827         |
| <b>Freehold and leasehold properties held for resale</b>                      | <b>160,575</b> | <b>155,855</b> |
| Less assets classified as held for sale and shown in current assets (note 20) | (21,855)       | -              |
| <b>As at 31 December 2009</b>                                                 | <b>138,720</b> | <b>155,855</b> |

€15.1 million (2008: €10.1 million) of inventories was released to cost of operations in the income statement during the year. €9.9 million (2008: €0.8 million) was recognised in the income statement in relation to write-down of inventories. All inventories are held at cost with the exception of €29.1 million, which are held at net realisable value (2008: €2.7 million).

Bank borrowings are secured on land for the value of €76.0 million (2008: €63.7 million) (note 24).

### 19. Trade and other receivables

|                                                                               | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b><i>Amounts falling due within one year:</i></b>                            |               |               |
| Trade receivables                                                             | 2,800         | 4,398         |
| Less: provision for impairment of receivables                                 | (1,394)       | (1,447)       |
| <b>Trade receivables – net</b>                                                | <b>1,406</b>  | <b>2,951</b>  |
| Other receivables                                                             | 2,033         | 3,516         |
| Prepayments and accrued income                                                | 1,041         | 1,371         |
|                                                                               | <b>4,480</b>  | <b>7,838</b>  |
| Less assets classified as held for sale and shown in current assets (note 20) | (100)         | -             |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                                                    | <b>4,380</b>  | <b>7,838</b>  |
| <b><i>Non-current – other loans receivable:</i></b>                           |               |               |
| Loans to minority investors                                                   | 6,641         | 6,537         |
| Prepayments and accrued income                                                | -             | 1,349         |
| Other non-current trade and other receivables                                 | 19            | 42            |
|                                                                               | <b>6,660</b>  | <b>7,928</b>  |
| Less assets classified as held for sale and shown in current assets (note 20) | (4,280)       | -             |
| <b>As at 31 December 2009</b>                                                 | <b>2,380</b>  | <b>7,928</b>  |

All trade and other receivables are financial assets, with the exception of prepayments and accrued income.

Loans to minority investors are interest-bearing, with interest charged at EURIBOR plus an agreed margin. These loans have no agreed maturity date and are not considered impaired.

The book values of trade and other receivables, other loans receivable and loans receivable from minority investors are considered to be approximately equal to their fair value.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 19. Trade and other receivables (continued)

As at 31 December 2009, current trade receivables of €1.4 million (2008: €1.4 million) were impaired. Bad debts of €0.04 million as at 31 December 2009 (2008: €0.1 million) were written off. The ageing of the impaired receivables is as follows:

|                            | 2009<br>€'000  | 2008<br>€'000  |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 0 to 3 months              | -              | -              |
| 3 to 6 months              | -              | -              |
| Over 6 months              | (1,394)        | (1,447)        |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b> | <b>(1,394)</b> | <b>(1,447)</b> |

As of 31 December 2009, current trade receivables of €0.2 million (2008: €1.9 million) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default.

The carrying amounts of current trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

|                            | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Euro                       | 362           | 571           |
| Polish Zloty               | 2,846         | 5,390         |
| Hungarian Forint           | 680           | 1,168         |
| Romanian Lei               | 541           | 435           |
| Other currencies           | 51            | 274           |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b> | <b>4,480</b>  | <b>7,838</b>  |

Movements on the provisions for impairment of trade receivables are as follows

|                                                                | 2009<br>€'000  | 2008<br>€'000  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| At beginning of year                                           | (1,447)        | (1,548)        |
| Provision for impairment of trade receivables                  | (307)          | (222)          |
| Trade receivables written off during the year as uncollectible | 40             | 22             |
| Reversal of unused provision                                   | 268            | 217            |
| Exchange adjustments                                           | 52             | 84             |
| <b>At end of year</b>                                          | <b>(1,394)</b> | <b>(1,447)</b> |

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

The maximum amount of exposure of the Group to credit risk at the balance sheet date approximates the total of net trade and other receivables plus loans to minority investors.

### 20. Assets classified as held for sale and directly associated liabilities

On 3 November 2009 Atlas announced an agreement for the sale of its entire investment interests throughout Slovakia (the "Slovakia Portfolio"), comprising one site in Bratislava and two sites in Kosice. The Group realised €0.9 million in net proceeds from the first stage of the sale and is expecting to realise a further €7.1 million on completion of the second stage. It is anticipated that the net proceeds will be utilised to fund the development of the Group's remaining assets, with particular focus on the assets located in Warsaw, Poland, where the Group has a strong presence and is likely to realise value from development activity within the next two to three years. This contrasts with the projects in Slovakia, which would have required the investment of large amounts of capital with returns arising in the long term

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 20. Assets classified as held for sale and directly associated liabilities (continued)

The assets and liabilities directly associated with this sale were separately classified as of 31 December 2009. €5.9 million (2008: €nil) was recognised as a provision for the value of the development land held in Slovakia. The major classes of assets and liabilities held for sale were as follows:

|                                                                                      | 31 December 2009 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Assets:</b>                                                                       | <b>€'000</b>     |
| Deferred tax asset                                                                   | 142              |
| Inventories                                                                          | 21,855           |
| Trade and other receivables                                                          | 100              |
| Shareholder loan receivable                                                          | 4,280            |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                            | 214              |
| <b>Total assets classified as held for sale</b>                                      | <b>26,591</b>    |
|                                                                                      |                  |
|                                                                                      | 31 December 2009 |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>                                                                  | <b>€'000</b>     |
| Trade and other payables                                                             | (6,426)          |
| Bank loans                                                                           | (12,240)         |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                                             | (778)            |
| <b>Total liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale</b> | <b>(19,444)</b>  |

### 21. Cash and cash equivalents

|                                                                               | 2009          | 2008          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
|                                                                               | €'000         | €'000         |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>                                              |               |               |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                     | 11,740        | 13,711        |
| Short term bank deposits                                                      | 1,525         | 1,577         |
|                                                                               | <b>13,265</b> | <b>15,288</b> |
| Less assets classified as held for sale and shown in current assets (note 20) | (214)         | -             |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                                                    | <b>13,051</b> | <b>15,288</b> |

The effective interest rate on the short term call deposit was 3.08% (2008: 5.6%) and this deposit is immediately available.

Included in cash and cash equivalents is €6.1 million (2008: €3.3 million) restricted cash relating to restricted proceeds, security and customer deposits and loan financing.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 22. Cash generated from operations

|                                                                       | 2009<br>€'000   | 2008<br>€'000   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>Loss for the year</b>                                              | <b>(49,216)</b> | <b>(39,697)</b> |
| <b>Adjustments for:</b>                                               |                 |                 |
| Effects of foreign currency                                           | (685)           | 24,455          |
| Finance costs                                                         | 10,607          | 16,153          |
| Finance income                                                        | (586)           | (1,379)         |
| Tax credit                                                            | (7,805)         | (1,153)         |
| Bad debt and other write offs                                         | 16              | 2,044           |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment                         | 2,579           | 2,924           |
| Amortisation charges                                                  | 52              | 147             |
| (Gain) / loss on sale of property plant and equipment                 | 10              | (6)             |
| Net goodwill arising on acquisitions credited to the income statement | -               | (218)           |
| Decrease in the value of investment property                          | 35,558          | 4,495           |
| Charge relating to share based payments                               | 29              | 91              |
| Loss of sale of joint venture interests                               | 1,586           | -               |
| Write down of assets held for sale to net realisable value            | 5,831           | -               |
| Impairment of inventory                                               | 9,890           | -               |
|                                                                       | <b>7,966</b>    | <b>7,856</b>    |
| <b>Changes in working capital</b>                                     |                 |                 |
| Increase in inventory                                                 | (9,325)         | (28,933)        |
| Decrease in trade and other receivables                               | 2,512           | 973             |
| Increase in trade and other payables                                  | 1,293           | 7,052           |
|                                                                       | <b>(5,520)</b>  | <b>(20,908)</b> |
| <b>Cash inflow/ (outflow) generated from operations</b>               | <b>2,446</b>    | <b>(13,052)</b> |

### 23. Trade and other payables

|                                                                           | 2009<br>€'000   | 2008<br>€'000   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>Current</b>                                                            |                 |                 |
| Trade payables                                                            | (3,684)         | (9,431)         |
| Other tax and social security                                             | (615)           | (693)           |
| Other creditors                                                           | (4,068)         | (3,228)         |
| Accruals and deferred income                                              | (47,246)        | (40,050)        |
|                                                                           | <b>(55,613)</b> | <b>(53,402)</b> |
| Less payables directly associated<br>with assets held for sale ( note 20) | 70              | -               |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                                                | <b>(55,543)</b> | <b>(53,402)</b> |
| <b>Non-current – other payables</b>                                       |                 |                 |
| Loans from minority investors                                             | (9,114)         | (6,972)         |
| Other non-current trade and other payables                                | (2,550)         | (3,132)         |
|                                                                           | <b>(11,664)</b> | <b>(10,104)</b> |
| Less payables directly associated<br>with assets held for sale ( note 20) | 6,356           | -               |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                                                | <b>(5,308)</b>  | <b>(10,104)</b> |
| <b>Total trade and other payables</b>                                     | <b>67,277</b>   | <b>(63,506)</b> |
| Less payables directly associated<br>with assets held for sale ( note 20) | 6,426           | -               |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                                                | <b>(60,851)</b> | <b>(63,506)</b> |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 23. Trade and other payables (continued)

The loans from minority investors were unsecured and bore interest between 2.55% and 6.43% (2008: 4.69% and 8.90%) per annum. The book value of the loans is considered to be approximately equal to their fair value. They are repayable within one to two years.

### 24. Bank loans

|                                                                                     | 2009<br>€'000    | 2008<br>€'000    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Current</b>                                                                      |                  |                  |
| <i>Bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand</i>                   |                  |                  |
| Secured                                                                             | (156,031)        | (95,702)         |
| <b>Non-current</b>                                                                  |                  |                  |
| <i>Repayable within two years</i>                                                   |                  |                  |
| Secured                                                                             | (5,293)          | (52,624)         |
| <i>Repayable within three to five years</i>                                         |                  |                  |
| Secured                                                                             | (12,338)         | (22,920)         |
| <i>Repayable after five years</i>                                                   |                  |                  |
| Secured                                                                             | (74,088)         | (76,439)         |
|                                                                                     | <b>(91,719)</b>  | <b>(151,983)</b> |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                        | <b>(247,750)</b> | <b>(247,685)</b> |
| Bank loans directly associated<br>with assets classified as held for sale (note 20) | (12,240)         | -                |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                        | <b>(259,990)</b> | <b>(247,685)</b> |

The bank loans are secured on various properties of the Group by way of fixed or floating charges.

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, the directors have reclassified four loans totaling €92.4 million within the financial statements from non current liabilities to current liabilities as bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand, where covenant breaches or defaults on these loans arose. The banks are aware of the technical breaches and defaults and have not asked for repayment of the loans. Two of these loans, totalling €67.1 million, were in breach at 31 December 2008 and were classified as bank loans and overdrafts due within one year or on demand at 31 December 2008. The defaults on the other two loans result from non payment of interest. In addition there is one loan that is repayable on demand in the amount of €9.0 million (2008: €8.4 million due within one year). Negotiations are ongoing with the bank on refinancing terms.

Loans maturing within one year total €156.0 million (excluding loans associated with assets held for sale) at 31 December 2009 compared to €95.7 million at 31 December 2008. €25.4million of the €60.3 million increase from 31 December 2008 relates to the two defaults discussed above. The remaining increase of €34.9 million has resulted from the natural ageing of the Group's debt. Discussions are currently in progress with the banks in relation to repayment of certain of these loans.

On 25 January 2010 the Company announced that its Hungarian subsidiary Cap East Kft, which owns the Metropol office building in Budapest, had signed a credit facility for €3.1 million with FHB Kereskedelmi Bank Zft. This loan will be utilised as working capital for operations and to fund the development of its portfolio.

On 24 February 2010 the Atlas Group companies Atlas Estates (Millennium) Sp. z o.o., Ligetvaros Kft, Atlas Solaris SRL and World Real Estate SRL signed an amendment agreement with Erste Bank. This agreement created a cross collateralisation arrangement between these 4 companies with respect to the loans provided by Erste Bank. In return for this cross collateralisation the bank agreed to waive any claims for any breaches of covenants which were in existence. A new covenant of interest service coverage has been included, with a priority of payments list, reduced margins on each loan and extension of maturity dates for the two Romanian land loans to 31 December 2012. A new LTV covenant comes into effect from 1 January 2013.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 24. Bank loans (continued)

The Polish subsidiary Zielono Sp. z o.o. had a land loan due to expire on 31 December 2009 of €3.2 million. Investkredit Bank AG has agreed to extend the facility to 30 June 2010. Financial covenants under the revised loan agreement remain unchanged, but under the new terms approximately six months prepayment of interest is required. Management are in negotiation with a second bank to provide a construction loan.

The Polish subsidiary Atlas Estates (Cybernetyki) Sp. z o.o. had a land loan due to expire on 31 January 2010 of €3.4 million. Bank BPH S.A. has agreed to extend the facility to 30 June 2010. Financial covenants under the revised loan agreement remain unchanged, but under the new terms approximately five months prepayment of interest is required. Management are in negotiation with a second bank to provide a construction loan.

The Polish subsidiary Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o. is still in negotiation concerning terms for the extension of its €9.0 million facility. In the current discussions and negotiations Raiffeisen Bank Polska S.A. has offered to extend the loan to 30 September 2011.

The Hungarian subsidiary Atlas and Shasha Zrt is in negotiation concerning terms for the extension of its €6 million facility. In the current discussions and negotiations Volksbank has offered to extend the loan for one year.

The fair value of the fixed and floating rate borrowings approximated their carrying values at the balance sheet date, as the impact of marking to market and discounting is not significant. The fair values are based on cash flows discounted using rates based on equivalent fixed and floating rates as at the end of the year.

The table below presents information and terms of the loans as at 31 December 2009:

| <b>Lender</b>                                             | <b>Total<br/>Available<br/>Amount<br/>€'000</b> | <b>Total<br/>Amount<br/>Due<br/>€'000</b> | <b>Expiration<br/>Dates</b>   | <b>Collateral</b>                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Raiffeisen Bank Polska S.A.                               | 39,249                                          | 39,249                                    | February 2009 – June 2010     | Mortgage over the asset together with assignment or pledge of the associated receivables, bank balances, shares and insurance rights |
| Investkredit Bank AG                                      | 88,877                                          | 85,549                                    | June 2010 – September 2017    | Mortgage over the asset together with assignment or pledge of the associated receivables, bank balances, shares and insurance rights |
| Erste Bank                                                | 90,993                                          | 90,993                                    | December 2012 – December 2021 | Mortgage over the asset together with assignment or pledge of the associated receivables, bank balances and / or shares              |
| ING Bank                                                  | 6,797                                           | 6,797                                     | August 2022                   | Mortgage over the asset together with assignment or pledge of the associated receivables, bank balances, shares and insurance rights |
| Bank BPH SA                                               | 1,686                                           | 1,686                                     | June 2010                     | Mortgage over the asset together with assignment or pledge of the associated bank balances and insurance rights                      |
| MKB Bank                                                  | 14,928                                          | 14,928                                    | March 2017                    | Mortgage over the asset together with assignment or pledge of the associated receivables and shares                                  |
| Volksbank                                                 | 2,989                                           | 2,989                                     | February 2010                 | Mortgage over the asset together with a pledge on the associated shares                                                              |
| Alpha Bank Romania SA                                     | 3,591                                           | 3,591                                     | August 2016                   | Mortgage over the asset together with assignment or pledge of the associated bank balances and insurance rights                      |
| FHB Kereskedelmi Bank Zártkörűen Működő Részvénytársaság. | 3,100                                           | 3,100                                     | December 2017                 | Mortgage over the asset together with assignment or pledge of the associated receivables and shares                                  |
| <b>Total</b>                                              | <b>252,210</b>                                  | <b>248,882</b>                            |                               |                                                                                                                                      |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 24. Bank loans (continued)

The Total Amount Due in the table above differs from the total bank loans and overdrafts included in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2009 due to the treatment under IFRS of direct issue costs.

The effective interest rates as at the balance sheet date were:

|            |             | <b>Euro</b>        | <b>Zloty</b>        |
|------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Bank loans | <b>2009</b> | <b>1.93%-6.19%</b> | <b>4.93%-13.74%</b> |
| Bank loans | <b>2008</b> | <b>4.44%-8.34%</b> | <b>8.09%-8.34%</b>  |

Bank loans are denominated in a number of currencies and bear interest based on a variety of interest rates. An analysis of the Group's borrowings by currency:

|                                                         | <b>Euro<br/>€'000</b> | <b>Zloty<br/>€'000</b> | <b>Other<br/>€'000</b> | <b>Total<br/>€'000</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Bank loans and overdrafts –<br/>31 December 2009</b> | <b>203,042</b>        | <b>56,933</b>          | <b>15</b>              | <b>259,990</b>         |
| Bank loans and overdrafts –<br>31 December 2008         | 203,440               | 44,219                 | 26                     | 247,685                |

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

|                          |                                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Floating rate:           | <b>Euro<br/>2009<br/>€'000</b> |
| Expiring beyond one year | -                              |

At the balance sheet date collateral was established for the following financial assets to guarantee repayment of bank liabilities:

|                                                                                                                                          | <b>2009<br/>€'000</b> | <b>2008<br/>€'000</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Trade receivables                                                                                                                        | 2,831                 | 4,774                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                                                                                | 4,532                 | 7,227                 |
| <b>Total carrying amount of financial assets for which<br/>collateral was established to guarantee repayment of<br/>bank liabilities</b> | <b>7,363</b>          | <b>12,001</b>         |

### 25. Derivative financial liabilities

|                                                            | <b>2009<br/>€'000</b> | <b>2008<br/>€'000</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| <i>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:</i>  |                       |                       |
| - Interest rate swaps                                      | (1,625)               | (1,883)               |
| Total financial instruments classified as held for trading | (1,625)               | (1,883)               |
| <i>Less non-current portion:</i>                           |                       |                       |
| - Interest rate swaps                                      | 1,257                 | 1,427                 |
| <b>Current portion</b>                                     | <b>(368)</b>          | <b>(456)</b>          |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 25. Derivative financial liabilities (continued)

The fair value of a derivative financial instrument is split between current and non-current depending on the remaining maturity of the derivative contract and its contractual cash flows. The fair value of the Group's interest rate derivatives is based on broker quotes. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date is the fair value of the derivative assets in the balance sheet.

An analysis of derivative financial instruments' maturity is as follows:

|                                                                   | 2009<br>€'000  | 2008<br>€'000  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Up to 3 months                                                    | (92)           | (114)          |
| 3 to 6 months                                                     | (92)           | (114)          |
| 6 to 12 months                                                    | (184)          | (228)          |
| Later than one year and not later than 5 years                    | (1,257)        | (1,427)        |
| <b>Total financial instruments classified as held for trading</b> | <b>(1,625)</b> | <b>(1,883)</b> |

### 26. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using tax rates applicable to each individual territory.

The movement on the deferred tax account is as shown below:

|                                                                                      | 2009<br>€'000   | 2008<br>€'000   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| At beginning of the year                                                             | (23,763)        | (25,431)        |
| Acquisitions through business combinations                                           | -               | (124)           |
| Disposals through business combinations                                              | 260             | -               |
| Credited to income statement                                                         | 8,608           | 1,900           |
| Credited/ (charged) to equity                                                        | 2,208           | (2,612)         |
| Exchange differences                                                                 | 553             | 2,504           |
|                                                                                      | <b>(12,134)</b> | <b>(23,763)</b> |
| Less deferred tax classified as held for sale and shown in current assets (note 20 ) | 635             | -               |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                                                           | <b>(11,499)</b> | <b>(23,763)</b> |

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are shown below.

| Deferred tax liabilities – non-current                                  | Accelerated tax depreciation and other<br>€'000 | Revaluation and fair value adjustments on acquisition<br>€'000 | Total<br>€'000  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 January 2008                                                       | (2,210)                                         | (26,505)                                                       | (28,715)        |
| Acquisitions through business combinations                              | (11)                                            | (167)                                                          | (178)           |
| Profit and loss credit                                                  | 148                                             | 474                                                            | 622             |
| Charged to equity                                                       | (1,423)                                         | (2,146)                                                        | (3,569)         |
| Exchange differences                                                    | (85)                                            | 2,804                                                          | 2,719           |
| <b>At 31 December 2008</b>                                              | <b>(3,581)</b>                                  | <b>(25,540)</b>                                                | <b>(29,121)</b> |
| Disposals through business combinations                                 | -                                               | 303                                                            | 303             |
| Profit and loss (charge)/ credit                                        | (561)                                           | 6,377                                                          | 5,816           |
| (Charged)/ credited to equity                                           | (5)                                             | 2,213                                                          | 2,208           |
| Exchange differences                                                    | (46)                                            | 330                                                            | 284             |
|                                                                         | <b>(4,193)</b>                                  | <b>(16,317)</b>                                                | <b>(20,510)</b> |
| Less classified as held for sale and shown in current assets (note 20 ) | 916                                             | (138)                                                          | 778             |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                                              | <b>(3,277)</b>                                  | <b>(16,455)</b>                                                | <b>(19,732)</b> |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 26. Deferred tax (continued)

| Deferred tax assets – non-current                                      | Tax losses   | Other        | Total        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                                                        | €'000        | €'000        | €'000        |
| At 1 January 2008                                                      | 1,901        | 1,383        | 3,284        |
| Acquisitions through business combinations                             | 8            | 46           | 54           |
| (Charged)/ credited to the income statement                            | (50)         | 1,328        | 1,278        |
| Credited to equity                                                     | -            | 957          | 957          |
| Exchange movements                                                     | (55)         | (160)        | (215)        |
| <b>At 31 December 2008</b>                                             | <b>1,804</b> | <b>3,554</b> | <b>5,358</b> |
| Disposals through business combinations                                | (42)         | -            | (42)         |
| Credited/ (charged) to the income statement                            | 2,974        | (181)        | 2,793        |
| Exchange differences                                                   | 241          | 26           | 267          |
|                                                                        | <b>4,977</b> | <b>3,399</b> | <b>8,376</b> |
| Less classified as held for sale and shown in current assets (note 20) | (143)        | -            | (143)        |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                                             | <b>4,834</b> | <b>3,399</b> | <b>8,233</b> |

The deferred income tax credited / (charged) to equity during the year is as follows:

|                                             | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000  |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Fair value reserves in shareholders' equity |               |                |
| Revaluation of land and buildings           | 2,213         | (3,621)        |
| Exchange movements offset in reserves       | (5)           | 1,009          |
|                                             | <b>2,208</b>  | <b>(2,612)</b> |

No deferred tax is recognised on the unremitted earnings of overseas subsidiaries and joint ventures due to the parent company's tax status.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority on either the same taxable Group company; or different Group entities which intend either to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be settled or recovered.

### 27. Share capital account

|                                                  | Number of<br>shares | Ordinary shares -<br>share capital account<br>€'000 | Total<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Authorised</b>                                |                     |                                                     |                |
| Ordinary shares of €0.01 each                    | 100,000,000         | 1,000                                               | 1,000          |
| <b>Issued and fully paid</b>                     |                     |                                                     |                |
| At 1 January 2008                                | 44,978,081          | 484                                                 | 484            |
| Issued as part settlement of the performance fee | 1,430,954           | 4,537                                               | 4,537          |
| Issued under the Scrip Dividend Offer            | 442,979             | 1,247                                               | 1,247          |
| <b>As at 31 December 2008 and 2009</b>           | <b>46,852,014</b>   | <b>6,268</b>                                        | <b>6,268</b>   |

During 2007, 3,470,000 ordinary shares of €0.01 each with an aggregate nominal value of €34,700 were purchased and are held in Treasury. Distributable reserves were reduced by €16,023,000, being the consideration paid for these shares.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 27. Share capital account (continued)

On 11 July 2008 the Company issued 1,430,954 new ordinary shares to AMC as part settlement of the performance fee earned by AMC under the Property Management Agreement ("PMA") for the financial year ending 31 December 2007. €4,537,442 (or £3,629,953 at the agreed exchange rate of £1 equalling €1.25) was settled by the issue to AMC of 1,430,954 new ordinary shares issued as follows:

- 699,141 new ordinary shares issued at £2.6842 per ordinary share (being the price per ordinary share calculated by the formula set out in the PMA using data derived from the London Stock Exchange Daily Official List) in settlement of one third of the 2007 performance fee as Atlas is entitled to do under the terms of the PMA; and
- 731,813 new ordinary shares issued at £2.3958 per ordinary share (being the price per ordinary share calculated as the average closing price of the ordinary shares for the 45 days prior to (but not including) the date (being 15 May 2008) of the results for the first quarter of 2008).

This had been approved at the AGM held on 24 June 2008.

On 28 July 2008 the Company announced that it had issued 442,979 new ordinary shares under the Scrip Dividend Offer, which had been approved at the AGM held on 24 June 2008.

### 28. Share based payment

On 23 February 2006 the Company executed and adopted a Warrant Instrument and thereby constituted up to 5,114,153 Warrants that were issued on 24 February 2006 conditional upon the Company's admission to AIM on 1 March 2006. This was increased by 373,965 on 20 March 2006 upon the exercise of the Greenshoe provisions of the placing agreement. The Warrants are exercisable during the period commencing on Admission to AIM and expiring on the earlier of: (i) seven years from Admission; or, (ii) upon an offeror becoming entitled to acquire the entire issued share capital of the Company. Each of the Warrant Recipients has agreed to certain restrictions on his/its ability to exercise or transfer the Warrants held by him/it.

The exercise price of each of the Warrants is £3.41 (£3.85 as at 31 December 2009). The exercise price and number of ordinary shares relating to such Warrants will be subject to adjustment in respect of dilution events, including the payment by the Company of cash or special dividends, any amalgamation, reorganisation, reclassification, consolidation, merger or sale of all or substantially all of the Group's assets and other dilutive events. The Warrants are freely transferable.

Warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value per warrant granted and the assumptions used in the calculation are as follows:

| Grant date                                       | 24 February 2006 | 20 March 2006 |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Share price at grant date                        | £3.41            | £3.41         |
| Exercise price                                   | £3.41            | £3.41         |
| Number of recipients                             | 7                | 6             |
| Warrants issued                                  | 5,114,153        | 373,965       |
| Vesting period                                   | 1 - 4 years      | 1 - 4 years   |
| Expected volatility                              | 15%              | 15%           |
| Option life                                      | 7 years          | 7 years       |
| Expected life                                    | 7 years          | 7 years       |
| Risk free rate                                   | 4.3%             | 4.3%          |
| Expected dividends expressed as a dividend yield | 8.29%            | 8.29%         |
| Possibility of ceasing employment before vesting | Nil              | Nil           |
| Fair value per warrant option                    | 18 eurocents     | 18 eurocents  |

The expected volatility is based on a sample of peer group companies as at the date of grant and has been supported by volatility to date. The expected life is the average expected period to exercise. The risk free rate of return is the projected forward sterling rate as at the date of grant.

The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the warrants is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the warrants granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 28. Share based payment (continued)

assumptions about the number of warrants that are expected to vest. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the warrants are exercised.

In 2009, the fair value of the benefit of the total warrants in issue of €29,000 (2008: €91,000) has been charged to the income statement.

### 29. Other reserves

The Other Reserves column included in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity includes the Group's Revaluation Reserve, Other Distributable Reserve and Translation Reserve. The Revaluation Reserve includes amounts relating to revaluation of buildings and the related deferred tax. The Other Distributable Reserve includes amounts relating to cancellation of share premium, shares bought back and cancelled or held in Treasury, and dividends paid. The Translation Reserve includes exchange adjustments and the related deferred tax. The Group's Revaluation Reserve and Translation Reserve represent unrealised gains and losses and therefore are not distributable.

|                                                | Revaluation<br>reserve | Other<br>distributable<br>reserve | Translation<br>reserve | Total          |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
|                                                | €'000                  | €'000                             | €'000                  | €'000          |
| At 1 January 2008                              | 8,144                  | 202,320                           | 14,060                 | <b>224,524</b> |
| Revaluation – gross (note 15)                  | 11,052                 | -                                 | -                      | 11,052         |
| Revaluation – tax (note 26)                    | (3,621)                | -                                 | -                      | (3,621)        |
| Dividend paid (note 9)                         | -                      | (7,503)                           | -                      | (7,503)        |
| Exchange differences – gross                   | -                      | -                                 | (17,929)               | (17,929)       |
| Exchange differences – tax<br>(note 26)        | -                      | -                                 | 1,009                  | 1,009          |
| Realisation of exchange<br>differences - gross | -                      | -                                 | (2,148)                | (2,148)        |
| Realisation of exchange<br>differences - tax   | -                      | -                                 | 326                    | 326            |
| <b>At 31 December 2008</b>                     | <b>15,575</b>          | <b>194,817</b>                    | <b>(4,682)</b>         | <b>205,710</b> |
| Revaluation – gross (note 15)                  | (10,852)               | -                                 | -                      | (10,852)       |
| Revaluation – tax (note 26)                    | 2,213                  | -                                 | -                      | 2,213          |
| Exchange differences – gross                   | -                      | -                                 | (2,108)                | (2,108)        |
| Exchange differences – tax<br>(note 26)        | -                      | -                                 | (5)                    | (5)            |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                     | <b>6,936</b>           | <b>194,817</b>                    | <b>(6,795)</b>         | <b>194,958</b> |

The amount standing to the credit of the revaluation reserve, in respect of land and buildings, is not a realised gain and is therefore not a distributable reserve. Upon the sale of the underlying assets the amount standing to the credit of the reserve with regard to the asset disposed of will be crystallised within retained earnings.

### 30. Minority interest

|                                            | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| At beginning of the year                   | 1,273         | 739           |
| Acquisitions through business combinations | -             | 537           |
| Share of net loss of subsidiaries          | (541)         | (3)           |
|                                            | <b>732</b>    | <b>1,273</b>  |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 31. Acquisition and disposals of subsidiary undertakings and investments in joint ventures

#### 31.1 Acquisitions and investments during the year ended 31 December 2009

On each of 15 January 2009 and 9 February 2009, the Group acquired an additional 5% of the share capital of its Kokoszki subsidiary, Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o., for a total cash consideration of PLN 300,000 (€68,000). At 31 December 2009, the Group's holding in Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o. was 100%. These transactions have been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting.

|                                     | Book<br>value<br>€'000 | Fair value<br>adjustments<br>€'000 | Fair<br>value<br>€'000 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Share of net assets acquired</b> |                        |                                    |                        |
| Investment property                 | 1,428                  | -                                  | 1,498                  |
| Trade and other receivables         | 1                      | -                                  | 1                      |
| Cash                                | 5                      | -                                  | 5                      |
| Trade and other payables            | (656)                  | -                                  | (656)                  |
| Deferred tax liabilities            | 23                     | -                                  | 23                     |
| Bank loans                          | (803)                  | -                                  | (803)                  |
|                                     | 68                     | -                                  | 68                     |
| Goodwill                            |                        |                                    | -                      |
| Total consideration                 |                        |                                    | 68                     |
| Satisfied by:                       |                        |                                    |                        |
| Equity                              |                        |                                    | -                      |
| Cash                                |                        |                                    | 68                     |
|                                     |                        |                                    | 68                     |

The increased holding is treated as if it was held by the group throughout the entire period.

#### 31.2 Disposals of subsidiary undertakings and interests in joint ventures during the year ended 31 December 2009

In November 2009 the Group sold assets relating to its interest in the Eastfield Group, Slovakia. The Directors do not consider this to be a discontinued operation and accordingly no specific disclosures are made in the financial statements. The loss on disposal of these operations was determined as follows:

|                                           | 2009<br>€ '000 |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Consideration received:</b>            |                |
| Cash                                      | 853            |
| Cash disposed of                          | (61)           |
| Net assets disposed of (other than cash): |                |
| PPE                                       | 42             |
| Investment property                       | 2,725          |
| Trade and other receivables               | 572            |
| Trade and other payables                  | (961)          |
|                                           | (2,378)        |
| Pre- tax loss on disposal                 | (1,586)        |
| Related tax credit                        | 317            |
| Post tax loss                             | (1,269)        |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 31. Acquisition and disposals of subsidiary undertakings and investments in joint ventures (continued)

#### 31.3 Acquisitions and investments during the year ended 31 December 2008

On 1 August 2008, the Group acquired an additional 20% of the share capital of its Kokoszki joint venture, Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o. (formerly Atlas Estates CF Plus 1 Sp. z o.o.), for a cash consideration of PLN 600,000 (€186,509). On each of 3 September 2008, 2 October 2008, 6 November 2008 and 10 December 2008 the Group acquired a further 5% holding for a total cash consideration of PLN 600,000 (€163,889). At 31 December 2008, the Group's holding in Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o. was 90%. These transactions have been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting.

|                             | Book<br>value<br>€'000 | Fair value<br>adjustments<br>€'000 | Fair<br>value<br>€'000 |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Net assets acquired</b>  |                        |                                    |                        |
| Investment property         | 7,179                  | -                                  | 7,179                  |
| Trade and other receivables | 927                    | -                                  | 927                    |
| Cash                        | 38                     | -                                  | 38                     |
| Trade and other payables    | (2,821)                | -                                  | (2,821)                |
| Deferred tax liabilities    | (44)                   | -                                  | (44)                   |
| Bank loans                  | (5,109)                | -                                  | (5,109)                |
|                             |                        |                                    | 170                    |
| Goodwill                    |                        |                                    | 180                    |
| Total consideration         |                        |                                    | 350                    |
| Satisfied by:               |                        |                                    |                        |
| Equity                      |                        |                                    | -                      |
| Cash                        |                        |                                    | 350                    |
|                             |                        |                                    | 350                    |

The increased holding contributed loss after tax of €0.7 million from revenue of €213 to the Group results for the year. If the increased holding had been part of the Group for the entire year, it would have contributed loss of €0.9 million from additional revenue of €981.

#### 31.4 Adjustments to prior year acquisitions during the year ended 31 December 2008

- On 31 December 2008, the Group increased the fair value of the consideration paid in relation to the purchase of Városliget Center Kft by €289,000 to account for contingent consideration that was paid during the year. The Group carried out an impairment test on the resulting goodwill and considered that it was impaired with reference to fair value less cost to sell of the related cash generating unit, and transferred the goodwill to the income statement.
- On 31 December 2008, the Group decreased the fair value of the consideration paid in relation to the purchase of Megarom Line SRL by €687,000 to account for contingent consideration that became no longer payable during the year. The Group transferred the resulting negative goodwill to the income statement.

### 32. Related party transactions

- The RP Explorer Master Fund and RP Partners Fund are funds that are managed by RP Capital Group. The RP Capital Group is also the holder of 51% of the share capital of AMC. As a result of a qualifying shareholding of 5,560,576 shares in the Company, RP Capital Group was the holder of 11.87% of the share capital of Atlas Estates Limited at 12 March 2010.
- RI Limited and RI Holdings Limited together are the holders of 49% of the share capital of AMC. These entities have the same beneficial owner as Atlas International Holdings Limited, who has a qualifying shareholding of 6,461,425 shares in the Company or 13.79% of the share capital of Atlas Estates Limited at 12 March 2010.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 32. Related party transactions (continued)

#### (c) Key management compensation

|                                  | 2009<br>€'000 | 2008<br>€'000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Fees for non-executive directors | 187           | 282           |

The Company has appointed AMC to manage its property portfolio. At 31 December 2009 AMC was owned by the RP Capital Group and RI Limited and RI Holdings Limited. In consideration of the services provided, AMC received a management fee of €4.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: €5.7 million). Under the agreement, AMC are entitled to a performance fee based on the increase in value of the properties over the 12 month period to 31 December 2009. No performance fee is due for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: €nil).

AMC also received €0.04 million (2008: €0.1 million) in relation to lease agreements for office space in Poland and Hungary. As of 31 December 2009, €2.2 million included in current trade and other payables was due to AMC (2008: €1.8 million).

- (d) Under the loan agreement of 18 May 2007, EdR Real Estate (Eastern Europe) Finance S.a.r.l, which is also a shareholder in Atlas Estates (Cybernetyki) Sp. z o.o., has extended a loan facility of €3,954,050 to Atlas Estates (Cybernetyki) Sp. z o.o. for the purpose of covering ongoing investment and business expenses. The loan facility is to be repaid by 31 December 2020 and bears interest at a variable rate equal to the sum of EURIBOR and the lender's margin. In 2009 the lender charged €81,398 as interest (2008: €124,293). As of 31 December 2009 Atlas Estates (Cybernetyki) Sp. z o.o. has drawn the loan facility plus associated interest in the amount of €2,539,050 (31 December 2008: €2,214,841).
- (e) Under the loan agreement of 1 August 2005 and annex dated 10 August 2005, Dellwood Company Limited, which is also a shareholder in Zielono Sp. z o.o., has extended a loan facility of PLN 2,850,000 (€637,641) to Zielono Sp. z o.o. for the purpose of covering ongoing investment and business expenses. The loan facility is to be repaid within 60 days from the receipt of a demand of payment and bears interest at a variable rate equal to the sum of WIBOR and the lender's margin. In 2009 the lender charged PLN 98,245 (€22,704) as interest (2008: PLN 118,730 (€33,763)). As of 31 December 2009 Zielono Sp z o.o. has drawn the loan facility plus associated interest in the amount of PLN 1,421,323 (€345,972) (31 December 2008: PLN 1,706,088 (€408,898)).
- (f) Shasha Transport Ltd, which are also shareholders in Atlas and Shasha Zrt (previously: Atlas Estates Kaduri Shasha Zrt), have extended loan facilities to Atlas and Shasha Zrt for the purpose of covering ongoing investment and business expenses. The loan facility has no repayment date and bears interest at a variable rate equal to the sum of EURIBOR and the lender's margin. In 2009 the lender charged €58,176 as interest (2008: €11,192). As of 31 December 2009 Atlas and Shasha Zrt has drawn the loan facilities plus associated interest in the amount of €1,804,498 (31 December 2008: €1,700,271).
- (g) Under the loan agreement of 29 September 2005, Kendalside Limited, which is also a shareholder in Circle Slovakia s.r.o., has extended a loan facility of €6,042,106 to Circle Slovakia for the acquisition of a property. This facility was extended by €3,000,000 on 1 December 2008. The loan facility is to be repaid by 31 August 2013, and bears interest at a variable rate equal to the sum of EURIBOR and the lender's margin. In 2009 the lender charged €265,562 as interest (2008: €405,958). As of 31 December 2009 Circle Slovakia has drawn the loan facility plus associated interest amount of €11,520,208 (31 December 2008: €8,024,183). This loan is included within assets held for sale as shown in note 20.

### 33. Post balance sheet events

#### 33.1 Financing

Details of bank financing post balance sheet events have been included in note 24 .

### 34. Significant Agreements

No new significant agreements have been entered into.

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 35. Other items

#### 35.1 Information about court proceedings

As of 12 March 2010, the Company was not aware of any proceedings instigated before a court, a competent arbitration body or a public administration authority concerning liabilities or receivables of the Company, or its subsidiaries, whose joint value constitutes at least 10% the Company's equity capital.

#### 35.2 Financial forecasts

No financial forecasts have been published by the Company in relation to the year ended 31 December 2009.

### 36. Principal subsidiary companies and joint ventures

The table below lists the current operating companies of the Group. In addition, the Group owns other entities which have no operating activities. All Group companies are consolidated.

No new subsidiary undertakings were acquired and no investments were made in any additional joint ventures during the period ended 31 December 2009. Three new entities were established, one in Hungary, one in the Netherlands Antilles and one in Slovakia (the Slovakian assets were subsequently disposed on 2 November 2009). On 26 January 2009 the merger of Atlas Estates (Totleben) EOOD and Immobul EOOD, the Group's two Bulgarian subsidiaries, was successfully completed; the resulting entity is Immobul EOOD. On each of 15 January 2009 and 9 February 2009, the Group acquired an additional 5% of the share capital of its subsidiary, Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o., for a total cash consideration of PLN 300,000 (€0.068 million). At 31 December 2009, the Group's holding in Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o. was 100%. The percentage holdings are consistent across all periods presented except for Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o., which was 100% at 31 December 2009 and 90% at 31 December 2008.

| Country of incorporation | Name of subsidiary/joint venture entity    | Status          | Percentage of nominal value of issued shares and voting rights held by the Company |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Holland                  | Atlas Estates Cooperatief U.A.             | Holding         | 100%                                                                               |
| Holland                  | Atlas Estates Investment B.V.              | Holding         | 100%                                                                               |
| Holland                  | Trilby B.V.                                | Holding         | 100%                                                                               |
| Guernsey                 | Atlas Finance (Guernsey) Limited           | Holding         | 100%                                                                               |
| Netherlands Antilles     | Atlas Estates Antilles B.V.                | Holding         | 100%                                                                               |
| Cyprus                   | Darenisto Limited                          | Holding         | 100%                                                                               |
| Cyprus                   | Kalipi Holdings Limited                    | Holding         | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | Atlas Estates (Poland) Sp. z o.o.          | Management      | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | Platinum Towers Sp. z o.o.                 | Development     | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | Zielono Sp. z o.o.                         | Development     | 76%                                                                                |
| Poland                   | Properpol Sp. z o.o.                       | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | Atlas Estates (Millennium ) Sp. z o.o.     | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | Atlas Estates (Sadowa) Sp. z o.o.          | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | Capital Art Apartments Sp. z o.o.          | Development     | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | Grzybowska Centrum Atlas Re Projects BV SK | Holding         | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | HGC S.A.                                   | Hotel operation | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | HPO Sp. z o.o.                             | Development     | 100%                                                                               |
| Poland                   | Atlas Estates (Cybernetyki) Sp. z o.o.     | Development     | 50%                                                                                |
| Poland                   | Atlas Estates (Kokoszki) Sp. z o.o.        | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Hungary                  | CI-2005 Investment Kft.                    | Development     | 100%                                                                               |
| Hungary                  | Cap East Kft.                              | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |

# ATLAS ESTATES LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 36. Principal subsidiary companies and joint ventures - continued

| Country of incorporation | Name of subsidiary/joint venture entity | Status          | Percentage of nominal value of issued shares and voting rights held by the Company |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hungary                  | Felikon Kft.                            | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Hungary                  | Ligetváros Kft                          | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Hungary                  | Városliget Center Kft                   | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Hungary                  | Atlas Estates (Moszkva) Kft.            | investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Hungary                  | Atlas and Shasha Zrt                    | Development     | 50%                                                                                |
| Romania                  | World Real Estate SRL                   | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Romania                  | Atlas Solaris SRL                       | Development     | 100%                                                                               |
| Romania                  | DNB Victoria Towers SRL                 | Hotel operation | 100%                                                                               |
| Bulgaria                 | Immobul EOOD                            | Investment      | 100%                                                                               |
| Slovakia                 | Circle Slovakia s.r.o                   | Development     | 50%                                                                                |